JSC ''TOSMARES KUĢUBŪVĒTAVA''

Financial statements on 12 months of 2015 (non audited)

Liepājā 2016

CONTENTS

General Information	3
Statement of the Management's Responsibility	4
Statement of the Board of Directors	5
Income statement	6
Balance Sheet	7-8
Cash flow statement	9
Statement of changes in equity	10
Notes to the financial statement	11-18

General Information

Name of the company	Tosmares kuģubūvētava
Legal status of the company	Joint stock company
Number, place and date of registration	Register of the companies No.210302283 Liepaja, January 03, 2000
	Commercial register No.42103022837 Liepaja, May 12, 2004
Address	Ģenerāļa Baloža iela 42/44 Liepaja, LV-3402 Latvia
Type of operations	NACE 3315: Construction and repair of technological equipment, ships, yachts, catamarans, containers, roltrailers; Port services
The Board	
Aleksandrs Vaļums Vladislavs Blūms Aleksandrs Murugovs	Chairman of the Board Member of the Board till October 15, 2015 Member of the Board
The Council	
Vasilijs Meļņiks Aleksandrs Čerņavskis Jānis Skvarnovičs Henrik Kasesalu Viktors Ivanovs	Chairman of the Council Deputy chairman of the Council Member of the Council Member of the Council Member of the Council till February 23, 2016
Financial period	January 1, 2015 - December 31, 2015
Auditor's name and address	Natalija Zaiceva Certified auditor (LZRA Certificate. No. 138) "Orients Audit &Finance" Ltd LZRA Licence No. 28 Gunara Astras iela 8B Riga, LV-1082 Latvia

Statement of the Management's Responsibility

The Management is responsible for the preparation of the financial statements in accordance with the Laws of the Latvian Republic On Accounting and On the Annual Reports. The financial statements give a true and fair view of the financial position of the Company at the end of the reporting period, and the results of its operations and cash flow for the period then ended.

The Management certifies that proper accounting methods were applied to preparation of these financial statements on page 6 to page 18 and decisions and assessments were made with proper discretion and prudence. The accounting policies applied have been consistent with the previous period. The Management confirms that the financial statements have been prepared on going concern basis.

The Management is responsible for accounting records and for safeguarding the Company's assets and preventing and detecting of fraud and other irregularities in the Company. It is also responsible for operating in the Company in compliance with the normative acts of the Republic of Latvia.

Chairman of the Board

A.Vaļums

Member of the Board

February 29, 2016

A.Murugovs

Statement of the Board of Directors

In 2015 JSC "Tosmares kuģub $\bar{u}v\bar{e}tava$ " performed the repair of 44 vessels (in comparison with 2014 – the repair of 38 vessels) and were built 3 steel hulls of catamarans (in comparison with 2014 – 4 steel hulls of catamarans).

In 2015 a total net turnover of JSC "Tosmares kuģubūvētava" was EUR 6 133 571, of which the turnover from ship building was EUR 479 686 and ship repair EUR 5 653 885 (in comparison in 2014 a total net turnover was EUR 4 879 870, including ship building EUR 918 050 and ship repair EUR 3 789 158).

JSC "Tosmares kuģubūvētava" has finished the report period with gross profit in the amount of EUR 989 203 (in 2014 gross losses were EUR 16 475), whereas a net profit in 2015 was in the amount of EUR 187 722 (respectively in 2014 there were a net losses in the amount of EUR 362 204).

The achieved results are based on the active marketing work to attract new customers, rational use of manpower and material resources, increase of labour productivity, as well as an active and closer cooperation with customers in implementing the obligations entered into.

The Board of Directors of the Company considering the existing market situation and the resources of the Company continues to increase the effectiveness of activities of the Company, moving to new sectors of production and the market, which should ensure increase of volume of repairable and new building vessels. Also have been restored fixed assets of the Company to increase labour productivity, new working methods are acquired and improved working conditions of the Company's employees.

The Board of Directors of the Company has improved cooperation models with customers in order to make better a financial discipline and prevent the accumulation of debt, which would allow optimizing the cash flow of the Company.

The productions processes of the JSC "Tosmares kuģubūvētava" are carried out in accordance with international standards EN ISO 9001:2008, and according to the standard EN 1090 are ensured the constant quality monitoring, as well as its activities comply with the other existing shipbuilding and repair standards.

The Board of Directors of the Company conducts preliminary works to implement the standard ISO 9001:2015 in 2016, which will enable us to improve the quality system and rational use of natural and material resources

In 2016 the Board of Directors of the Company will continue to improve and develop the initiated economic activities, paying particular attention to environmental preservation measures, by investing in the Company's production facilities, which will contribute to the competitiveness of the Company and promote the development of economic activities.

JSC "Tosmares kuģubūvētava" proposes the net profit of 2015 in the amount of EUR 187 722 to direct for further development of the Company.

In the period between the last day of the reporting period and the date of signing the financial report there were no any events detected, as a result of which this financial report should be corrected or which should be explained.

Chairman of the Board

A.Vaļums

Member of the Board

A.Murugovs

PROFIT OR LOSS STATEMENT

for 12 months period of 2015 and 2014

		12 months 2015	12 months 2014
	Notes	EUR	EUR
Net sales	(1)	6 133 571	4 879 870
Cost of sales	(2)	(5 088 174)	(4 896 345)
Gross profit or losses		1 045 397	(16 475)
Distribution expenses	(3)	(8 599)	(3 052)
Administrative expenses	(4)	(371 272)	(261 447)
Other operating income	(5)	236 045	160 969
Other operating expenses	(6)	(475 655)	(112 465)
Interest payments and similar costs	(7)	(121 720)	(109 747)
Profit or losses before taxes		304 196	(342 217)
Corporate income tax	(8)	(78 722)	17 765
Other taxes	(8)	(37 752)	(37 752)
Net profit or losses		187 722	(362 204)
Profit (loss) per share		0,059	(0,113)

Appendixes on pages 11 to 18 are an integral part of this financial report.

Chairman of the Board

A.Vaļums

Member of the Board

February 29, 2016

A.Murugovs

BALANCE SHEET on December 31, 2015 and December 31, 2014

on December 51, 2015 and December 51, 2014		31.12.2015	31.12.2014.
	Notes	EUR	EUR
ASSETS			
Non-current assets			
Intangible assets			
Other intangible assets	(9)	275	494
Total intangible assets		275	494
Fixed assets			
Land and buildings	(9)	2 436 095	2 557 332
Equipment and machinery	(9)	3 622 823	3 582 578
Other fixed assets	(9)	18 603	26 364
Fixed assets under construction	(9)	111 291	16 163
Total fixed assets		6 188 812	6 182 437
Total non-current assets		6 189 087	6 182 931
Current assets			
Inventories			
Raw materials and consumables	(10)	598 181	687 531
Finished goods and work in progress	(11)	1 409 853	1 409 853
Advances paid for materials		29 057	9
Total inventories		2 037 091	2 097 393
Account receivables			
Trade receivables	(12)	827 193	1 273 128
Other receivables	(13)	113 242	100 868
Related company's debt	(14)	472 203	70 214
Expenses of future periods	(15)	496	21 167
Accrued income	(16)	244 245	365 127
Total receivables		1 657 380	1 830 504
Cash and bank	(17)	194 535	178 138
Total current assets:		3 889 006	4 106 034
		10 078 093	10 288 965

Appendixes on pages 11 to 18 are an integral part of this financial report.

BALANCE SHEET on December 31, 2015 and December 31, 2014

on December 31, 2015 and December 31, 2014		2015.12.31	31.12.2014.	
	Notes	2015.12.51 EUR	51.12.2014. EUR	
EQUITY, PROVISIONS AND LIABILITIES	Holes	EUK	EUK	
Equity				
Share capital	(18)	4 484 756	4 484 756	
Non-current investments revaluation reserve	(19)	1 338 520	1 338 520	
Reserves:	(
other reserves	(20)	73 267	73 267	
Retained earnings:		126 424	(61 298)	
previous year's retained earnings (losses)		(61 298)	300 906	
current year's profit (losses)		187 722	(362 204)	
Total equity		6 022 967	5 835 245	
Provisions				
Other provision	(21)	59 940	52 927	
Total provisions		59 940	52 927	
Liabilities				
Non-current liabilities				
Other borrowings	(22)	1 500 000	1 566 000	
Leasing liabilities	(23)	506 977	507 425	
Deferred income tax liabilities	(24)	584 705	505 983	
			0	
Next period income	(25)	265 449	313 454	
Total non-current liabilities		2 857 131	2 892 862	0
Current liabilities				
Other borrowings	(26)	23 000	16 684	
Leasing liabilities	(27)	105 133	81 755	
Advances from customers	(28)	31 015	205 951	
Trade payables	(29)	745 175	962 923	
Payables to related companies	(30)		5 902	
Taxes and social insurance payments	(31)	115 168	124 004	
Other liabilities	#REF!	77 236	71 992	
Deferred income		41 322	35 154	
Dividends unpaid		6	6	
Accrued liabilities			3 560	
Total current liabilities:		1 138 055	1 507 931	
Total liabilities:		3 995 186	4 400 793	
Total equity, provisions and liabilities		10 078 093	10 288 965	

Appendixes on pages 11 to 18 are an integral part of this financial report.

Chairman of the Board

A.Vaļums

Member of the Board

A.Murugovs

CASH FLOW STATEMENT

for 12 months of 2015 and 2014 (according to direct method)

Tot 12 months of 2015 and 2014 (according to uncer method)	12 months of 2015 EUR	12 months of 2014 EUR
Cash flow from operating activities	EUK	LUK
Sales and service income	6 283 134	5 563 795
Cash to suppliers, personnel and others primary activity costs	(5 809 142)	(4 873 887)
Other		0
Gross cash flow generated from operating activities	473 992	689 908
Interest paid	(109 159)	0
Corporate income tax paid	(10 000)	(74 537)
Cash flow before extraordinary items	354 833	(54 500)
Net cash flow generated from operating activities	354 833	(54 500)
Cash flow from investment activity		
Acquisition of fixed and intangible assets	(138 762)	(91 578)
Proceeds from sales of fixed assets and intangible assets	0	4 299
Net cash flow generated from investing activities	(138 762)	(87 279)
Cash flow from financing activities		
Loans received		1 566 000
Expenses on repayment of loan	(66 000)	(1 855 966)
Leased assets redemption expenses	(133 674)	(71 670)
Net cash flow generated from financing activities	(199 674)	(361 636)
Net foreign exchange gains/losses		
Net increase / (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	16 397	11 956
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the financial year	178 138	66 182
Cash and Cash equivalents at the end of the financial year	194 535	78 138

Appendixes on pages 11 to 18 are an integral part of this financial report.

Chairman of the Board

A.Vaļums

Member of the Board

A.Murugovs

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY

for 12 months period of 2015 and 2014

	Share capital	Revaluation reserve of Non-current investments	Retained earnings	Other reserves	Total
	EUR	EUR	EUR	EUR	EUR
Balance as at 31.12.2013	4 558 023	1 338 520	300 906		6 197 449
Reserves drawn up in the result of the denomination	(73 267)			73 267	0
Profit or losses for the financial year			(362 204)		(362 204)
Balance as at 31.12.2014	4 484 756	1 338 520	(61 298)	73 267	5 835 245
Profit or losses for the financial year			187 722		187 722
Balance as at 31.12.2015	4 484 756	1 338 520	126 424	73 267	6 022 967

Appendixes on pages 11 to 18 are an integral part of this financial report.

Chairman of the Board

Member of the Board

February 29, 2016

A.Vaļums

A.Murugovs

NOTES

ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(1) General principles

Financial statements are prepared in accordance with the Laws of the Latvian Republic On Accounting and On the Annual reports and the Regulations of Cabinet of Ministers No.488 "Provisions of Law enforcement on Annual report " and No. 481 "Regulations on the cash flow statement and statement of changes in equity contents and order of preparation" As the best practice are applied the Latvian accounting standards.

The income statement is prepared in accordance with the turnover method.

The Cash flow statement has been prepared under the direct cash flow method.

The financial statements are prepared based on going concept and according to the historical cost accounting principle.

In comparison with the previous financial period, the accounting and evaluation methods used by the Company has not been changed.

In connection with the Latvian official currency exchange from 1 January 2014, the Company's functional and reporting currency is the euro, which replaced the national currency Latvian lats. Prior period financial information that has been presented in Latvian lats, have been converted into euro using the official currency exchange rate of LVL 0.702804 against EUR 1. Since the Latvian lats had previously been pegged to the euro with the same exchange rate, the functional and reporting currency change had no effect on Company's financial statement, financial results and cash flows. The accompanying financial statements have been drawn up in the Latvian national currency - the euro (EUR).

(2) Income recognition and net sales

Net sales contain the total value of goods and services sold during the year excluding discounts value added tax and costs related to sales.

In accordance to the Regulations of Cabinet of Ministers, revenue from ship repair work is recognized when the customer has accepted the executed repair work.

Other income are recognized as following:

- rent income in the moment of appearance;
- income from fines and penalties in the moment of its receipt;
- dividends at the moment when the legal rights on them arise.

(3) Long-term agreements

Agreement costs are recognized when incurred. When the outcome of an agreement cannot be estimated reliably, agreement revenue is recognized only to the extent of agreement costs incurred that are likely to be recoverable. When the outcome of an agreement can be estimated reliably and it is possible that the agreement will be profitable, agreement revenue is recognized over the period of the agreement. When it is probable that total costs will exceed total agreement revenue, the expected loss is recognized as an expense immediately.

The Company apply the percentage of completion method to determine the appropriate amount to recognize in a given period. The stage of completion is measured by reference to the agreement costs uncured up to balance sheet date as a percentage of total estimated costs for each agreement or carrying out surveys of work performed to date. Costs incurred in the year in connection with future activity on an agreement are excluded from agreement in determining the stage of completion. They are presented as inventories or other assets, depending on their nature.

(4) Intangible investments

Intangible assets are valued as per initial cost excluding accumulated amortization. Amortization is calculated on a straight-line method useful life and determined as 4 years.

(5) Fixed assets and low-grade material

Fixed assets are estimated according to their initial expense value or reestimated initial value, excluding accrued depreciation. Depreciation is calculated according to (linear) method, using the rates of fixed assets depreciation calculation, that are based on the evaluation of fixed assets useful service duration:

	Years	%	
Buildings	33,3	3	
Equipment and technical utilities	10	10	
Rolling stock, seacraft transport, power plant	14,3	7	
Furniture and office machines	10	10	
Computers and facilities	4	25	
Vehicles	5	20	
Instruments and inventory	10	10	

The depreciation of fixed assets is started to calculate with the first day of next month after its commissioning and is finished with the first day of next month after its exclusion from fixed assets.

Company capitalizes fixed assets whose value exceeds EUR 142,29 and the period of useful utilization exceeds 1 year. Reestimating the fixed assets, their value increase is reflected in non-current investment reestimation reserve. To incomes in profit or loss statement is applied to fixed assets liquidation.

Net gains or losses from disposal of fixed assets is calculated, as the difference between the carrying amount of the fixed asset, write-off of related assets revaluation reserve (if any) and proceeds from sale, and recognized in the income statements during the period when disposal are incurred.

Low-grade stock booked at the purchase prices and costs was 100% written off after commissioning.

(6) Non-current investments in leased fixes assets

Expenses of leased fixed assets overhaul are written off according to linear method rate in time of the period.

(7) Rent with ransom (financial leasing)

In cases when fixed assets that are obtained in lease with ransom (financial leasing)in relation to what all risks and liabilities pass over to the company, that is characteristic to ownership, is considered as company's actives at such value as they could be acquired for spot cash. Leasing interest payments and similar payments are included in profit or loss statement of the period when they have arisen.

(8) Lease without rights of ransom (operative leasing)

In cases when fixed assets are leased on lease provisions without rights on ransom, lease payments and prepayments for lease are included in profit or loss statement according to linear method in the period of lease.

(9) Inventories

Inventories are stated at the lower of purchase or production cost and net realizable value. Purchase costs consists of purchase value and overheads, which have been acquired, by delivering inventories at their current position and value. The costs of materials and other expenses that are directly connected with the production of the appropriate item as well as a respective part of overhead expenses are included in the production cost of inventories. Selling expenses has not included in cost. Cost is stated on the weighted average method. When the net realizable value of inventories is lower than its costs, the difference is recognized as provisions for the decrease of value.

Inventories are reflected at the lowest market or purchase value, using the FIFO (weighted average) method. In case of necessity the value of obsolete, slow turnover or damaged stock is written off.

In prime costs of produces goods are included the costs of used raw materials and materials, and other expenses that are directly connected with production of corresponding object.

(10) Accounts receivable

Account receivable in the balance sheet have been shown at the net value, obtained deducting provisions for doubtful debts from the total amount of Account receivable. Account receivable's actual sum complies with contracts and other accounting basic documents. The comparison of account's receivable debts has been performed and the bad debts has been written-off.

(11) Other investments

Non-current investments, excluding investments in subsidiaries and associates, are stated at purchased value, adjusted in cases of their permanent value increase or decrease.

(12) Cash and cash equivalents

In the report of cash flow consist of the money in cash-box, remnants of active bank cont and demand deposits in the credit institutions with term to 90 days.

(13) Accrued liabilities for unused annual leave

Amount of accumulated unused annual leave is determined by multiplying the average day rate og employees for the last six monts of the financial year by the amount of accrued but unused annual leave at the end of the reporting year.

(14) Corporate income tax

Corporate income tax was calculated according to Latvia Republic tax laws. According to effective provisions of the normative acts the tax rate is 15%.

(15) Deffered tax

Deferred tax is calculated according to the liability method with respect to all temporary differences between the values of assets and liabilities in the financial statements and their tax basis. The deferred tax liability is calculated based on the tax rates that are expected to be applied when the temporary differences reverse. The temporary differences arise from different fixed asset depreciation rates, as well as from tax losses carried to the next taxation periods. In cases, when the total result of the deferred tax calculation is to be reflected as assets, it is recognized in the financial statement only if a future taxable profit will be available against which the temporary differences can be utilised.

(16) Grants

For fixed assets formation received grants are regarded as next periods incomes, that gradually includes the in incomes received of for grants acquired fixed assets in useful utilization time of period. Other grants are related to results of the year of account in the period of grant receipt.

(17) Use of calculations

Preparing the financial statements, company's management has to make calculations and assumptions that influence the actives and passives shown in statements and off-balance for the day of statement preparation, as well as shown incomes and expenses of accounting period. The actual results can differ from these calculations.

(18) Related parties

Related parties are considered to be related companies, the members of the Council and the Board of Directors, the employees of the Internal Audit and/or members of the audit committee, the chief accountant, as well as other employees of the Company, who are authorized to carry out the economic activity planning, management and control, and whose decisions may have an impact on the operation and development of the Company, spouses, children and other relatives under the auspices of the mentioned persons, whose for at least a year is a common household with the person, as well as by commercial companies, which are managed or controlled by the persons referred to above.

Notes to Income Statement

(1) Net sales

(1) Net sales			
		EUR	EUR
		12 months of 2015	12 months of 2014
Income from ship building		479 686	918 050
· ·			
Income from ship repair services		5 653 885	3 789 158
Other income			172 662
Total		6 133 571	4 879 870
Total			
By location			
Income from sales of service in Latvia		499 265	179 986
Income from sales of service in			
income nom sules of service in	Ermer Islam Is	479 686	863 200
	Fareo Islands		
	Russia	2 613 781	791 501
	Lithuania	595 393	921 245
		48 327	126 862
	Beliza	69 824	
			25.456
	Cyprus	49 448	35 456
	Netherlands	1 335 657	661 235
	Malta	99 760	227 763
	Germany	131 782	37 321
	-	91 034	8 215
	Gibraltar		
	Poland	28 750	11 817
	Cambodia		130 955
	Marshall Islans		24 360
			402 230
	Norway	00.061	
	Panama	90 864	457 159
	Cambodia		565
		6 133 571	4 879 870
(2) Cost of sales			
Material purchase costs		763 524	835 386
Employees salary		1 136 730	1 037 102
Social insurance costs		270 437	237 924
Electricity costs		444 312	361 579
Depreciation of fixed assets		429 705	435 798
Contagent's services		1 748 387	1 648 768
			1 048 708
Services from outside		21 659	
Current overhaul of buildings		18 224	
Security		102 300	
Services of other Companies		80 105	279 341
÷			
Lease payment		72 791	54 749
Other costs			5 698
Total		5 088 174	4 896 345
(3) Distribution expenses			
Media advertising expenditures		647	533
			2 519
Business trips		7 952	
Total		8 599	3 052
(4) Administrative expenses			
(i) Rummstrutte expenses			
~			
Communication costs		1 575	1 341
Reward for the board and council		233 368	162 080
Social insurance costs		53 445	37 568
Office maintenance costs		5 837	4 420
Stock exchange costs		6 667	7 501
Lawyer's services		22 344	17 168
Expenses for the audit		3 800	3 560
Transport costs, business trips		17 034	10 065
Bank services		4 185	8 173
Representation expenses		7 226	4 031
Other costs		15 791	5 540
Total		371 272	261 447
		511 212	201 447

(5) Other operating income	EUR	EUR
	12 months of 2015	12 months 2014
Income from realization of materials	11 277	42 615
Income from rent	73 028	59 343
Income from tugboat's services	73 900	34 811
Income from exchange rate fluctuations		42
Other income	77 840	24 158
Total	236 045	160 969
(6) Other operating expenses		
Provisions for bad and doubtful debts	388 392	2 370
Accrued liabilities (holiday reserves)	7 013	4 628
Fixed assets exclusion expenses		1 452
Material purchase expenses	8 736	36 175
Personnel expenses (material assistance)		2 062
Tugboat's services expenses	62 458	63 929
Donations	860	
Leased fixed assets maintenance costs		376
Property maintenance		1 473
Other expenses	8 196	
Total	475 655	112 465
(7) Interest and similar expenses		
Interest charge	115 474	55 609
Penalties paid	6 246	54 138
Total	121 720	109 747

(8) Other taxes

Real estate tax for land	14 490	14 490
Real estate tax for buildings	23 262	23 262
Total	37 752	37 752

(9) Intangible assets and fixed assets

	Other intangible assets (software)	Lands and buildings	Equipment and machines	Other fixed assets	Fixed assets aunder construction	Total
	EUR	EUR	EUR	EUR	EUR	EUR
Cost/revaluation	1					
31.12.2014	10 465	3 940 137	5 514 494	133 124	16 163	9 614 383
Additions		16 413	320 615	4 349	97 898	439 275
Disposals			54 572	2 982		57 554
Revaluation					2 770	2 770
31.12.2015	10 465	3 956 550	5 780 537	134 491	111 291	9 993 334
Depreciation						
31.12.2014	9 971	1 382 805	1 931 916	106 760		3 431 452
Calculated	219	137 650	279 731	12 105		429 705
Disposals			53 933	2 977		56 910
31.12.2015	10 190	1 520 455	2 157 714	115 888		3 804 247
31.12.2014	494	2 557 332	3 582 578	26 364	16 163	6 182 931
31.12.2015	275	2 436 095	3 622 823	18 603	111 291	6 189 087

Cadastral value

Cadastral value of freehold land as at December 31, 2015 is EUR 966 006, cadastral value for the building is EUR 1 550 784.

(10) Raw materials and consumables

	EUR	EUR
	12 months of 2015	12 months 2014
Metal	293 428	353 704
Abrasive	2 384	621
Pipes	113 427	140 973
Non-ferrous metals	53 385	56 254
Products of technical rubber	36 319	37 599
Other expenses	99 238	98 380
Total	598 181	687 531
(11) Finished goods		
Yacht's hull	890 000	890 000
Equipment for yacht	519 853	519 853
Total	1 409 853	1 409 853
(12) Trade receivables		
Book value of trade receivables	827 103	1 272 128
Net worth of trade receivables	<u>827 193</u> 827 193	<u> </u>
Net worth of trade receivables	027175	1 275 120
(13) Other receivables		
In budget advance paid and overpaid VAT tax	43 008	22 984
Corporate income tax advance payments	8 691	44 491
Advance payments for services	8 145	33 393
Other receivables	53 398	
Total	<u> </u>	100 868
(14) Related company debt		
AS "Rīgas kuģu būvētava" debt for the loan	472 203	70 214
Total	472 203	70 214
For the use of the loan is paid 6% per annum.		
(15) Expenses of future periods		
Press Subscription	42	567
Insurance expenses	454	3 580
Other expenses		17 020
Total	496	21 167
(16) Accrued income	EUR	EUR
	12 months of 2015	12 months 2014
Shipbuilding	90 552	265 948
Ship repair	153 693	99 179
Total	244 245	365 127
(17) Cash and Bank		
Cash on hand	0	0
Cash on hand Cash at bank on current accounts	194 535	178 138
Total	<u> </u>	178 138
1.0641	177 000	170 150

(18) Information about company's own shares and total stock

AS "Tosmares kuģubīvētava" was established in 2000 with share capital EUR 2 281 428 that consist of 1 603 397 common shares, nominal value of share is EUR 1,40.

The join-stock company is public and its shares are quated with the stock exchange. All shares give equal rights to receipt of dividends, receipt of liquidation quotas and right to vote in the shareholders meeting. One share gives the right to 1 vote in the shareholders meeting. The Company has no shares that are held by the Company itself or by third persons for its assignment.

Modifications in Statues:

- 1 In 2001 an increase of share capital of the company up to EUR 3 704 300.
- 2~ In 2002 an increase of share capital of the company up to EUR 4 558 023.

³ In 2011 the 2 562 660 shares were determined as registered shares, and 640 737 shares as bearer shares; all shares are non-certificated shares/book-entry shares.

4 Equity capital is EUR 4 484 756 after denomination. Equity capital of JSC "Tosmares kuģubūvētava" consist of 3 203 397 stocks. Value of one stock is 1.40 EUR.

(19)	Non-current investments revaluation reserve	EUR	EUR
		12 months of 2015	12 months 2014
Investment re	evaluation of floating dock was on December, 2011	1 338 520	1 338 520
Total		1 338 520	1 338 520
The assessme	ent of floating dock was carried out by certified technical expert SIA	"Baltic Kontor".	
(20)	Other reserves		
Reserves fror	n resulting of the denomination of the share		
in accordance	e with the shareholders' decision.	73 267	73267
Total		73 267	73 267
(21)	Other provisions		
Provisions fo	r annual leave	59 940	52 927
Total		59 940	52 927

(22) Other borrowings

 Total
 1500 000

 Loan is received from the legal person with 6 % annual rate with the deadline of return in 2019.

As security for the loan liabilities accomplishment the Company's fixed assets are pledged. The value of the pledged fixed assets is EUR 833 471.

(23) Non-current leasing liabilities

Overhead cranes	364 759	431 379
Automobile	142 218	76 046
Total	506 977	507 425

Liabilities under the finance leases are repayable within 2-5 years.

The company has purchased cargo cranes by financial lease from SIA "SEB līzings." Interest payments are set at 3,45% + 3 months EURIBOR. The automobile has been purchased by financial lease from SIA "Citadele līzings un faktorings". Interest payments are set at 5% + 6 months EURIBOR.

(24)	Deferred tax liabilities	EUR	EUR
		12 month of 2015	12 month 2014
Deferred tax lial	bilities at the beginning of year	505 983	523 749
Deferred tax lial	bility from revaluation reserve of floating dock		
Deferred tax lial	bility increase in the financial year	78 722	-17 765
	ne end of a period	584 705	505 983
(25)	Next period income (non-current part)		
Revenue as a re	sult of the reverse leasing	265 449	313454
Total	0	265 449	313454
(26)	Other borrowings		
(20)	Other borrowings		
Interests unpaid		23 000	16 684
Total		23 000	16 684
(27)	Current leasing liabilities		
Automobile		38 512	17 434
Overhead crane	s	66 621	64 321
Total		105 133	81 755
(28)	Advances from customers		
Ship building		31 015	201 096
Ship repair			0
Other			4 855
Total		31 015	205 951

(29) Trade payables

Debts for materials	97 622	146 560
Debts for services	102 431	155 386
Debts for ship building and ship repair	533 311	627 730
Debts for fixed assets	11 811	33 247
Total	745 175	962 923
(30) Payables to related companies		

Debt to the AS "Rīgas kuģu būvētava" for the materials and services		5 902
Total	0	5 902

(31) Movement of tax liabilities for 12 months of 2015

	01.01.2015.	Calculated for 2015	Calculated penalty and delay fees	(Paid) / repaid	Transferred to other taxes	31.12.2015
	EUR	EUR	EUR	EUR	EUR	EUR
Value added tax	(22 984)	(288 414)		27 689	240 701	(43 008)
Personal income tax	36 863	251 400	3 230	(197 000)	(35 202)	59 291
Social insurance payments	65 631	458 120	63	(209 000)	(260 303)	54 511
Corporate income tax	(44 491)			(10 000)	45 800	(8 691)
Real estate tax (land)	8 315	14 490	427	(23 230)		2
Real estate tax (building)	12 350	23 262	1 633	(37 242)		3
Natural resources tax	785	4 438		(3 985)	68	1 306
Risk duty	60	751		(756)		55
Total	56 529	464 047	5 353	(453 524)	(8 935)	63 470
Tax debt	124 004					115 168
Tax overpayment	(67 475)					(51 699)
(32) Other liabilities				EUR		EUR
				12 months of 2015	1	2 months 2014
Salaries				76 705		71 108
Retention from salaries				437		506
Other liabilities				94		378
Total				77 236		71 992

Chairman of the Board

A.Vaļums

Member of the Board

A.Murugovs