JSC "TOSMARES KUĢUBŪVĒTAVA"

6

Financial statements on 12 months of 2015

Liepājā 2016 1. 17.

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General Information

Name of the company

Legal status of the company

Number, place and date of registration

Address

Type of operations

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The Board

Aleksandrs Vaļums Vladislavs Blūms Aleksandrs Murugovs

The Council

Vasilijs Meļņiks Aleksandrs Čerņavskis Jānis Skvarnovičs Henrik Kasesalu Viktors Ivanovs

Financial period

Auditor's name and address

Tosmares kuģubūvētava

Joint stock company

Register of the companies No.210302283 Liepaja, January 03, 2000

Commercial register No.42103022837 Liepaja, May 12, 2004

Ģenerāļa Baloža iela 42/44 Liepaja, LV-3402 Latvia

NACE 3315: Construction and repair of technological equipment, ships, yachts, catamarans, containers, roltrailers; Port services

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Chairman of the Board Member of the Board till October 15, 2015 Member of the Board

Chairman of the Council Deputy chairman of the Council Member of the Council Member of the Council Member of the Council till February 23, 2016

January 1, 2015 - December 31, 2015

Natalija Zaiceva Certified auditor (LZRA Certificate. No. 138)

"Orients Audit & Finance" Ltd LZRA Licence No. 28 Gunara Astras iela 8B Riga, LV-1082 Latvia

Statement of the Management's Responsibility

The Management is responsible for the preparation of the financial statements in accordance with the Laws of the Latvian Republic On Accounting and On the Annual Reports. The financial statements give a true and fair view of the financial position of the Company at the end of the reporting period, and the results of its operations and cash flow for the period then ended.

The Management certifies that proper accounting methods were applied to preparation of these financial statements on page 6 to page 18 and decisions and assessments were made with proper discretion and prudence. The accounting policies applied have been consistent with the previous period. The Management confirms that the financial statements have been prepared on going concern basis.

The Management is responsible for accounting records and for safeguarding the Company's assets and preventing and detecting of fraud and other irregularities in the Company. It is also responsible for operating in the Company in compliance with the normative acts of the Republic of Latvia.

Chairman of the Board

Member of the Board

30 March, 2016

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Statement of the Board of Directors

In 2015 JSC "Tosmares kuģub $\bar{u}v\bar{e}tava$ " performed the repair of 44 vessels (in comparison with 2014 – the repair of 38 vessels) and were built 3 steel hulls of catamarans (in comparison with 2014 – 4 steel hulls of catamarans).

In 2015 a total net turnover of JSC "Tosmares kuģubūvētava" was EUR 6 139 677, of which the turnover from ship building was EUR 438 552 and ship repair EUR 5 700 948 (in comparison in 2014 a total net turnover was EUR 4 879 870, including ship building EUR 918 050 and ship repair EUR 3 789 158).

JSC "Tosmares kuģubūvētava" has finished the report period with gross profit in the amount of EUR 1 070 428 (in 2014 gross losses were EUR 16 475), whereas a net profit in 2015 was in the amount of EUR 145 453 (respectively in 2014 there were a net losses in the amount of EUR 362 204).

The achieved results are based on the active marketing work to attract new customers, rational use of manpower and material resources, increase of labour productivity, as well as an active and closer cooperation with customers in implementing the obligations entered into.

The Board of Directors of the Company considering the existing market situation and the resources of the Company continues to increase the effectiveness of activities of the Company, moving to new sectors of production and the market, which should ensure increase of volume of repairable and new building vessels. Also have been restored fixed assets of the Company to increase labour productivity, new working methods are acquired and improved working conditions of the Company's employees.

The Board of Directors of the Company has improved cooperation models with customers in order to make better a financial discipline and prevent the accumulation of debt, which would allow optimizing the cash flow of the Company.

The productions processes of the JSC "Tosmares kuģubūvētava" are carried out in accordance with international standards EN ISO 9001:2008, and according to the standard EN 1090 are ensured the constant quality monitoring, as well as its activities comply with the other existing shipbuilding and repair standards.

The Board of Directors of the Company conducts preliminary works to implement the standard ISO 9001:2015 in 2016, which will enable us to improve the quality system and rational use of natural and material resources

In 2016 the Board of Directors of the Company will continue to improve and develop the initiated economic activities, paying particular attention to environmental preservation measures, by investing in the Company's production facilities, which will contribute to the competitiveness of the Company and promote the development of economic activities.

JSC "Tosmares kuģubūvētava" proposes the net profit of 2015 in the amount of EUR 145 453 to direct for further development of the Company.

In the period between the last day of the reporting period and the date of signing the financial report there were no any events detected, as a result of which this financial report should be corrected or which should be explained.

Chairman of the Board

Member of the Board

30 March, 2016

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PROFIT OR LOSS STATEMENT for 12 months period of 2015 and 2014

Net sales	Notes	12 months 2015 EUR	12 months 2014 EUR
	(1)	6 139 677	4 879 870
Cost of sales	(2)	(5 069 249)	(4 896 346)
Gross profit or losses		1 070 428	(16 476)
Distribution expenses	(3)	(8 599)	
Administrative expenses	(4)	(336 006)	(3 052) (261 447)
Other operating income	(5)	236 970	160 969
Other operating expenses	(6)	(539 450)	
nterest payments and similar costs	(7)	(121 720)	(112 465) (109 747)
Profit or losses before taxes		301 623	
Corporate income tax	(9)	(118 418)	(342 218)
Other taxes	(8)	- Change - C	17 765
Net profit or losses	(8)	(37 752)	(37 752)
Profit (loss) per share		145 453	(362 204)
torit (1035) per snare		0.045	(0,113)

Appendixes on pages 10 to 12 are an integral part of this financial report.

Chairman of the Board

Member of the Board

30 March, 2016

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BALANCE SHEET on December 31, 2015 and December 31, 2014

		31.12.2015	31.12.2014.
ASSETS	Notes	EUR	EUR
Non-current assets			
Intangible assets			
Other intangible assets			
Total intangible assets	(9)	275	494
Fixed assets		275	494
Land and buildings			
Equipment and machinery	(9)	2 288 012	2 557 332
Other fixed assets	(9)	3 622 823	3 582 578
Fixed assets under construction	(9)	18 603	26 364
Total fixed assets	(9)	111 291	16 163
Investment property		6 040 729	6 182 437
Total non-current assets	and the second	148 083	
Current assets		6 189 087	6 182 931
Inventories			
Raw materials and consumables			
Finished goods and work in progress	(10)	589 214	687 531
Advances paid for materials	(11)	1 409 853	1 409 853
Cotal inventories		29 057	9
Account receivables		2 028 124	2 097 393
rade receivables			
Other receivables	(12)	827 161	1 273 128
Related company's debt	(13)	104 629	100 868
expenses of future periods	(14)	472 203	70 214
Accrued income	(15)	496	21 167
otal receivables	(16)	249 661	365 127
ash and bank		1 654 150	1 830 504
otal current assets:	(17)	194 535	178 138
		3 876 809	4 106 034
		10 065 896	10 288 965

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Appendixes on pages 10 to 18 are an integral part of this financial report.

BALANCE SHEET on December 31, 2015 and December 31, 2014

		2015.12.31	31.12.2014.	
EQUITY, PROVISIONS AND LIABILITIES	Notes	EUR	EUR	
Equity				
Share capital	(10)			
Non-current investments revaluation reserve	(18)	4 484 756	4 484 756	
Reserves:	(19)	1 338 520	1 338 520	
other reserves	(20)			
Retained earnings:	(20)	73 267	73 267	
previous year's retained earnings (losses)		84 155	(61 298)	
current year's profit (losses)		(61 298)	300 906	
Total equity		145 453	(362 204)	
Provisions		5 980 698	5 835 245	
Other provision	(21)			
Total provisions	(21)	59 941	52 927	
Liabilities		59 941	52 927	
Non-current liabilities				
Other borrowings				
Leasing liabilities	(22)	1 500 000	1 566 000	
Deferred income tax liabilities	(23)	506 977	507 425	
Next period income	(24)	583 432	505 983	
Total non-current liabilities	(25)	265 449	313 454	
Current liabilities	and the second se	2 855 858	2 892 862	0
Other borrowings				
Leasing liabilities	(27)	23 000	16 684	
Advances from customers	(28)	105 133	81 755	
Trade payables	(29)	31 015	205 951	
Payables to related companies	(30)	742 266	962 923	
Taxes and social insurance payments	(31)		5 902	
Other liabilities	(32)	147 447	124 004	
Deferred income	(33)	77 310	71 992	
		41 322	35 154	
Dividends unpaid Accrued liabilities		6	6	
		1 900	3 560	
Total current liabilities:		1 169 399	1 507 931	
Total liabilities:		4 025 257	4 400 793	
Total equity, provisions and liabilities		10 065 896	10 288 965	_

Appendixes on pages 10 to 1 are an integral part of this financial report.

Chairman of the Board

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Member of the Board

30 March, 2016

<u>CASH FLOW STATEMENT</u> for 12 months of 2015 and 2014 (according to direct method)

	12 months of 2015	12 months of 2014
Cash flow from operating activities	EUR	EUR
Sales and service income		
Cash to suppliers, personnel and others primary activity costs	6 277 034	5 563 795
Gross cash flow generated from operating activities	(5 755 667)	(4 873 887)
Interest paid	521 367	689 908
Corporate income tax paid	(109 159)	0
Cash flow before extraordinary items	(10 000)	(74 537)
Net cash flow generated from operating activities	402 208	(54 500)
	402 208	(54 500)
Cash flow from investment activity Acquisition of fixed and intangible assets		
	(138 762)	(91 578)
Proceeds from sales of fixed assets and intangible assets Granted loans	6 100	4 299
Proceeds from the loan repayment	(62 475)	
	9000	
Net cash flow generated from investing activities	(186 137)	(87 279)
Cash flow from financing activities		
Loans received		1 566 000
Expenses on repayment of loan	(66 000)	(1 855 966)
Leased assets redemption expenses	(133 674)	(71 670)
Net cash flow generated from financing activities	(199 674)	(361 636)
Net foreign exchange gains/losses		
Net increase / (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	16 397	11 956
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the financial year	178 138	(/ 102
	170 138	66 182
Cash and Cash equivalents at the end of the financial year	194 535	78 138
221		

Appendixes on pages 10 to 12 are an integral part of this financial report.

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Chairman of the Board

Member of the Board

30 March, 2016

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STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY for 12 months period of 2015 and 2014

	Share capital	Revaluation reserve of Non-current investments	Retained earnings	Other reserves	Total
	EUR	EUR	EUR	EUR	EUR
Balance as at 31.12.2013	4 558 023	1 338 520	300 906	and the second second	
Reserves drawn up in the result of the denomination Profit or losses for the financial	(73 267)	1000 020	500 906	73 267	<u>6 197 449</u> 0
year Balance as at 31.12.2014	4 484 756	1 338 520	(362 204)	73 267	(362 204) 5 835 245
Profit or losses for the financial year			145 453		145 453
Balance as at 31.12.2015	4 484 756	1 338 520	84 155	73 267	5 980 698

Appendixes on pages 10 to 18 are an integral part of this financial report.

n Chairman of the Board A, Vaļums 6 Member of the Board U 30 March, 2016

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NOTES

ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(1) General principles

Financial statements are prepared in accordance with the Laws of the Latvian Republic On Accounting and On the Annual reports and the Regulations of Cabinet of Ministers No.488 "Provisions of Law enforcement on Annual report " and No. 481 "Regulations on the cash flow statement and statement of changes in equity contents and order of preparation" As the best practice are applied the Latvian accounting standards. The income statement is prepared in accordance with the turnover method.

The Cash flow statement has been prepared under the direct cash flow method.

The financial statements are prepared based on going concept and according to the historical cost accounting principle.

In comparison with the previous financial period, the accounting and evaluation methods used by the Company has not been changed.

In connection with the Latvian official currency exchange from 1 January 2014, the Company's functional and reporting currency is the euro, which replaced the national currency Latvian lats. Prior period financial information that has been presented in Latvian lats, have been converted into euro using the official currency exchange rate of LVL 0.702804 against EUR 1. Since the Latvian lats had previously been pegged to the euro with the same exchange rate, the functional and reporting currency change had no effect on Company's financial statement, financial results and cash flows. The accompanying financial statements have been drawn up in the Latvian national currency - the euro (EUR).

(2) Income recognition and net sales

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Net sales contain the total value of goods and services sold during the year excluding discounts value added tax and costs related to sales.

In accordance to the Regulations of Cabinet of Ministers, revenue from ship repair work is recognized when the customer has accepted the executed repair work.

Other income are recognized as following:

- rent income in the moment of appearance;
- income from fines and penalties in the moment of its receipt;
- dividends at the moment when the legal rights on them arise.

(3) Long-term agreements

Agreement costs are recognized when incurred. When the outcome of an agreement cannot be estimated reliably, agreement revenue is recognized only to the extent of agreement costs incurred that are likely to be recoverable. When the outcome of an agreement can be estimated reliably and it is possible that the agreement will be profitable, agreement revenue is recognized over the period of the agreement. When it is probable that total costs will exceed total agreement revenue, the expected loss is recognized as an expense immediately.

The Company apply the percentage of completion method to determine the appropriate amount to recognize in a given period. The stage of completion is measured by reference to the agreement costs uncured up to balance sheet date as a percentage of total estimated costs for each agreement or carrying out surveys of work performed to date. Costs incurred in the year in connection with future activity on an agreement are excluded from agreement in determining the stage of completion. They are presented as inventories or other assets, depending on their nature.

(4) Intangible investments

Intangible assets are valued as per initial cost excluding accumulated amortization. Amortization is calculated on a straight-line method useful life and determined as 4 years.

(5) Fixed assets and low-grade material

Fixed assets are estimated according to their initial expense value or reestimated initial value, excluding accrued depreciation. Depreciation is calculated according to (linear) method, using the rates of fixed assets depreciation calculation, that are based on the evaluation of fixed assets useful service duration:

	Years	%	
Buildings	33.3	3	•
Equipment and technical utilities	10	10	
Rolling stock, seacraft transport, power plant	14.3	7	
Furniture and office machines	10	10	
Computers and facilities	4	25	
Vehicles	5	20	
Instruments and inventory	10	10	

The depreciation of fixed assets is started to calculate with the first day of next month after its commissioning and is finished with the first day of next month after its exclusion from fixed assets.

Company capitalizes fixed assets whose value exceeds EUR 142,29 and the period of useful utilization exceeds 1 year. Reestimating the fixed assets, their value increase is reflected in non-current investment reestimation reserve. To incomes in profit or loss statement is applied to fixed assets liquidation.

Net gains or losses from disposal of fixed assets is calculated, as the difference between the carrying amount of the fixed asset, write-off of related assets revaluation reserve (if any) and proceeds from sale, and recognized in the income statements during the period when disposal are incurred.

Low-grade stock booked at the purchase prices and costs was 100% written off after commissioning.

(6) Non-current investments in leased fixes assets

Expenses of leased fixed assets overhaul are written off according to linear method rate in time of the period.

(7) Rent with ransom (financial leasing)

In cases when fixed assets that are obtained in lease with ransom (financial leasing)in relation to what all risks and liabilities pass over to the company, that is characteristic to ownership, is considered as company's actives at such value as they could be acquired for spot cash. Leasing interest payments and similar payments are included in profit or loss statement of the period when they have arisen.

(8) Lease without rights of ransom (operative leasing)

In cases when fixed assets are leased on lease provisions without rights on ransom, lease payments and prepayments for lease are included in profit or loss statement according to linear method in the period of lease.

(9) Inventories

Inventories are stated at the lower of purchase or production cost and net realizable value. Purchase costs consists of purchase value and overheads, which have been acquired, by delivering inventories at their current position and value. The costs of materials and other expenses that are directly connected with the production of the appropriate item as well as a respective part of overhead expenses are included in the production cost of inventories. Selling expenses has not included in cost. Cost is stated on the weighted average method. When the net realizable value of inventories is lower than its costs, the difference is recognized as provisions for the decrease of value.

Inventories are reflected at the lowest market or purchase value, using the FIFO (weighted average) method. In case of necessity the value of obsolete, slow turnover or damaged stock is written off.

In prime costs of produces goods are included the costs of used raw materials and materials, and other expenses that are directly connected with production of corresponding object.

(10) Accounts receivable

Account receivable in the balance sheet have been shown at the net value, obtained deducting provisions for doubtful debts from the total amount of Account receivable. Account receivable's actual sum complies with contracts and other accounting basic documents. The comparison of account's receivable debts has been performed and the bad debts has been written-off.

(11) Other investments

Non-current investments, excluding investments in subsidiaries and associates, are stated at purchased value, adjusted in cases of their permanent value increase or decrease.

(12) Cash and cash equivalents

In the report of cash flow consist of the money in cash-box, remnants of active bank cont and demand deposits in the credit institutions with term to 90 days.

(13) Accrued liabilities for unused annual leave

Amount of accumulated unused annual leave is determined by multiplying the average day rate og employees for the last six monts of the financial year by the amount of accrued but unused annual leave at the end of the reporting year.

(14) Corporate income tax

Corporate income tax was calculated according to Latvia Republic tax laws. According to effective provisions of the normative acts the tax rate is 15%.

(15) Deffered tax

Deferred tax is calculated according to the liability method with respect to all temporary differences between the values of assets and liabilities in the financial statements and their tax basis. The deferred tax liability is calculated based on the tax rates that are expected to be applied when the temporary differences reverse. The temporary differences arise from different fixed asset depreciation rates, as well as from tax losses carried to the next taxation periods. In cases, when the total result of the deferred tax calculation is to be reflected as assets, it is recognized in the financial statement only if a future taxable profit will be available against which the temporary differences can be utilised.

(16) Grants

For fixed assets formation received grants are regarded as next periods incomes, that gradually includes the in incomes received of for grants acquired fixed assets in useful utilization time of period. Other grants are related to results of the year of account in the period of grant receipt.

(17) Use of calculations

Preparing the financial statements, company's management has to make calculations and assumptions that influence the actives and passives shown in statements and off-balance for the day of statement preparation, as well as shown incomes and expenses of accounting period. The actual results can differ from these calculations.

(18) Related parties

Related parties are considered to be related companies, the members of the Council and the Board of Directors, the employees of the Internal Audit and/or members of the audit committee, the chief accountant, as well as other employees of the Company, who are authorized to carry out the economic activity planning, management and control, and whose decisions may have an impact on the operation and development of the Company, spouses, children and other relatives under the auspices of the mentioned persons, whose for at least a year is a common household with the person, as well as by commercial companies, which are managed or controlled by the persons referred to above.

Notes to Income Statement

(1) Net sales

		12 months of 2015	EUR 12 months of 2014
Income from ship building		438 552	918 050
Income from ship repair services		5 700 948	
Other income		177	3 789 158
Total		6 139 677	172 662 4 879 870
By location			
Income from sales of service in Latvia Income from sales of service in		545 814	179 986
income nom sales of service in			
	Fareo Islands	438 552	863 200
	Russia	2 613 781	791 501
	Lithuania	595 393	921 245
	Estonia	48 327	126 862
	Beliza	69 824	
	Cyprus Netherlands	49 448	35 456
	Malta	1 336 348	661 235
		99 760	227 763
	Germany Gibraltar	131 782	37 321
	Poland	91 034	8 215
	Cambodia	28 750	11 817
	Marshall Islans		130 955
6	Norway		24 360
	Panama	90 864	402 230
	Cambodia	90 804	457 159 565
		6 139 677	4 879 870
(2) Cost of sales			
Material purchase costs		723 848	835 386
Employees salary		1 108 117	1 037 102
Social insurance costs		248 307	237 924
Electricity costs		433 254	361 579
Depreciation of fixed assets		429 705	435 798
Contagent's services		1 748 387	1 648 768
Services from outside		60 096	
Current overhaul of buildings		17 103	
Security		99 032	
Services of other Companies		108 855	279 341
Lease payment Other costs	8	72 791	54 749
Total		19 754	5 698
Total		5 069 249	4 896 345
(3) Distribution expenses			
Media advertising expenditures		647	533
Business trips		7 952	2 519
Total		8 599	3 052
(4) Administrative expenses			
Communication costs		1 575	1 341
Reward for the board and council		207 068	162 080
Social insurance costs		44 479	37 568
Office maintenance costs		5 937	4 420
Stock exchange costs		6 667	7 501
Lawyer's services		22 345	17 168
Expenses for the audit		3 800	3 560
Transport costs, business trips		17 034	10 065
Bank services		4 185	8 173
Representation expenses		7 226	4 031
Other costs Total		15 690	5 540

(5) Other operating income	EUR	EUR
	12 months of 2015	12 months 2014
Income from realization of materials	11 277	42 615
Income from rent	73 028	59 343
Income from tugboat's services	73 900	34 811
Income from exchange rate fluctuations		42
Other income	78 765	24 158
Total	236 970	160 969
(6) Other operating expenses		
Provisions for bad and doubtful debts	389 030	2 370
Accrued liabilities (holiday reserves)	7 013	4 628
Fixed assets exclusion expenses	7 013	4 628
Material purchase expenses	6 826	36 175
Personnel expenses (material assistance)	1 667	36 175 2 062
Tugboat's services expenses	119 730	63 929
Donations		63 929
Maintenance costs of leased fixed assets	860 874	276
		376
Other expenses Total	<u>13 450</u> 539 450	110 992
(7) Interest and similar expenses	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	
Interest charge	115 474	55 609
Penalties paid	6 246	54 138
Total	121 720	109 747
	=	107 (4)
(8) Other taxes		
Real estate tax for land	14 490	14 490
Real estate tax for buildings	23 262	23 262
Total	37 752	37 752

 (9) Company income tax on financial period (9 a) Essential components of the company income tax 	•	
	12 months of 2015	12 months of 2014
Profit and loss	EUR	EUR
Deferred tax	(77 448)	17 765
Company income tax on financial period	(40 970)	
Total	(118 418)	17 765

Calculation of deferred tax liabilities

Deferred tax liabilities: The difference between the residual value of fixed assets in book-keeping and for tax purposes 2 270 202 2 383 724 Deferred tax assets: Accruals for annual leave (59 940) (52 927) Accruals for stocks (8 967) Other interim differences Accruals for tax losses Total interim differences: (418 780) 2 314 817 1 798 495 Rate of deferred tax liabilities (assets) 15% 347 223 269 774 Unrecognized deferred tax habilities (a. Deferred tax liabilities 347 223 269 774 A deferred tax liability of the revaluation reserve for long-term investment 236 209 583 432 236 209 505 983 Total deferred tax liabilities:

(10) Intangible assets and fixed assets

	Other intangible assets (software)	Lands and buildings	Equipment and machines	Other fixed assets	Fixed assets aunder construction	Investment property	Total
	EUR	EUR	EUR	EUR	EUD		
Cost/revaluation		10	2011	LUK	EUR	_	EUR
31.12.2014	10 465	3 940 137	5 514 494	133 124	16 163		
Additions		16 413	320 615	4 349			9 614 383
Disposals			54 572		95 128		436 505
Revaluation		(234 837)	54 572	2 982			57 554
31.12.2015	10 465	3 721 713				234 837	0
Depreciation	10 403	3 /21 /13	5 780 537	134 491	111 291	234 837	9 993 334
31.12.2014	9 971	1 382 805	1 931 916	106 760			
Calculated	219	137 650	279 731				3 431 452
Disposals		157 050		12 105			429 705
Reclassified		(0(754)	53 933	2 977			56 910
31.12.2015	10 100	(86 754)				86 754	
	10 190	1 433 701	2 157 714	115 888		86 754	3 804 247
31.12.2014	494	2 557 332	3 582 578	26 364	16 163		6 182 931
31.12.2015	275	2 288 012	3 622 823	18 603	111 291	148 083	6 189 087

Cadastral value

Cadastral value of freehold land as at December 31, 2015 is EUR 966 006, cadastral value for the building is EUR 1 550 784.

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(11) Raw materials and consumables

	EUR	EUR
	12 months of 2015	12 months 2014
Metal	293 428	353 704
Abrasive	2 384	621
Pipes	113 427	140 973
Non-ferrous metals	53 385	56 254
Products of technical rubber	36 319	37 599
Other expenses	99 238	98 380
Accruals for non-liquids	(8967)	20 200
Total	589 214	687 531
(12) Finished goods		
Yacht's hull	890 000	890 000
Equipment for yacht	519 853	
Total	1 409 853	<u>519 853</u> 1 409 853
(13) Trade receivables		
Book value of trade receivables	827 161	1.070.100
Net worth of trade receivables	827 161	<u> </u>
(14) Other receivables		
In budget advance paid and overpaid VAT tax	12 000	
Corporate income tax advance payments	43 008	22 984
Advance payments for services		44 491
Loan to private individual *	8 146	33 393
Total	53 475	
1 0141	104 629	100 868

* The Loan is granted to a private individual with annual interest rate of 6% until December 31, 2016. Interest for use of the loan or part thereof shall be paid simultaneosly with the specified repayment period of the loan.
(15) Related company debt

Total	ģu būvētava" debt for the loan the loan is paid 6% per annum.		472 203 472 203	70 214 70 214
(16)	Expenses of future periods			
Press Subscrip Insurance exp Other expense Total	enses	r	42 454 	567 3 580 17 020 21 167
(17) Shipbuilding Ship repair Total	Accrued income		EUR 12 months of 2015 49 418 200 243 249 661	EUR 12 months 2014 265 948 99 179 365 127
(18)	Cash and Bank			
Cash at bank o Total	on current accounts		194 535 194 535	178 138 178 138

(19) Information about company's own shares and total stock

AS "Tosmares kugubūvētava" was established in 2000 with share capital EUR 2 281 428 that consist of 1 603 397 common shares, nominal value of share is EUR 1.40.

The join-stock company is public and its shares are quated with the stock exchange . All shares give equal rights to receipt of dividends, receipt of liquidation quotas and right to vote in the shareholders meeting. One share gives the right to 1 vote in the shareholders meeting. The Company has no shares that are held by the Company itself or by third persons for its assignment.

Modifications in Statues:

- 1 In 2001 an increase of share capital of the company up to EUR 3 704 300.
- 2 In 2002 an increase of share capital of the company up to EUR 4 558 023.
- 3 In 2011 the 2 562 660 shares were determined as registered shares, and 640 737 shares as bearer shares; all shares are non-certificated shares/book-entry shares.
- 4 Equity capital is EUR 4 484 756 after denomination. Equity capital of JSC "Tosmares kuģubūvētava" consist of 3 203 397 stocks. Value of one stock is 1.40 EUR.

(20) Non-current investments revaluation reserve	EUR	EUR
	12 months of 2015	12 months 2014
Investment revaluation of floating dock was on December, 2011	1 338 520	1 338 520
Total	1 338 520	1 338 520
The assessment of floating dock was carried out by certified technical expert SI	A "Baltic Kontor".	
(21) Other reserves		
Reserves from resulting of the denomination of the share		
in accordance with the shareholders' decision	73 267	73267
Total	73 267	73 267
(22) Other accruals		
Accruals for annual leave	59 941	52 927
Total	59 941	52 927
(23) Other borrowings		
Total	1 500 000	

Loan is received from the legal person with 6 % annual rate with the deadline of return in 2019. As security for the loan liabilities accomplishment the Company's fixed assets are pledged. The value of the pledged fixed assets is EUR 833 471,

(24) Non-current leasing liabilities

Overhead cranes	364 759	431 379
Automobile	142 218	76 046
Total	506 977	507 425

Liabilities under the finance leases are repayable within 2-5 years.

The company has purchased cargo cranes by financial lease from SIA "SEB līzings." Interest payments are set at 3,45% + 3 months EURIBOR. The automobile has been purchased by financial lease from SIA "Citadele līzings un faktorings". Interest payments are set at 5% + 6 months EURIBOR.

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(25) Deferred tax liabilities	EUR	EUR
	12 month of 2015	12 month 2014
Deferred tax liabilities at the beginning of year	505 983	523 749
Deferred tax liability increase in the financial year	77 449	(17765)
Liabilities in the end of a period	583 432	505 983
(26) Next period income (non-current part)		
Revenue as a result of the reverse leasing	265 449	313 454
Total	265 449	313 454
(27) Other borrowings		
Interests unpaid	23 000	16 684
Total	23 000	16 684
(28) Current leasing liabilities		
Automobile	38 512	17 434
Overhead cranes	66 621	64 321
Total	105 133	81 755
(29) Advances from customers		
Ship building Other	31 015	201 096 4 855
Total	31 015	205 951

(30) **Trade** payables

Debts for services Debts for ship building and ship repair Debts for fixed assets Total	100 526 532 685 11 812 742 266	155 386 627 730 33 247 962 923
(31) Payables to related companies		
Debt to the AS "Rīgas kuģu būvētava" for the materials and services Total	0	<u> </u>

(32) Movement of tax liabilities for 12 months of 2015

17	01.01.2015.	Calculated for 2015	Calculated penalty and delay fees	(Paid) / repaid	Transferred to other taxes	31.12.2015
	EUR	EUR	EUR	EUR	EUR	EUR
Value added tax	(22 984)	(288 414)		27 689	240 701	(43 008)
Personal income tax	36 863	251 400	3 230	(197 000)	(35 202)	59 291
Social insurance payments	65 631	449 184	63	(209 000)	(251 368)	54 510
Corporate income tax	(44 491)	40 970		(10 000)	45 800	32 279
Real estate tax (land)	8 315	14 490	427	(23 230)	45 800	
Real estate tax (building)	12 350	23 262	1 633	(37 242)		2
Natural resources tax	785	4 438		(3 985)	68	1 206
Risk duty	60	751		(756)	08	1 306
Total	56 529	505 016	5 353	(453 524)	(8 935)	55
Tax debt	121001				(0,550)	104 439
	124 004					147 447
Tax overpayment	(67 475)					(43 008)
(33) Other liabilities				EUR		EUR
				12 months of 2015		12 months 2014
Salaries				76 702		71 108
Retention from salaries				531		506
Other liabilities				77		378
Total				77 310	2	71 992

The remuneration of the commercial company of sworn auditors for the audit of the annual report is EUR 3 800.

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General notes

(34) Average number of people employed	12 month of 2015	12 month 2014
Average number of people employed by the Company in the financial year	179	193
(35) Personnel salary	1 714 193	1 528 068
- salaries	1 397 178	1 243 952
- social insurance payments	317 015	284 116
including:		
ersonnel salary (production department)		1 328 420
- salaries	1 190 110	1 081 872
- social insurance payments	272 536	246 548
emuneration to the Board	115 938	103 581
- remuneration	 95 109	83 \$10
- social insurance payments	20 829	19 771
emuneration to the Council	135 609	96 067
- remuneration	111 959	78 270
- social insurance payments	23 650	17 797
hairman of the Board		

Member of the Board

A.Vaļums

A.Murugovs

30 March, 2016



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the shareholders of JSC "TOSMARES KUGUBUVETAVA"

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of JSC "TOSMARES KUGUBŪVĒTAVA" set out on pages 6 to 19 of the annual report, which comprise the balance sheet as of 31 December 2015, and the income statement, statement of cash flow and the statement of changes in equity for the year then ended, and a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with the Law of the Republic of Latvia on Annual Reports, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing. Those Standards require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Explanation of opinion with objections

In the Company's balance sheet at December 31, 2015 is reflected the debt receivable in amount of 225 500 EUR, payment of which is significantly delayed. In the financial statement the loss from the value reduction of this debt is not recognized. In our opinion the value of this debt receivable has been decreased, but as the Management of the Company had not made estimation of the future cash flow from this debt, we were not able to reliably estimate the amount of loss, that should be recognized as a result of value decrease.



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Opinion with objections

In our opinion, except for possible influence of circumstances mentioned in "Explanation of opinion with objections" paragraph, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the financial position of JSC "TOSMARES KUĢUBŪVĒTAVA" as of 31 December 2015, and its financial performance and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with the Latvian law "On the Annual Report"

Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

We have read the management report as shown on the page 5 of the annual report and we have not identified any material discrepancies between the historical financial information presented in the management report and the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2015.

Member of the Board of LTD Orients Audit & Finance Commercial Company License No.28

Riga, Latvia 30 March 2016



Natalija Zaiceva Certified Auditor Certificate No.138