JOINT-STOCK COMPANY "SALDUS MEŽRŪPNIECĪBA" AND ITS SUBSIDIARY COMPANIES

(SINGLE REGISTRATION NUMBER 40003020121)

ANNUAL REPORT FOR THE PERIOD OF 6 MONTHS OF THE YEAR 2010

DRAWN-UP IN COMPLIANCE WITH THE INTERNATIONAL FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS

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Address: Mežvidi, Novadnieki Parish., LV-3801,

Saldus District., Republic of Latvia Single registration number: 40003020121

Information about the Company

Name of the Company Legal status of the Company Registration number, place, and date

Address

The main areas of activities of the Company

Members of the Board: name, surname, position

Members of the Council: name, surname, position

Subsidiary enterprise
1. Name of the company
Legal status of the company

NUMBER AND DATE OF REGISTRATION IN THE COMMERCIAL REGISTER

Address

The main areas of activities of the company

Owner of the company Reporting year

2. Name of the company

Legal status of the company

Registration number, date, place

Address

The main areas of activities of the company

Owner of the company January 1 – March 31, 2010

3. Name of the company Legal status of the company

Registration number, date, place

Address

The main areas of activities of the company

Owner of the company Reporting year

Name and address of the Auditor

Saldus Timber Wood Industry (Saldus mežrūpniecība)

Joint Stock Company

40003020124 August 26,1991, Riga

Kuldīgas iela 86C, Saldus, Saldus rajons, LV 3801

Forestry, commercial timber preparation and related services; production

of board lumber, etc.

Janis Bertrans (*Jānis Bertrāns*) – Chancellor of the Board Janis Merkalns (*Jānis Mierkalns*) – member of the Board

Gundars Maurs (*Gundars Maurs*) – member of the Board Gatis Zommers (*Gatis Zommers*) – member of the Board

Uldis Melrkalns (*Uldis Mierkalns*) – Chairman of the Council

Lolita Burkovska (Lolita Burkovska) - Deputy Chairman of the Board

Maris Elleris (*Māris Elleris*) – member of the Council Janis Leimanis (*Jānis Leimanis*) – member of the Council Ainis Dabols (*Ainis Dābols*) – member of the Council

Pukuli Sports Premises (Pakuļu sporta bāze) (100%)

Limited Liability Company

48503009010 November 21, 2002

"Mežvidi", Novadnieku pag. Saldus rajons LV 3801

Hunting and related services. Organisation of training and competitive

shooting using hunting weapons.

Saldus Timber Wood Industry(Saldus mežrūpniecība), JSC – 100%

January 1 - Juny 30, 2010

Woodworking Centre No.3 (Деревообрабатывающий комбинат № 3)

(100%

Limited Liability Company

(ООО - Общество с ограниченной ответственностью)

1066027046337 October 9, 2006

Russia: 180005, Россия, г. Псков, Зональное шоссе, д. 44-А

Woodworking, production of board lumber

Saldus Timber Wood Industry(Saldus mežrūpniecība), JSC – 100%

January 1 – Juny 30, 2010

Saldus (*Caлдyc*) (100%) Limited Liability Company

(ООО - Общество с ограниченной ответственностью)

1056000426371 21. December 2005

Russia: 180005, Россия, г. Псков, Зональное шоссе, д. 44-А

Purchase of lumber

Saldus Timber Wood Industry (Saldus mežrūpniecība), JSC – 100%

January 1 - Juny 30, 2010

(Translated from Latvian)
Ginta Jaunzeme (Ginta Jaunzeme)

Sworn Auditor

(Certificate of Latvian Sworn Auditor No.16) License of Commercial Company No.39

Address: Mežvidi, Novadnieki Parish., LV-3801,

Saldus District., Republic of Latvia Single registration number: 40003020121

Management Report

Consolidated report of the commercial activity for 6 months of the year 2010

Business description in the framework of report period

The core businesses of the commercial company are logging and primary wood processing – lumber production.

In its economic activities, company complies with FSC and environmental protection requirements. For the compliance with these requirements, company takes corresponding monitoring and improvement measures on regular basis, but the share of these costs in production cost is not significant.

From the mid-year of 2009, situation is stabilized in the sector. The demand for sawn timber and assortments of logs has grown in the market.

As from the beginning of the year 2010 the situation in the forestry sector in economic terms has become stable, there is a balance between the supply and demand of the products and provided services in the forestry sector, the situation is predictable. On the labour market minor labour turnover is observed. Mutual payment terms between the enterprises are met. The rates offered by the banks are becoming better.

Taking into consideration all above mentioned the enterprise has concluded the first half-year of 2010 with the profit LVL 81963 by the turnover of LVL 8.212 032, which makes a profit per share of LVL 0,21.

Important subsequent events

After the accounting period and before the approval of the report as important event shall be mentioned approval of the logging estimate for the years 2011-2015 and confiscation of the FSC certificate from the state forest during the FSC monitoring audit..

Forecasts for financial indicators and plans for economic activities in 2010

Management of the holding continues its work with the internal restructurization of the holding, in order to adapt to the present situation in the market and to improve the economical situation and financial indicators in the company. Management policy is not based on wide profile economic activities, but is focused on the development of economic activities in two interrelated branches on increase of production volumes.

In 2010, it is planned to increase the production and realization volumes in logging by 40 %, i.e. up to 350 000 m³ yearly. It is planned to increase the production and realization volumes for sawn timber up to 150 000 m³ yearly. It is envisaged that profit indicators will remain in the level of 2009.

Business and financial risk management policy

In order to increase competitiveness of the company in this economic situation, the production volumes are being increased by more rational use of company resources, by organization of long-term cooperation with providers of resources and the growing demand in the timber market is taken into account. The increase of production volumes is being based on the existing, already concluded realization agreements and already signed letters of intent.

The interests of the commercial company are the care for social protection and welfare of its employees, because only thus the development of society can be sustainable.

June 30, 2010

Saldus District., Republic of Latvia Single registration number: 40003020121

Consolidated profit or loss calculation

		30.06.2010	30.06.2009	30.06.2010	30.06.2009
	Note	LVL	LVL	EUR	EUR
Notteman		0.040.000	4 000 000	44 004 000	E COE 202
Net turnover		8 212 032	4 002 696	11 684 669	5 695 323
Production costs of the sold production		(7 390 722)	(3 396 673)	(10 516 050)	(4 833 030)
Gross profit		821 310	606 023	1 168 619	862 293
Selling costs		(626 420)	(470 236)	(891 315)	(669 086)
General administration costs		(90 421)	(77 274)	(128 657)	(109 951)
Other income from company's economic activity		286 441	137 329	407 569	195 402
Other expenditures from company's economic activity		(271 835)	(165 641)	(386 786)	(235 686)
Profit or loss from economic activity		119 075	30 201	169 428	42 972
Net profit from participation in the capital of subsidiary					
and associated companies					-
Other interset income and the like income		111 100	52 098	158 081	74 129
Othe interest payments and the like payments		(138 808)	(129 077)	(197 506)	(183 660)
Profit or loss before extraordinary items and taxes		91 367	(46 778)	130 004	(66 559)
Extraordinary income					
Extraordinary expenditures					
Profit or loss before taxes		91 367	(46 778)	130 004	(66 559)
Company's income tax		-	(5 448)	-	(7 752)
Company's deferred income tax		-	-	-	-
Other taxes		(9 405)	(14 000)	(13 382)	(19 920)
Profit or (loss)		81 963	-66 226	116 621	-94 231
Profit/ (loss) per share					
LVL per share / EUR per share		0.21	(0.17)	0.30	(0.24)

Jānis Bertrans	Janis Mierkalns	Gundars Maurs	Gatis Zommers
Chairman of board	Vice-chairman	Member of board	Member of board

Joint-stock company "Saldus mežrūpniecība" and its subsidiary companies Address: Mežvidi, Novadnieki Parish., LV-3801,

Saldus District., Republic of Latvia Single registration number: 40003020121

Consolidated balance sheet

		30.06.2010	31.12.2009	30.06.2010	31.12.2009
	Note	LVL	LVL	EUR	EUR
LONG-TERM INVESTMENTS					_
Intangible investments					
Concessions, patents, licences, trademarks and the like		41 586	46 159	59 172	65 678
Company's intangible value		132 000	132 000	187 819	187 819
Advance payments for intangible investments		-	-	-	-
TOTAL	13	173 586	178 159	246 991	253 497
Fixed assets				4 000 0-0	4 4-0 000
Land, premises and buildings		2 836 989	2 936 595	4 036 672	4 178 398
Biological assets		553 296	553 296	787 269	787 269
Equipment and machinery		1 039 446	1 320 805	1 478 998	1 879 336
Other fixed assets		19 152 2 066 676	17 232	27 251	24 519
Unfinished constructions Advance payments for fixed assets		11 036	1 158 674 29 728	2 940 615 15 703	1 648 645 42 299
TOTAL	14	6 526 595	6 016 330	9 286 508	8 560 466
Long-term financial investments	14	0 320 333	0 0 10 330	3 200 300	0 300 400
Participation in the capital of related companies		_	_	_	_
Loans to the related companies		_	_	-	_
TOTAL		-	-	-	_
TOTAL LONG-TERM INVESTMENTS		6 700 181	6 194 489	9 533 499	8 813 964
CURRENT ASSETS					
Stocks					
Raw materials, direct materials, auxiliary materials		249 968	251 463	355 672	357 800
Biological assets		298 760	298 760	425 097	425 097
Unfinished production		2 223 326	1 300 105	3 163 508	1 849 883
Finished production and goods for sale		477 167	284 930	678 947	405 419
Advance payments for goods		294 606	1 383 048	419 187	1 967 900
TOATL	15	3 543 827	3 518 306	5 042 412	5 006 098
Debtors					
Debts of buyers and customers	16	1 307 233	670 443	1 860 025	953 954
Accured income		156 088	122 702	222 093	174 589
Other debtors	17	68 276	1 141	97 148	1 623
Expenditures of the next periods	18	349 196	239 881	496 861	341 320
TOTAL		1 880 793	1 034 167	2 676 127	1 471 487
Money and its equivalents	19	10 098	20 181	14 368	28 715
TOTAL CURRENT ASSETS		5 434 718	4 572 654	7 732 907	6 506 300
TOTAL ASSETS		12 134 899	10 767 143	17 266 406	15 320 264

Jānis Bertrans	Janis Mierkalns	Gundars Maurs	Gatis Zommers
Chairman of board	Vice-chairman	Member of board	Member of board

Saldus District., Republic of Latvia Single registration number: 40003020121

Consolidate balance sheet (continuation)

Shareholders'equity and liabilities		30.06.2010	31.12.2009	30.06.2010	31.12.2009
	Note	LVL	LVL	EUR	EUR
Shareholders'equity					
Share capital	20	387 136	387 136	550 845	550 845
Increase of price of the issue of shares		1 987	1 987	2 827	2 827
Reserves from revaluation of long-term investments		802 492	802 492	1 141 843	1 141 843
Adjusment reserve of foreign currency		(22 759)	(116 904)	(32 383)	(166 339)
Other reserves		2 623 085	2 623 085	3 732 314	3 732 314
Retained earnings from the previos year		(246 296)	(285 981)	(350 448)	(406 914)
Retained earnings from the year of accunt		81 963	49 813	116 623	70 878
TOTAL	-	3 627 608	3 461 628	5 161 621	4 925 453
Total shareholders'equity		3 627 608	3 461 628	5 161 621	4 925 453
Liabilities					
Long-term liabilities					
Deferred company's income tax		143 340	143 340	203 954	203 954
Long-term loans from credit institutions	21	1 773 928	1 840 686	2 524 072	2 619 060
Long-term part of financial lease liabilities	22	165 678	244 161	235 739	347 410
Other creditors		1 388 038	1 388 038	1 975 000	1 975 000
Long-term part of incomes from next periods	26	65 888	65 888	93 750	93 750
TOTAL	-	3 536 872	3 682 113	5 032 515	5 239 175
Short-term liabilities					
Short-term loans from credit institutions	21	1 674 484	1 752 536	2 382 576	2 493 634
Short-term part of financial lease	22	178 274	189 670	253 661	269 876
Advance payments received from buyers		81 402	74 805	115 825	106 438
Debts to suppliers and contractors		2 694 559	1 355 362	3 834 012	1 928 506
Accured liabilities	25	75 561	75 561	107 514	107 514
Taxes payable	23	173 732	93 675	247 198	133 288
Other creditors	24	76 166	65 552	108 374	93 272
Incomes from the next periods short-term part	26	16241	16241	23 109	23 109
Unpaid dividends from the previous years				-	_
TOTAL	=	4 970 419	3 623 402	7 072 269	5 155 637
Total liabilities		8 507 291	7 305 515	12 104 785	10 394 811
Total shareholders'equity and liabilities		12 134 899	10 767 143	17 266 406	15 320 264

Jānis Bertrans	Janis Mierkalns	Gundars Maurs	Gatis Zommers
Chairman of board	Vice-chairman	Member of board	Member of board

Joint-stock company "Saldus mežrūpniecība" and its subsidiary companies Address: Mežvidi, Novadnieki Parish., LV-3801,

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Consolidated cash flow statement

I. Cash flow from basic activity	30.06.2010	30.06.2009	30.06.2010	30.06.2009
	LVL	LVL	EUR	EUR
1. Profit (+) or loss (-) before extraordinary items and taxes:	91 367	(46 850)	130 004	(66 662)
a) wear and tear of fixed assets and intangible investments (+)	305 669	299 311	434 928	425 881
b) elimination of fixed assets and intangible investments	86 482	(111)	123 053	(158)
c) formation of accruals (except for the accruals for insecure debts)	-	-	-	-
d) profit (-) or loss (+) from fluctuations of exchange rate	1 348	-	1 918	-
e) income from the acknowledgement of financing	-	-	-	-
f) other interest income and the like income	(111 100)	(52 098)	(158 081)	(74 129)
h) interest payments and the like expenditures	138 808	127 472	197 506	181 376
2. Profit or loss before the corrections of the impact of balance	512 574	327 724	729 327	466 309
a) debitoru parādu atlikumu pieaugums (-) vai samazinājums (+)	(801 558)	(170 704)	(1 140 514)	(242 890)
b) increase (+) or decrease (-) of the reserves of accruals	9 397	34 416	13 371	48 970
c) increase (+) or decrease (-) of the remainder of debts payable to	1 420 601	55 435	2 021 333	78 877
suppliers, contractors and other creditors				
3. Gross cash flow from basic activity	1 141 014	246 871	1 623 517	351 266
4. Expenditures to pay interest payments	(138 808)	(127 472)	(197 506)	(181 376)
5. Expenditures to pay company's income tax and immovable property tax	(9 405)	(19 448)	(13 382)	(27 672)
6. Cash flow before extraordinary items	992 801	99 951	1 412 629	142 217
7.Cash flow from extraordinary items				
8. Net cash flow from basic activity	992 801	99 951	1 412 629	142 217
II. Cash flow from investments				
3. Acquisition of fixed assets and intangible investments	(32 714)	(10 538)	(46 548)	(14 994)
4. Expenditures for advance payments for fixed assets and unfinished	(782 367)	(24 137)	(1 113 208)	(34 344)
constructions	, ,	, ,	` ′	, ,
5.Income from selling fixed assets and intangible investments	16 901	2 570	24 048	3 657
6. Interest received	111 100	51 620	158 081	73 449
6. Net cash flow from investments	(687 080)	19 515	(977 627)	27 767
III. Cash flow from financing activities				
1. Loans received	57 216	798 203	81 411	1 135 741
2. EU financing received			-	-
3. Received investments in capital			-	-
4. Expenditures for paying back loans	(356 526)	(1 392 673)	(507 291)	(1 981 595)
5. Expenditures for redemption of asset that was hired	-	-	-	-
6. Paid out dividends	-	-	-	-
6. Net cash flow from financing activities	(299 310)	(594 470)	(425 880)	(845 855)
IV. The result of the exchange rate fluctutions	(16 494)	(141)	(23 469)	(201)
V.Net cash flow of the year of account increase (+), decrease (-)	(10 083)	(475 145)	(14 347)	(676 070)
VI.Money and its equivalents balance at the beginning of the year of	20 181	480 774	28 715	684 080
VII. Money and its equivalents balance at the end of the year of account	10 098	5 629	14 368	8 009
The anney on pages 11-31 is an integral part of this financial stateme	nt			

The annex on pages 11-31 is an integral part of this financial statement

Jānis Bertrans	Janis Mierkalns	Gundars Maurs	Gatis Zommers
Chairman of board	Vice-chairman	Member of board	Member of board

Saldus District., Republic of Latvia Single registration number: 40003020121

Statement on the changes in own capital

							Currency	
	Share capital	Share premium	Other reserves	Reserves from restimati on fixed assets	Retained earnings/los from the previous year	Retained earnings/los of the year of account	fluctuations due to the reestimation of foreign	Toatal own capital
	LVL	LVL	LVL		LVL	LVL	currency LVL	LVL
December 31, 2008	387 136	1 987	2 623 085	800 242	(66 905)	(219 076)	(120 056)	3 406 413
Curency fluctuations due to recalculation Distribution of profit of the year 2008 Disbursed dividends					(219 076)	219 076	3 152	3 152 -
Reserves from reestimati on fixed assets				2 250				2 250
Profit of the year of account,corrected						49 813		49 813
December 31, 2009	387 136	1 987	2 623 085	802 492	(285 981)	49 813	(116 904)	3 461 628
Curency fluctuations due to recalculation					(10 133)		94 145	84 012
Reserves from reestimati on fixed assets Distribution of the year 2009 profit	-	-	-	-	- 49 818	(49 813)	-	- 5
Disbursed dividends	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Profit of the year of account,corrected	-	-	-	-	-	81 963	-	81 963
Juny 30, 2009	387 136	1 987	2 623 085	802 492	(246 296)	81 963	(22 759)	3 627 608

							Currency	
	Share capital	Share premium	Other reserves	Reserves from restimati on fixed assets	Retained earnings/los from the previous year	Retained earnings/los of the year of account	fluctuations due to the reestimation of foreign currency	Toatal own capital
	EUR	EUR	EUR		EUR	EUR	EUR	EUR
December 31, 2008	550 845	2 827	3 732 314	1 138 642	(95 197)	(311 717)	(170 824)	4 846 889
Curency fluctuations due to recalculation	-	-	-		-	-	4 485	4 485
Distribution of profit of the year 2007	-	-	-	-	(311 717)	311 717	-	-
Disbursed dividends	-	-	-	-	-	_	-	-
Reserves from reestimati on fixed assets	-	-	-	3 201	-	_	-	3 201
Profit of the year of account, corrected	-	-	-	-	-	70 878	-	70 878
December 31, 2009	550 845	2 827	3 732 314	1 141 843	(406 914)	70 878	(166 339)	4 925 453
Curency fluctuations due to recalculation	-	-	-	-	(14 418)	-	133 956	119 538
Distribution of profit of the year 2007	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Disbursed dividends	-	-	-	-	70 885	(70 878)	-	7
Reserves from reestimati on fixed assets	-	_	-	-	-	-	-	-
Profit of the year of account,corrected	-	-	-	-	-	116 623	-	116 623
Juny 30, 2009	550 845	2 827	3 732 314	1 141 843	(350 448)	116 623	(32 383)	5 161 621

Jānis Bertrans	Janis Mierkalns	Gundars Maurs	Gatis Zommers
Chairman of board	Vice-chairman	Member of board	Member of board

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Annex to the financial statement

1. Corporative information

Distributing risks between countries and fields of economic activity, at the end of 2005 and in 2006 JSC "Saldus mežrūpniecība" established new subsidiary companies in the Russian Federation, which main economic activity will be logging and production of sawn timber. In 2005, JSC "Saldus mežrūpniecība" purchased 100% shares of "Pakuļi Sports Centre" Ltd., which main activity is focused on sport and recreation with a sizeable immovable property, situated in a very favourable area.

As the result of the above mentioned activities JSC "Saldus mežrūpniecība" has prepared its year 2009 consolidated report, hereinafter Holding company.

2. Important accounting principles

In preparation of the holding company's financial statement, there were used the following accounting principles:

Principles of preparing the financial statement

The holding company's financial statement was prepared in compliance with the International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS). The financial statement was prepared in compliance with the Principle of Historical Cost.

Currency and items used in the preparation of the financial statement

In financial statements as a monetary unit is used Latvian lat (Ls)- the monetary unit of the Republic of Latvia.

Consolidation

The consolidated financial statement includes the financial statements of the joint-stock company Saldus mežrūpniecība and its subsidiary companies Pakuļi Sports Centre Itd., ooo Saldus Les and ooo Saldus. The financial statements of the subsidiary companies were prepared in the same year as the financial statement of the holding's parent company and using the same accounting policies. The consolidated financial statement includes all assets, liabilities, incomes, expenditures, profit, loss and cash flow of the joint-stock company Saldus mežrūpniecības and the financial statements of all its subsidiary companies over which the parent company keeps its control in the way as if the joint-stock company Saldus mežrūniecība and its subsidiary companies were one company. In preparation of the Holding's financial statement is excluded the interrelated unrealized profit, mutual payments, mutually owned capital shares and other mutual deals. When purchasing its subsidiary companies the Holding uses a purchase method. The predominance of purchase costs over the real value of net actives obtained by the Holding is accounted as an intangible value.

Consolidation of foreign subsidiary companies

By including in the financial statements the financial showings of foreign subsidiary companies, the Holding's parent company recalculates monetary and non-monetary assets, liabilities, incomes and expenditures in accordance with the exchange rate established by the Bank of Latvia on the last day of the year of account. Differences in the exchange rate which arise when assets and liabilities are reflected are classified as own capital. The consolidation of the financial statements of foreign subsidiary companies is carried out in compliance with the established consolidation procedures, e.g. by excluding mutual transactions of the companies which belong to the same Holding.

Changes in the accounting principles

In 2006, the Holding accepted the IFRS which were amended in 2004 and the application of which is mandatory for the financial years starting from January 1, 2005 or later. To apply these standards there were not made any significant changes in the Holding's financial principles. Consolidation was carried out in 2006 for the first time as in 2005 the results of subsidiary companies did not significantly impact the parent company's showings.

Application of the International Financial Rreporting Standards

- SGS Nr.1 Drawing up of financial statements
- SGS Nr.2 Reserves
- SGS Nr.7 Cash flow statements
- SGS Nr.8 Accounting policies, changes in calculations and errors
- SGS Nr.10 Events after the balance sheet date
- SGS Nr.14 Showing information through segments
- SGS Nr.16 Capital assets
- SGS Nr.18 Incomes
- SGS Nr.19 Employee allowances
- SGS Nr.21 Impact of foreign currency fluctuations
- SGS Nr.23 Costs of loans

Address: Mežvidi, Novadnieki Parish., LV-3801,

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- SGS Nr.24 Disclosure of information about associated parties
- SGS Nr.27 Consolidated and separate financial statements
- SGS Nr.32 Financial instruments: disclosure and showing
- SGS Nr.33 Profit per share
- SGS Nr.36 Decrease of the value of assets
- SGS Nr.37 Reserves, possible liabilities and possible assets
- SGS Nr.38 Intangible assets
- SGS Nr.39 Financial instruments: acknowledgement and estimation

Use of calculations (continuation)

When preparing financial statements, the management have to base on certain calculations and assumptions, which influence the remainders of the balance and the profit or loss posts shown in particular statements as well as the amount of possible liabilities. Future events may have an impact on assumptions which were taken into consideration when separate calculations were made. Any influence of calculations is shown in the financial statement at the moment of their determination.

Transactions in foreign currencies

The Holding's accountancy is kept in Latvian lats (Ls) except for the 000 Saldus and 000 DOK Nr. 3 where are used RUB Russian roubles.

All transactions in foreign currencies have been re-estimated in Latvian lats in accordance with the official exchange rate, established by the Bank of Latvia on the day of corresponding transaction. Assets and liabilities which are shown in foreign currencies are re-estimated in Latvian lats in accordance with the exchange rate, established by the Bank of Latvia on the last day of accounting year. Differences arising from transactions in foreign currencies or from showing assets and liabilities in foreign currencies which differ from the initial exchange rates are shown in the profit or loss calculations in their net value. Re-estimation of the capital of the ooo Saldus and ooo Saldus Les into the currency used in the Holding is done by applying the exchange rate that is valid on the day of preparing the balance sheet and regarding to profit or loss posts- by applying the exchange rate in force at the end of the year of account. Corrections due to re-estimation are shown in a separate post of own capital.

	30.06.2009.	31.12.2009.
RUB/ LVL	0.0184	0.0164
EUR/ LVL	0,702804	0.702804

Intangible investments

Intangible investments are counted in their initial value which is being amortized during their effective time of use and is done by applying a linear method. If there are any events or the change of circumstances that identify that the balance value of intangible investments could be unrecoverable, the corresponding value of intangible investments is re-evaluated in order to determine the decrease of their value. Loss which occurs due to the decrease of value is acknowledged if the balance value of intangible investments exceeds the recoverable value.

The intangible investments include the licences of software used in the Holding, intangible value and other intangible investments which are related to the activity of parent and subsidiary companies of the Holding.

The licences of software which are used in the Holding are accounted in their purchase value by deducting their wear and tear.

Wear and tear is calculated for the whole period of their effective time by applying a linear method.

Expenditures related to the maintenance of the software are includes as expenditures in the profit/loss statement.

Capital assets

Capital assets are accounted in their initial value except for their wear and tear and the decrease of their value. For land the wear and tear is not calculated. Wear and tear is calculated for the time of their effective use, by applying a linear method:

Buildings, constructions - 20 years (since 01.01.2008.)

Equipment and machinery - 10 years

Forest equipment - 5 years (since 01.01.2007.)

Timber processing lines - 5 years (since 01.01.2007.)

Other capital assets - 5 years

Computing and data gathering devices, - 5 years

software

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Wear and tear of capital assets is calculated starting from the following month when they are put into operation or involved in economic activity. For each part of capital assets if their costs are significant to the initial cost of the corresponding capital asset wear and tear is calculated separately. The routine repairs of capital assets are included in the profit or loss calculations in the period when they occur. The accounting value of capital assets is not longer estimated if they are alienated or if in the future there is not expected any outcome from their use. Profit, which arises due to the said circumstances (which is calculated as difference between net income and the balance of capital assets), must be included in the profit or loss calculation and in the period when it happened.

If there are events or circumstances which indicate that the balance value of capital assets could not be recovered, the value of corresponding capital assets is re-evaluated in order to determine the decrease of their value. If there are signs that the value can not be recovered and if the balance value of assets exceeds the recoverable amount, the asset is written off to its recoverable amount.

Unfinished construction shows the costs of capital assets and unfinished constructions and it is accounted in its initial value. The initial costs include construction costs and other direct expenditures. Wear and tear for unfinished constructions is not calculated until the appropriate assets are finished and put into operation.

Decrease of the value of assets

At the end of each year the Holding audits if there are no signs of the decrease of the value of assets. If there are such signs or if the Holding has to carry out the annual audit of the decrease of the value of assets, the Holding establishes the recoverable amount for each asset. The recoverable amount is the biggest amount of selling value from which is subtracted expenditures related to the selling value and use-values. In order to determine the decrease of value, assets are grouped in the lowest possible level for which it is possible to separately determine cash flows (cash flow generating assets). If the balance value of assets is bigger than its recoverable amount, the decrease of the value of asset is acknowledged and the assets are written of to its recoverable amount. Losses from the decrease of value are shown in profit or loss calculation as expenditures from other economic activity.

Loan costs

Loan costs are shown in profit or loss calculation at the time when they occur in accordance with the Bookkeeping Standards Principle No 23.

Lease

Financial lease transactions when the Holding is handed over all risks and compensation, arising from proprietorship towards the leasehold, in the balance sheet are acknowledged as capital assets the amount which at the beginning of lease corresponds with the purchase value of the leasehold. Financial lease payments are divided between financial expenditures and decrease of liabilities so that in each period they guarantee constant interest rate with regard to remainder of liabilities. Financial expenditures are included in profit or loss calculation as interest expenditures.

Lease of capital assets when practically all risks arising from proprietorship and compensation receives lessor is classified as operative lease. Lease payments then are accounted as expenditures during the whole period of lease and are attributed to the profit or loss calculation in the whole period of lease by using a linear method.

Reserves

Unfinished products

Reserves are accounted in their lowest cost value and net selling value. Cost is calculated by applying the FIFO method- first in, first out. Net selling value is the calculated selling price which is normally used in business by subtracting the expenditures needed to finish and sell products.

Raw materials are accounted in their purchase costs.

Finished and unfinished products are accounted in their direct costs (raw materials and labour) by adding indirect expenditures needed for their production (salaries, electricity, wear and tear and other related costs which would be used in usual production volumes).

Finished products are accounted in their lowest cost or net selling value. Net selling value is the calculated selling price in normal business activity by subtracting expenditures which will be needed to finish and sell the products.

The company regularly estimates if the value of reserves has not decreased due to aging or damage. Corresponding loss is included in the profit or loss calculation as production costs of sold products. When damaged products are physically destroyed, the value of reserves and the value of appropriate reserves are written off.

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Debts of buyers and customers

Debts of buyers and customers in the balance sheet are shown according to their initial amount except for reserves for insecure debts. Reserves for insecure debts are calculated when it is unlikely that the whole amount of debt could be recovered. Debts are written off when the recovery of it is believed impossible.

Money and its equivalents

Money and its equivalents is money in the bank and cash register as well as other short-term investments with high liquidity and the initial term up to three months or less.

Share capital

Common shares are classified as own capital. Alls shares are registered shares and in non-material form.

Profit per share

Profit per share is calculated in the following way: profit of the year of account after taxes is divided with weighted-average number of shares in circulation in the period of account.

Credits and loans

Credits and loans initially are shown in their initial value, which is calculated by subtracting or adding to the real value of credit or loan expenditures related to the receiving or granting the loan.

Further loans will be shown in their depreciation value.

Profit or loss arisen due to depreciation is shown in the calculation of profit or loss as interest incomes and expenditures.

Accruals

Accruals are acknowledged if the Holding has an obligation (legal or arising from practise) caused by a past event or if there is a probability that in order to meet the liabilities the Holding will have to use its funds and when it is possible to plausibly enough estimate the amounts of these liabilities. If the Holding anticipates that expenditures needed to make accruals will be fully or partly paid back, refund of these expenditures is acknowledged as a separate asset only when it is practically clear that these expenditures will be refunded. Expenditures related to accruals in the profit or loss calculation are shown, except for the sums which will be needed to reimburse expenditures.

Accruals and deferred liabilities

Accruals and deferred liabilities are accounted so that incomes and expenditures could be acknowledged at the time of rising.

Income recognition

Incomes are recognised in proportion to assurance that the Holding shall gain profit and in the amount that it will be possible to determine it. With income recognition the following conditions are taken into consideration:

Incomes from service rendering mainly include transport services related to timber processing.

Incomes from services are recognized and they correspond with the volume of service. Incomes from services are recognized in the period when they were rendered.

If it is not possible to reasonably estimate the outcome of deal, income is recognized only in the amount in which recognized expenditures could be recovered.

Sale of goods

Incomes are recognized when the Holding has handed over to a buyer all risks and compensations related to the proprietorship and goods, i.e. when the Holding has delivered goods to a buyer, and the buyer has accepted the goods in compliance with the concluded agreement and when there is good enough guarantee about the receiving of debtors' debts.

Interest

Incomes are recognized in the period when they arise and are included in the profit and loss calculation.

Dividends

Incomes are recognized when shareholders have rights to receive them.

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Income from lease

Income from lease (investments in properties) is accounted for the lease agreements in force and for the whole period of lease.

Taxes

Company income tax

The income tax of parent and subsidiary companies of the Holding is calculated by applying the 15% company income tax rate to the income earned in the corresponding period of taxation established by the legislative acts of the republic of Latvia.

Deferred company income tax

Deferred company income tax, which has arisen from short-term differences by including particular posts in tax declaration and in this financial statement, is calculated by applying the Liability Tax Allocation Method. The assets and liabilities of the deferred company income tax are established on the basis of tax rates which are to be applied when disappear short-term differences. Main short-term differences arise from different wear and tear rates applied by accounting and taxation needs as well as from particular accruals and tax losses which have been transferred on to the following five years. The assets of deferred company income tax in the financial statement are shown only in the case if their recoverability could be plausibly foreseen.

Possible liabilities and assets

In this financial statement the possible liabilities are not acknowledged. As liabilities they are acknowledged only when the possibility that funds will be spent becomes pretty plausible. Possible assets in this financial statement are not acknowledged, but they are shown only when plausibility that economic gains related to a transaction will reach the Holding is pretty grounded.

Allowances

Parent and subsidiary companies of the Holding pay social insurance payments, health, pension and unemployment payments according to the state established rates which are in force in the year of account and on the basis of gross salary. Parent company makes payments into private pension plans as well as makes health insurance payments. Parent company does not have to follow additional legal or other liabilities or to make additional payments if the state funded pension schemes or private pension plans can not meet their liabilities towards employees. Social insurance and pension plan payments as well as health insurance payments are included in the expenditures in the same period when the according payment was made. Pension plan payments and cash flow are similar, and the employer does not account assets or liabilities by accruals method.

Associated persons

Associated persons are Holding's parent company's subsidiary companies and shareholders who can significantly influence the activity of the Holding's parent company, the members of council and board, their close relatives and companies in which the said persons have significant impact or control.

Events after the end of the year of account

After the year of account, in the financial statement are shown the events which give additional information about the Holding's financial situation on the date of drawing up the balance sheet (correcting events). If the events after the end of the year of account are not correcting, they are shown in the notes of the annex to the financial statement only if they are significant.

Joint-stock company "Saldus mežrūpniecība" and its subsidiary companies Address: Mežvidi, Novadnieki Parish., LV-3801,

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Segments of the Holding activities

	logg	jing	timber pro	ocessing	Other and un	distributable	Tota	al
	30.06.2010	30.06.2009	30.06.2010	30.06.2009	30.06.2010	30.06.2009	30.06.2010	30.06.2009
	LVL	LVL	LVL	LVL	LVL	LVL	LVL	LVL
Net turnover	4 179 638	2 257 419	3 637 084	1 619 653	395 310	125 624	8 212 032	4 002 696
Production costs of sold	(3 531 162)	(2 100 476)	(3 615 495)	(1 236 540)	(244 065)	(59 657)	(7 390 722)	(3 396 673)
products								
Selling costs	(357 739)	(232 343)	(16 751)	(206 146)	(251 930)	(31 747)	(626 420)	(470 236)
General administration costs	(3 814)	(4 946)	(19 813)	(403)	(66 794)	(71 925)	(90 421)	(77 274)
Other incomes/expenditures	42 727	(455)	68 361	(71 605)	(96 482)	43 748	14 606	(28 312)
from economic activity								
Segment profit	329 650	(80 801)	53 386	104 959	(263 961)	6 043	119 075	30 201
Financial expenditures, net	(43 179)	(42 011)	61 536	43 589	(46 064)	(78 557)	(27 707)	(76 979)
Company income tax							-	-
(undistributable)								
Other taxes	(55)	(402)	(7 732)	(9 714)	(1 618)	(9 332)	(9 405)	(19 448)
Net result	286 416	(123 214)	107 190	138 834	(311 643)	(81 846)	81 963	(66 226)
Segment assets	5 942 339	4 983 625	5 023 999	2 683 233	1 168 561	2 549 339	12 134 899	10 216 197
Segment liabilities	5 359 653	3 526 567	3 858 627	3 751 743	2 916 619	2 937 887	12 134 899	10 216 197
	log	ging	timber pr	ocessing	Otl	her	Tot	al
	2008	2007	2008	2007	2008	2007	2008	2007
	EUR	EUR	EUR	EUR	EUR	EUR	EUR	EUR
Net turnover	5 947 089	3 212 018	5 175 104	2 304 559	562 475	178 747	11 684 669	5 695 323
Production costs of sold	(5 024 391)	(2 988 708)	(5 144 386)	(1 759 438)	(347 273)	(84 884)	(10 516 050)	(4 833 030)
products								
Selling costs	(509 017)	(330 594)	(23 835)	(293 319)	(358 464)	(45 172)	(891 315)	(669 086)
General administration costs	(5 427)	(7 038)	(28 191)	(573)	(95 039)	(102 340)	(128 657)	(109 951)
Other incomes/expenditures	60 795	(647)	97 269	(101 885)	(137 282)	62 248	20 782	(40 284)
from economic activity								
Segment profit	469 050	(114 969)	75 961	149 343	(375 583)	8 598	169 428	42 972
Financial expenditures, net	(61 438)	(59 776)	87 558	62 022	(65 543)	(111 777)	(39 424)	(109 531)
Company income tax	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other taxes	(78)	(572)	(11 002)	(13 822)	(2 302)	(13 278)	(13 382)	(27 672)
Net result	407 533	(175 318)	152 518	197 543	(443 428)	(116 456)	116 623	(94 231)
Segment assets	8 455 187	7 091 060	7 148 507	3 817 897	1 662 713	3 627 383	17 266 406	14 536 339
Segment liabilities	7 626 099	5 017 853	5 490 332	5 338 249	4 149 975	4 180 237	17 266 406	14 536 339

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3. Segments of the Holding activities (continuation)

The Holding shows information through particular segments.

The above table shows the Holding's profit or loss posts and the distribution of assets and liabilities through segments:

The management of the Holding believe that it is not useful to prepare cash flow statements through different segments.

Segment descriptions:

Logging

Income in this segment mainly arises from selling of round timber, obtained in logging, and timber transportation in the territory of Latvia and from the income from logging services.

Timber processing

Income in this segment mainly arises from selling of sawn timber which was obtained in the production process and from rendering of different services which are related to timber processing.

Other

Collected lease payments for the use of the company's real estate and other income which is not related to the company's economic activity.

4. Net turnover through geographical segments

Since the economic activity of the Holding is mainly performed in Latvia and all significant assets are situated in Latvia, the management believe that it is not useful to prepare a statement through geographical segments as the amount of income from different geographical segments does not exceed 10 % of total income.

	30.06.2010	30.06.2009	30.06.2010	30.06.2009
	LVL	LVL	EUR	EUR
Income from sales, int. Al.	7 825 288	319 841	11 134 382	455 093
Latvia	7 817 380	283 202	11 123 130	402 960
Russia	7 908	35 773	11 252	50 900
the EU countries		866	0	1 232
ncome from rendering of services, int. Al.	386 744	82 855	550 287	117 892
Latvia	385 131	82 855	547 992	117 892
Russia	1 613		2 295	0
	8 212 032	402 696	11 684 669	572 985

4. Financial instruments

The main financial instruments of the Holding are granted and received short-term loans, money, short-term deposits and financial lease. The main objective of these financial instruments is to secure the financing of Holding's economic activity. Also, the holding comes in touch with some other financial instruments, for example, debts of buyers and customers and debts of other debtors, debts to suppliers and constructors and other debtors which directly arise from its economic activity.

Financial risks

The main financial risks related to the Holding's financial instruments are: credit risk, currency risk, interest risk and liquidity risk.

Credit risk

The parent company of the Holding and the Holding itself is subjected to credit risks which arise from the debts of buyers and customers, short and long-term loans.

The Holding controls its credit risks by constantly estimating the history of how debtors pay back their debts and by establishing crediting conditions for each customer separately. Besides, the company constantly monitors the reminders of debtors' debts in order to decrease the possible of arising of unrecoverable debts. The Holding does not posses a significant concentration of credit risks towards a particular partner or similar transactions with a group of partners.

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Foreign currency risk

To the financial assets which are under foreign currency risk belong money and its equivalents, debts of buyers and customers, advance payments for construction work, short-term loans, debts to suppliers and contractors, long-term debts to financial institutions and leasing companies.

The holding does not use any financial instruments to administrate currency fluctuations risks.

Interest risk

The companies which belong to the Holding are subjected to the interest risk; mainly they are loans from crediting institutions and leasing companies.

The management of the Holding think that the financial assets and liabilities of the Holding on March 31, 2010 were not subjected to any important interest rate risks as the deviance from the real value of particular financial assets and liabilities was not significant.

Liquidity risk

The Holding is controlling its liquidity risk by securing relevant financing, by using credit lines and loans granted by the bank and its parent company, by planning terms of paying back loans, by establishing and analyzing cash flows of the next periods arising from existing and planned loans and interest fees due. The system on how to prepare the Holding's budget is very useful and helpful in the process of management and control of liquidity risks.

Real value

All financial assets and liabilities of the Holding which are not shown in their real value- money, debtors, other debtors, received and granted loans, debts to suppliers and contractors and the balance value of other debts correspond with their real value.