AS "VEF Radiotehnika RRR"

Unified Registration No. 40003286712

Address: Kurzemes prospekts 3, Riga, LV-1067

ANNUAL REPORT

FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 31 March 2017

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GENERAL INFORMATION

Full name of the Company

AS "VEF Radiotehnika RRR"

Legal status of the Company

Public Joint-Stock Company

Registration No., place and date of issue 40003286712

1998.12.11

Legal address of the CompanyKurzemes prospekts 3, Riga, LV-1067

Phone number 67418087

NACE code 26.40 Manufacture of electronic devices

Real estate management with remuneration

or based on agreements

Council members

Chairman of the CouncilBoriss LivčaCouncil MemberInārs KļaviņšCouncil MemberOlga RomaņkoCouncil MemberGenādijs HotejevsCouncil MemberVjačeslavs Mihailovins

Board members

Chairman of the Board $Eduards \ Malejevs$ Board Member $\bar{E}riks \ Ertmanis$

Reporting year from 2017.01.01 till 2017.03.31

Previous reporting year from 2016.01.01 till 2016.12.31

Chief AccountantOlga RomaņkoPhone number67852054

Auditor SIA Grant Thornton Baltic

Certified Auditors Company

License No. 155

Blaumana Street 22, Riga, LV-1011

 $Responsible\ certified\ auditor:$

Kaspars Rutkis Certificate No. 171

Management report

Principal activities

The main activities of AS "VEF Radiotehnika RRR" in 2017 were:

- 1. Real estate renting services;
- 2. Purchase and sales of acoustic systems and their enclosures.

New types of activities have not been performed. In the future it is planned to restore acoustic systems development, organization of production and sales

Operations of the Company during the reporting year

Reporting year results of the Company are the following:

Result before extraordinary items and taxes: 1 416 655 EUR
Net result: 1 416 655 EUR

Net turnover in 2017 was EUR 279 094. As at 31 March 2017 the Company's current liabilities significantly exceed its current assets the same as it was in previous year.

As at January 5, 2015 Riga Kurzeme District Court announced AS VEF Radiotehnika RRR legal protection process implementation, approved the legal protection process action plan, set the legal protection implementation period till January 5, 2017 and appointed Vigo Krastiņš as an administrator of legal protection.

In order to settle payments to creditors the legal protection process plan provides to sell the Company's owned non-profile assets – real estate, as well as production renewal. In 2016 the Company signed a part of the real estate sale transactions and according to the legal protection process plan partially settled the liabilities to AS SEB bank and State revenue service. In 2016 it is expected to sell a significant portion of the Company's remaining investment property.

The Company's 2016 annual financial report has been prepared under the going concern principle. The Company's ability to continue operations isdepends on the ability to successfully realize the intended sale of real estate transactions, as well as restoring production volumes.

At the end of 2016 the Company has resumed production processes and has already produced the first orders that were shipped to customers abroad. For example, as in Austria, Germany, Italy, Estonia, Lithuania, Russia and potentially in other countries.

The Company's management believes that it will be able to stabilize the Company's operations in 2016, to realize the planned sale of real estate, settled with SEB bank and implement the legal protection process plan and to start production in order to restore the Company's revenues, profits and positive cash flow. Consequently, the Company's management believes that the Company's 2016 financial report has been prepared based on the application of the principle of continuation.

Management of the Company believes that it will be able to stabilize operations of the Company, realize the planned sale of real estate in 2016, settle liabilities to SEB bank and implement the actions provided by legal protection process plan, especially to launch the production process thus restoring profits and positive cash flow. Consequently, the Company's management believes that going concern principle is appropriate basis for preparation of the annual accounts of 2015.

Post balance sheet events

As at 12 February 2016 and 31 May 2016 Riga Kurzeme District Court approved amendments to the Company's legal protection process plan versions amended accordingly on 11 January 2016 and 18 April 2016. The amendments mainly specify the legal protection process implementation timetable in relation to sale of real estate.

 $On\ January\ 31,\ 2017,\ Riga\ Kurzemes\ Court\ decided\ to\ terminate\ the\ legal\ protection\ process\ of\ JSC\ "VEF\ Radiotehnika\ RRR".$

Reducing the remaining uncovered unsecured creditors of the principal claim for 80% of the company increased its profit for 1272 thousands EUR and as a result, the Company has a positive equity and current assets exceed current liabilities.

Apart from the above, from the last date until today there have been no other events that could significantly affect the review the assessment or who should additionally be explained in the financial statements.

${\bf Proposals} \ {\bf for} \ {\bf profit} \ {\bf distribution}$

The Company plans to use profit of 2017 to cover part of the prior years" loss.

Chairman of the Board	Eduards Maļejev
Member of the Board	Ēriks Ertmanis

Statement of the management's responsibility

Company's management is responsible for the preparation of the financial statements for each reporting period on the basis of the accounting principles and which reflect true and fair view of the company's financial situation as well as operating results.

The management confirms that in the preparation of the annual report for the period ended 31 March 2017, appropriate accounting principles were consistently applied and justified and prudent decisions were made.

Management is responsible for application of appropriate accounting principles, safeguarding of the company's assets as well as prevention of fraud and other unlawful activities.

The management of the Company confirms, that is has provided information and explanations required for the audit.

Chairman of the Board Eduards Maļejevs

Member of the Board Ēriks Ertmanis

30 May, 2017

Profit or loss account for the year ended 31 March 2017

Chief Accountant

30 May, 2017

	Notes	2017 EUR	2016 EUR
Net sales	1	279 094	979 652
b) other operating activities		279 094	979 652
Cost of sales	2	(170 287)	(1 088 940)
Gross loss		108 807)	(109 288)
Selling expenses	3	(2 513)	(57 931)
Administrative expenses	4	(14 612)	(108 462)
Other operating income	5	1 327 826	148 840
Other operating expenses	6	(2 853)	(862 220)
Interest expenses and similar expenses	7	-	(15 620)
Profit before taxes		1 416 655	(1 004 681)
Current year's profit / (loss)		1 416 655	(1 004 681)
Profit/ (loss) per share		0.556	(0.394)
Notes on pages from 11 to 18 are integral part of these financial state	ements.		
Chairman of the Board		Eduards Maļejevs	
Member of the Board		Ēriks Ertmanis	

Olga Romanko

Balance sheet as at 31.03.2017

ASSETS	Note	2017	2016
		EUR	EUR
1. Non-current assets			
II. Fixed assets:			
1.Real estate renting services			
Land, buildings and constructions		120 888	120 888
Equipment and vehicles		276 006	276 006
Other fixed assets		21 946	21 946
Total fixed assets:	8	418 840	418 840
V.Long-term financial investments			
Loans to related parties	13	309 160	309 160
Total non-current financial investments:		309 160	309 160
Total long-term financial investments:		707 335	728 000
2. Current assets			
I. Inventory:			
Raw materials	9	21 374	13 471
Work in progress	10	49 363	49 363
Finished goods and goods for sale	10	26 386	31 111
Advance payments for materials	11	11 011	9 157
Total inventory:		108 134	103 102
III. Receivables:			
Trade receivables	12	52 880	67 970
Receivables from related parties	13	93 680	76 583
Other receivables	14	60 822	218 426
Prepaid expenses	15	163	9
Total receivables:		207 545	362 988
V. Cash	16	8 455	393
Total current assets:		324 134	466 483
TOTAL ASSETS:		1 031 469	1 194 483
TOTAL ASSETS.		1 031 407	1 1/7 703

Notes on pages from 11 to 20 are integral part of these financial statements.

Balance sheet as at 31.03.2017

LIABILITIES AND			
SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY	Note	2017	2016
SHAREHOLDERS EQUIT		EUR	EUR
1. Shareholders' equity:			
Share capital	17	3 568 718	3 568 718
Long term investment revaluation reserve	19	60 649	60 649
Reserves		58 302	58 302
Retained earnings/ (accumulated loss):			
a) accumulated loss of previous years	18	(4 470 433)	(3 465 753)
b) current year profit/ (loss)	18	1 416 655	(1 004 681)
Total sharehold	lers' equity:	633 891	(782 765)
3. Liabilities:			
J. Non-current liabilities:			
Trade accounts payable	22	35 471	_
Taxes and social security liabilities	24	31 269	_
Total non-curre	ent liabilities:	66 740	
II. Current liabilities:			
Loans from other creditors	20	23 300	13 597
Advances from customers	21	70	7 201
Trade accounts payable	22	220 391	1 191 550
Payables to related parties	23	-	165 098
Taxes and social security liabilities	24	29 699	243 902
Other creditors	27	17 844	17 849
Accrued liabilities	28	39 534	40 375
Deferred income	29		297 676
Total current li	abilities:	330 838	1 977 248
Total lia	abilities:	397 578	1 977 248
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDERS' B	OTHTV.	1 031 469	1 194 483
TOTAL LIADILITIES AND SHAREHULDERS' E	QUIII:	1 031 409	1 174 463

Notes on pages from 11 to 18 are integral part of these financial statements.

Chairman of the Board Eduards Malejevs

Member of the Board Ēriks Ertmanis

Chief Accountant Olga Romanko

30 May, 2017

Cash flow statement for the year ended 31 March 2017 (indirect method)

I. Cash flow from operating activities	Note	2017	2016
		EUR	EUR
Loss before extraordinary items and taxes		1 416 655	(1 004 681)
Adjustments for:			
a) depreciation of fixed assets and investment properties		20 665	259 152
b) profit/loss from sale of fixed assets		-	(131 208)
c) interest payments and similar activities		-	15 620
d)depreciation of revalued fixed assets			(896)
e) profit from penalties		(297 676)	
Loss before working capital and current liabilities adjustments		1 139 644	(862 013)
Adjustments for:			
a) debtors increase (-) or decrease (+)		15 090	89 899
b) inventory increase (-) or decrease (+)		(5 032)	(93 945)
c) accounts payable to suppliers and other creditors			
increase (+) or decrease (-)		(965 254)	341 285
Gross cash flow from operating activities		184 448	(524 774)
Interest payments		-	(15 620)
Real estate loss		(176 386)	
Real estate tax payments		-	(88 367)
Cash flow before extraordinary items		8 062	(628 761)
Net cash flow from operating activity		8 062	(628 761)
II. Cash flow from investing activities			
Proceeds from disposal of fixed assets and intangibles		-	1 300 000
Net cash flow from investing activities		-	1 300 000
III. Cash flow from financing activities			
Loans repaid		-	(679 845)
Net cash flow from financing activities		-	(679 845)
V. Net cash flow for the year		8 062	(8 606)
VI. Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the period		393	8 999
VII. Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the period	16	8 455	393

Notes on pages from $11\ \text{to}\ 18$ are integral part of these financial statements.

Chairman of the Board Eduards Malejevs

Member of the Board Ēriks Ertmanis

Chief Accountant Olga Romanko

30 May, 2017

Statement of changes in equity for the year ended 31 March 2017

	Share capital	Reserve	Long term investment revaluation reserve	Result of the reporting year	Previous year's retained earnings/ (accumulated loss)	Total shareholders' equity
	EUR		EUR	EUR	EUR	EUR
Balance as on December 31, 2015	3 627 020		153 845	43 068	(3 508 848)	315 085
Loss carried over	-		-	(43 068)	43 068	-
Loss for the year	-		-	(1 004 681)	-	(1 004 681)
Correction of previous years	-		-	-	27	27
Change in revaluation reserve	(58 302)	58 302	(93 196)	-	-	(93 196)
Balance as on December 31, 2016	3 568 718	58 302	60 649	(1 004 681)	(3 508 848)	(782 765)
Loss carried over	-		-	1 004 681	(1 004 681)	
Profit for the year	•		-	1 416 655	-	1 416 655
Rounding effect	-		-	-	-	-
Change in revaluation reserve				-	-	
Balance as on March 31, 2016	3 568 718	58 302	60 649	1 416 655	(4 470 434)	633 891

Notes on pages from 11 to 18 are integral part of these financial statements.

30 May, 2017

Chairman of the Board Eduards Malejevs

Member of the Board Ēriks Ertmanis

Chief Accountant Olga Romanko

Notes

Accounting policies and methods

General Principles

The Annual Report is prepared in accordance with the corresponding laws of the Republic of Latvia - "Law On Accounting" and "Law on Annual Reports", the Cabinet Regulation No 488 "Application of Law on Annual Reports" the Cabinet Regulation No 481 "Contents and procedure for the preparation of the cash flow report and report of changes in shareholders' equity".

Profit and loss statement is prepared using turnover (period) costs method.

Cash flow statement is prepared using indirect method.

Changes to the accounting policies

Compared to the previous year, the accounting policy has not been changed.

Reclassifications

In 2017 there have been no changes in classification of items in comparison with the 2016.

Transactions in foreign currency

At the end of the reporting year foreign currency cash balance and balances of advances and loans denominated in foreign currencies as well as other debtors' or creditors' debts payable in foreign currencies are translated from the foreign currency to the euro in accordance with the foreign exchange rates in force on the last date of the reporting year. The resulting profit or loss is charged to the profit and loss

Currency rates at the last reporting date for the past two years have been the following:

2017.03.31 2016 12 31 USD 1.0691 1,0541

Long-term and short-term items

The following amount are shown in the current assets:

- * that shall be used or realized during the usual working cycle of the Company;
- * that are mainly for trading purposes or are of short-term nature and can be realized within 12 months after the Balance Sheet date;
- * that are cash or cash equivalents, possessing unlimited usage options.

Other assets are classified as long-term.

The following current liabilities are shown:

- * that will be paid off during the usual working cycle of the Company;
- * that will be paid off within 12 months after the Balance Sheet date;

Other liabilities are classified as long-term.

Fixed Assets

Fixed assets are physical objects with useful life over 12 calendar months and acquisition value of 70 EUR and more. All fixed assets are valued by their acquisition value.

Fixed assets are shown using their acquisition or revaluations value, less depreciation. Depreciation is calculated using the straight-line method, reducing the net book value of the asset at the end of useful life using the following rates:

* Buildings and constructions	1-5	%
* Technological equipment	5-20	%
* Transport vehicles	10-20	%
* Furniture	10-20	%
* Other fixed assets	10-20	%
* Mobile phones	35	%
* Computers and other data storage units	15-35	%

^{*} Depreciation on land plots is not calculated.

Fixed assets depreciation are calculated from acquisition costs less residual value. If the residual value is immaterial, it is not considered. Repairs and maintenance are charged to the profit and loss account during the period in which they are incurred. Any gain or loss arising on derecognition of the asset (calculated as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the item) is included in the income statement in the year the item is derecognized.

Interest costs on borrowing to finance the fixed assets under construction and other direct charges related to the particular fixed asset under construction are capitalized, during the period of time that is required to complete and prepare the asset for its intended use, as part of the cost of the asset. Capitalization of the borrowing costs is suspended during extended periods in which active developments are interrupted.

Investment property

Investment property is land, buildings, parts of buildings and constructions that the Company (as an owner or lessee in finance lease agreement) holds with the intention to gain rental (lease) income or gain increase in value of the investment by means of market value increase of the asset. The property is not utilized for production purposes. Service provision, administrative needs or other ordinary business activities of the company. Investment properties are initially recognized at acquisition cost, including transaction costs. After initial recognition investment properties are valued at revalued amounts (please see fixed assets recognition and depreciation accounting policy). Investment property is derecognized upon disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected to arise from the continued use of the asset. Any gain or loss arising on derecognition of the asset (calculated as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the item) is included in the income statement in the year the item is derecognized. Transfers are made to investment property when, and only when, there is a change in use, evidenced by ending of owner-occupation, commencement of an operating lease to another party or ending of construction or development. Transfers are made from investment properties when, and only when, there is a change in use, evidenced by commencement of owner-occupation or commencement of development with a view to sale.

Inventory valuation

Inventories are valued using FIFO method.

In case of necessity, outdated, slow turnover or damaged inventories' values decrease is written-off, or provisions are made. Unused material values and stocks at the end of reporting period are valued on historic cost basis, with addition of additional costs.

Inventory items are recorded in the actual volumes at historical cost in the sub account specially dedicated for these purposes.

Inventory balances are checked during annual inventory.

Debtors

Accounts receivables are shown in the Balance Sheet on a net (purchase) value, with special provisions for doubtful debts subtracted. The necessary amount of provisions has been set by analyzing each debtor and by performing debt comparison. Bad debts are written off when the likelihood of recovering the debt becomes unrealistic and impossible.

Net turnover

Turnover is the total of goods sold during the year less Value Added Tax.

Revenue is recognized when the significant risks and rewards of ownership of the goods have passed to the buyer and the amount of revenue can be measured reliably. Revenue from sale of goods outside Latvia is recognized based on the terms of delivery.

Income and expenses acknowledgement

- 1. Income from sale of goods is recognized when the transaction complies with the following requirements:
- a) The Company has handed over to the buyer distinctive risks and rewards together with ownership rights of the goods;
- b) The Company no longer executes holding rights or control related to the ownership rights over the goods sold;
- c) can credibly evaluate the income amount;
- d) it is believed that as a result of the transaction, the Company will receive commercial benefits;
- e) can credibly evaluate costs arisen or arising related to the transaction.

Sale of goods is reflected, considering transaction's economic nature, not only legal form.

- 2. Result of the service supply transaction can credibly calculate, if the following conditions are met:
- a) can credibly evaluate the income amount;
- b) it is believed that as a result of the transaction, the Company will receive commercial benefits;
- c) can credibly evaluate, what is service supply volume in percentage at the Balance Sheet date;
- d) can credibly evaluate costs arisen or arising related to the transaction.
- 3. Incomes which arise if other parties use Company's assets and thus receive interest, royalties or dividends, can be recognized using the following methods, if:
- a) it is believed that as a result of the transaction, the Company will receive commercial benefits;
- b) can credibly evaluate the income amount;
- 4. Incomes from rent at the moment of coming into existence;

All significant cost items are processed per accumulation principle.

Reserves

Reserves are formed in order to cover certain liabilities, which are related to the reporting period or previous periods, can be foreseen at the time of preparation of the Annual Report or known not to exceed these amounts. The level of the reserves is set in accordance with the methods, adopted by the Company.

Provisions for unused vacations

Amount of the provisions is calculated by multiplying the average wage of employees in the last six months per day by the amount of accrued but unused annual leave at the end of the reporting year.

Loans received and loans issued

Loans received and loans issued are initially shown in their original amount, which is stated in corresponding Loan Agreement at the transaction date. Amounts of loans issued from the lending institutions are to be compared with the written statements with acceptance from lending institutions at the end of the reporting year. For loans received in foreign currency, the remaining principal amount is calculated per European Central bank exchange rate on the last day of the reporting year.

Deferred liabilities

All invoices, received or issues after the reporting year yet related to the expenses which have arisen during the reporting year, the costs of which are known at the end of the reporting year, are treated as deferred liabilities. Deferred liabilities are shown in the Balance Sheet in a separate row.

Taxes

Corporate Income Tax for the reporting year is included in the Financial Statements, based on the known tax rates at the date of the Balance Sheet, in accordance with calculations performed in compliance with the tax legislation of the Republic of Latvia.

Deferred tax is calculated in accordance with the liabilities method in relation to all temporary discrepancies between assets and liability amounts in the Financial Statements and their values for the purpose of tax calculations. Tax rate used for calculation of deferred tax, is a rate which is expected to be during the period in which the temporary discrepancies are resolved based on the tax rates effective on the date of the Balance Sheet. Temporary discrepancies mainly arise die to usage of different fixed asset depreciation rates, as well as from tax losses, which are transferred to the future taxation periods. The total deferred tax result is shown in the Asset part of the Balance Sheet and is to be entered in the Financial Statements only in cases when the return of the tax is definite. The reconciliation of tax liability data with State Revenue Service is performed.

Estimates and assumptions

The preparation of annual accounts requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, income and expense, and disclosure of contingencies. Thus actual results may differ from these calculations. Legislation of the Republic of Latvia states that when preparing annual accounts, Company's management has to evaluate and to draft assumptions, which affect both Balance Sheet and off-Balance Sheet assets and liabilities on the Balance Sheet date, as well as shown income and expenses for the reporting period. Actual results may differ from these estimates (for example, deferred Corporate Income Tax liabilities, vacation provisions etc.).

Possible liabilities and assets

In these Financial Statements possible liabilities are not displayed but are reflected in the Notes to Financial Statements. As liabilities are recognized only when, if possibility that the funds will be paid out becomes founded. Possible assets in these Financial Statements are not recognized. Possible assets are shown in the Financial Statements only when there is enough proof that the economic benefits will reach the company.

Events after the end of the reporting year

Certain events which give additional information about Company's financial standing at the Balance Sheet date (correcting factors) have been considered during the preparation of the Financial Statements. If post Balance Sheet date events are not correcting factors, they are included in the Financial Statements only if they are substantial.

(1) Net Turnover

Debt write-off
Other operating income

(1) Net Turnover		
	2017	2016
Type of activity Income from exports of finished goods	EUR 11 466	73 640
Income from rent of premises	297	186 885
Income from sale of finished goods in the local market	9 023	25361
Income from utility services	252 115	689 341
Income from sale of materials	6 193	4 425
Total	279 094	979 652
	2017	2016
(2) Cost of goods sold	EUR	EUR
Cost type Personnel costs	14 754	48 135
Provisions for annual leave and social security	14 /34	(1 620)
Depreciation of fixed assets	10 918	132 986
Depreciation of fixed assets (project 124000075)	9 747	126 166
Write-off of low-value inventory	-	7 431
Change in stocks of finished goods	991	(176 580)
Change in stock of purchased materials and goods	8 037	173 066
Ongoing maintenance and repair	2 832	130 952
Real estate maintenance, including utilities	121 020	616 028
Other taxes	1 232	21 332
Other costs Total	756 170 287	7 805 1 088 940
10141	170 207	1 000 740
	2017	2016
(3) Selling expenses	EUR	EUR
Cost type		
Goods' transportation costs	2 113	6
Commissions paid Other selling expenses (marketing)	135	56 070 1 305
Advertising costs	265	550
Total	2 513	57 931
	2017	2016
(4) Administrative expenses	<u>EUR</u>	EUR
Cost type Personnel costs	8 307	45 845
Provisions for annual leave and social security	-	2 802
Representation costs	320	2067
Office expenses	911	4 836
Communication expenses	653	7 815
Bank expenses	359	2 600
Accounting and legal expenses	2 013	21 801
Consulting services	-	10 925
Other administrative costs	2 049	9 771
Total	14 612	108 462
(5) Other operating income		
•	2017	2016
Type on income	EUR	EUR
Net income from sale of real estate *	-	131 208
Dobt vysita off	1 227 700	17 622

1 327 789

37

17 632

Total	1 327 826	148 840
(6) Other operating expenses	·	
	2017	2016
Type of income/expense	EUR	EUR
Net loss from foreign exchange rate fluctuations	176	129
Penalties	2 623	32 574
Bad debts written off	-	8 870
Provisions for unsecured debts	-	133 120
Technological equipment	-	684 320
Expenditures not related to economic activity	54	2 052
Expenditure related to economic activity	<u> </u>	1 155
Total	2 853	862 220
	2017	2017
(7) Interest expense and similar expenses	2017	2016 EUD
Type of costs	<u>EUR</u>	EUR
Loan interest paid		15 620
Total	_	15 620

(8) Fixed Assets

	Real estate	Technological equipment	Investment properties	Other fixed assets	Total EUR
Historical cost	•				
01.01.2017	175 492	2 625 649	2 881 598	66 056	5 748 795
Disposed	-		-	-	_
Reclassified	-	_		_	_
31.03.2017.	175 492	2 625 649	2 881 598	66 056	5 748 795
Depreciation					
01.01.2017	54 604	2 349 643	2 881 598	44 110	5 329 955
Depreciation charge	716	19 401	-	548	20 665
Disposals	-	-	-	-	-
31.03.2017.	55 320	2 369 044	2 881 598	44 658	5 350 620
Net book value					
31.12.2016.	120 888	276 006	-	21 946	418 840
Net book value					
31.03.2017.	120 171	256 606	-	21 398	398 175

(9) Raw materials	2017 EUR	2016 EUR
Raw materials Inventory in use	21 374	13 471
Provision for inventory loss Total	21 374	13 471
(10) Work in progress and finished goods	2017 EUR	2016 EUR
Work in progress	49 363 49363	49 363 49 363
Finished goods and in warehouse Provision for decrease in value	70 630 (44 244)	75 355 (44 982)

			_
Total	26 386	31 111	=
(44) 4.1			
(11) Advance payments for goods	2017	2016	
50000	EUR	EUR	
			_
Advances (non-residents)	3 971	2 433	
Advances (residents)-	7 040	6 896	_
Total	11 011	9 157	_
			=
(12) Trade receivables	2017	2016	
()	EUR	EUR	
	2011	2011	_
Receivables(non-residents)	26 776	15 071	
Receivables (residents)	213 661	240 456	
Provisions for doubtful	213 001	240 430	
debtors	(187 557)	(187 557)	
Total	52 880	67 970	_
•			=
(10) D. J. H. G. J. J. J. J.			
(13) Receivables from related parties		2017	2016
		EUR	EUR
Loans (non-current)*		309 160	309 160
Payments for goods		93 680	76 583
Total current receivables:		93 680	76 583
Total		402 840	385 743

^{*}On 12 November 2012 the Company issued non-interest bearing unsecured loan of EUR 309 160 to the related company SIA "Imanta Retail Park" with maturity on 10 November 2013. On 11 November 2013 the maturity date was changed to 12 November 2018, because SIA "Imanta Retail Park" was subordinated loan in relation to its loan from AS ABLV Bank.

(14) Other receivables	2017	2016
	EUR	EUR
Settlements with employees	26 938	12 292
Other debtors	406	380
Settlements with management	20 178	11 378
Loans to employees	7 248	7 248
Provision for loans to employees	(7 248)	(7 248)
Short-term loan SIA LAS-RT for launch of production	13 300	227 012
Provision for loan SIA LAS-RT	-	(32 636)
Total	60 822	218 426
(15) Deferred expenses Insurance costs	2017 EUR 163	2016 EUR 9
Total	163	9
(16) Cash and cash equivalents	2017 EUR	2016 EUR
Cash in bank accounts	8 455	393
Total	8 455	393

(17) Information on the Company's share capital

As at 31 December 2016 the subscribed and fully paid share capital consists of 2 549 084 ordinary shares with a nominal value of 1.40 EUR each. Share capital is presented according to the official exchange rate, converting from lats to euro, therefore value of one share is not expressed in full euro. Denomination of share capital from lats to euro was registred on August 08, 2016

AS "VEF Radiotehnika RRR" major shareholders are:

Shareholders Number of shares			Value				
Shareholders	Number	or shares	LVL		EUR		
	2016.12.31	2017.03.31	2016.12.31	2017.03.31	2016.12.31	2017.03.31	
Eduards Maļejevs	741 880	741 880	741 880	941 880	1 038 632	1 038 632	
Jurijs Maļejevs	864 512	864 512	864 512	864 512	1 210 317	1 210 317	
Armands Maļejevs	264 519	264 519	264 519	-	370 327	370 327	
Inga Sprūga	65 567	65 567	65 567	330 086	91 794	91 794	
Jekaterina Maļejeva	270 000	270 000	270 000	270 000	378 000	378 000	
Ēriks Ertmanis	200 000	200 000	200 000	-	280 000	280 000	
Others (<5%)	142 606	142 606	142 606	142 606	199 648	199 648	
Total:	2 549 084	2 549 084	2 549 084	2 549 084	3 568 718	3 627 020	

AS"VEF Radiotehnika RRR" shares are listed on the list of shares are quoted on the AS Nasdag Riga second list.

Chairman of Board Eduards Malejevs own 741 880 shares;

Member of the Board Eriks Ertmanis owns 200 00 shares;

Members of the Council Genadijs Hotejevs owns 1 624 shares;

Member of the Council Vjacheslavs Mihailovins owns 695 shares.

(18) Retained earnings/(accumulated loss)

In accordance with decisions of Shareholders' meetings, the accumulated loss of previous years to be covered with the next years' profits.

	2017	2016
	EUR	EUR
	(4.450.400)	(3 465
Previous years' accumulated loss	(4 470 433)	780)
Correction	-	27
Current year's profit/(loss)	1 416 655	(1 004 681)
Total	(3 053 778)	(4 470 434)
(19) Long-term investment revaluation reserve		
(12) Bong term investment revaluation reserve	2017	2016
	EUR	EUR
Opening balance	60 649	153 845
Depreciation charge for the reporting year	-	(896)
Impairment of non-current assets		(92 300)
Closing balance	60 649	60 649

The Company's fixed assets (land and buildings) were revalued according to Ober Haus Real Estate Company report on the real estate market value dated with 29.08.2016.

400 0.4		-0.4
(20) Other loans	2017	2016
	EUR	EUR
Other loans	23 300	13 597
Total	23 300	13 597
(21) Advances from customers	2017	2016
	EUR	EUR
Advances from residents	70	7 201
Total	70	7 201
(22) Trade accounts payable		
	2017	2016
	EUR	EUR
Long-term part:		
Trade accounts payable to non-residents	-	-
Trade accounts payable to residents	35 471	-
Long-term part total	35 471	-

Short-term part:		
Trade accounts payable to non-residents	3 347	190
Trade accounts payable to residents	217 044	1 191 360
Legal protection process(t.sk.)	<u></u>	852 950
Short-term part total	220 391	1 191 550
Trade accounts payable total	255 862	1 191 550

Within the framework of the legal protection plan it was agreed with suppliers on delay of payments, setting the repayment term on 5 January 2017, which is after the implementation of the legal protection plan.

In 2014 trade payables (who agreed on delay of payments) was reclassified to long-term creditors and included in position "Trade accounts payable".

accounts payable.		
(23) Payables to related parties	2017	2016
	EUR	EUR
Short-term part:		
Loans	-	125 970
Payment for services		39 128
Legal protection process		146 506
Short-term part total		165 098
Payables to related parties total		165 098
Within the legal protection plan it was agreed to transfer the creditor claims to long-term.		
(24)Taxes and social insurance payments	2017	2016
•	EUR	EUR
Long-term part:	21.260	
Taxes and social insurance payments	31 269	
Long-term part total	31 269	-
Short-term part:		
Taxes and social insurance payments	243 902	283 339
+/-	(37 817)	(13 593)
Legal protection		(,
process	(176 386)	
Short-term part total:	29 699	283 339
(25) Other creditors	2017	2016
	EUR	EUR
Salaries	12 585	12 444
Advance settlement amounts	-	146
Security	5 259	5 259
Total	17 844	17 849
(26) Accrued liabilities	2017	2016
	EUR	EUR
Comment evenence		
Current expense Provision for unused vacation leave	25 096	25 937
	14 438	14 438
Total	39 534	40 375
(AT) D. 6. 11	2017	2016
(27) Deferred income	EUR	EUR
Legal protection plan fine		
Short-term part:		
Latvenergo AS Rico City Council Finance Penertment	-	73 489
Riga City Council Finance Department	-	108 100
The State Revenue Service	-	107 389
AS Rīgas siltums		8 698
Short-term part total		397 676

In case of successful implementation of legal protection plan, the Company will be extinguished from fine and penalty payments.

	2017	2016
(28) Average number of employees during the year		
Average number of employees during the year	19	17

(29) Transactions with related parties

The Company's shareholders have significant impact on SIA "Imanta Retail Park" and company "Albatross" Tukuma rajonā.

The goods are sold to related parties and bought from related parties on market based prices. Outstanding commitments at the end of the year not secured and settlement is made in cash. No guaranties have been received or issued in respect of related party transactions neither in 2016.

Related party		Sales to related parties	Purchases from related parties	Loans received	Amounts owed by related Parties as at 31 December	Amounts owed to related parties as at 31 December
SIA Imanta Retail	2017	169 044	-	-	402 840	-
Park"	2016	563 656	339 543	-	385 743	6 152
"Albatross" Tukuma	2017	-	-	-	-	-
rajonā	2016	-	-	-	-	158 946
TOTAL	2017	169 044	-		402 840	-
TOTAL	2016	563 656	339 553	-	385 743	165 098

(30) Post balance sheet events

The Riga City Kurzeme District Court has approved amendments to JSC "VEF Radiotehnika RRR" legal protection process action plan (September 30, 2016 version) on November 03, 2016.

Amendments to the legal protection plan plan states that this the remaining until now uncovered unsecured creditors' claims will reduced on the principal debt of 80% and will be covered by 20% during the legal protection plan.

As at 12 February 2016 and 31 May 2016 Riga Kurzeme District Court approved amendments to the Company's legal protection process plan versions amended accordingly on 11 January 2016 and 18 April 2016. The amendments mainly specify the extension of alienation period to two months of the undivided share of the land plot 6967/7842 and building located at Kurzemes prospekts 3D, Riga.

Except as disclosed above, from the last day of the financial year to the date of signing this report there have been no other significant bru (31) Going concern of the Company

As at September 19, 2014 Riga Kurzeme District Court decided to initiate AS VEF Radiotehnika RRR legal protection proceedings. As at January 5, 2015 Riga Kurzeme District Court announced AS VEF Radiotehnika RRR legal protection process implementation, approved the legal protection process action plan, set the legal protection implementation period till January 5, 2017 and appointed Vigo Krastinš as an administrator of legal protection.

The repayment term of the loan from AS SEB Banka ended as at 19 December 2014. Payments to the bank are made according to the approved legal protection plan approved on 5 January 2015.

In order to obtain funds the legal protection process plan provides to sell the Company's owned non-profile assets – real estate. In October 2015 the Company realized a part of the planned real estate sales. Sales price was EUR 945 000. As a result the Company settled liabilities to State revenue service and partially settled liabilities to AS SEB bank. The deal was part of the legal protection process plan.

In 2016 it is planned to sell part of the remaining investment properties of the Company. The mentioned properties were evaluated by an independent certified expert in 2015 and impairment of residual value was recognized in the annual accounts for the year ended 31 December 2015. On 28 December 2015 the management of the Company has signed a letter of intent on sale of real estate and on 20 April 2016 the Company received a confirmation from AS "Latvijas pasta banka" that it considers a possibility to finance real estate acquisition of the potential buyer. The intended selling price is EUR 1 300 000. The letter of intent provides the Company's rights to lease the necessary production premises after sale of the real estate.

The Company's result of the year is current year s lost of EUR 1 004 681, however it is not operating result, but effect from sale of real estate. The Company's revenue from lease increased to decrease and the Company has been able to resume production. As at the end of the reporting year current liabilities of the Company exceed its current assets by 427 thousand.

Despite the above, the Company's management believes that it will be able to stabilize the Company's operations by selling real estate, settling liabilities with SEB bank and implementing measures provided in the legal protection process action plan- especially launching production process thereby restoring the Company's revenues, profits and positive cash flow. Consequently, the Company's management believes that the Company's annual accounts have been correctly prepared applying the going concern principle.

Chairman of the Board Eduards Malejevs

Member of the Board Ēriks Ertmanis

Chief Accountant Olga Romanko
30 May, 2017