JSC "VEF Radiotehnika RRR" Unified Registration Nr. 40003286712 Address: Kurzemes prospekts 3, Riga, LV-1067

Main activities: production

Measurement units: Ls (LVL)

2010 Annual Report

Submission date: ______

Date of receipt: ______

Riga, Latvia

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INFORMATION about the COMPANY

Full name of the Company JSC "VEF Radiotehnika RRR"

Legal status of the Company Public Joint-Stock Company

 $\begin{array}{ll} \textbf{Unified Registration Nr., place and date of issue} & 40003286712 \\ \textbf{datums} & 11.12.1998 \end{array}$

Legal address of the Company Kurzemes prospekts 3, Riga, LV-1067

Telephone 67418087

Postal address Kurzemes prospekts 3, Riga, LV-1067

 Bank name and
 AS "SEB Latvijas Unibanka"

 Company's bank accounts
 LV57UNLA0050006466330 (LVL)

 LV55UNLA0050006466366 (EUR)
 LV32UNLA0050006466392 (USD)

Council members of the JSC

 Chairman of the Council
 Janis Salenieks

 Council Member
 Jurijs Malejevs

 Council Member
 Inga Spruga

 Council Member
 Ausma Smiltniece

 Council Member
 Vjačeslavs Mihailovins

Boar members of the JSC

Chairman of the Board Eduards Malejevs
Board Member Gunars Lacis

 Reporting year
 from
 01.01.2010
 till
 31.12.2010

 Previous reporting period
 from
 01.01.2009
 till
 31.12.2009

Chief Accountant Olga Romanko

Telephone: Auditor:

Auditing Company "Finansists" Ltd.
Talavas gatve 11-4, Riga, LV- 1029

Reg. Nr.LV-40002046180

Nelli Jermolicka sworn auditor

(Latvian Association of Sworn Auditors' Certificate Nr.102)

Management Report

Types of activities

During the 12 months of 2010 the main types of JSC "VEF Radiotehnika RRR" activities were:

- 1. Development of acoustic systems and casings, organisation of production, production and sales;
- 2. Production and sales of electronic blocks and Elektronisko bloku un components;
- 3. Production and sales of pressed circuit boards, galvanization services;
- 4. Provision of real estate rental services

All of the above-mentioned activities had been performed also in year 2010. New types of activies have not been performed.

Operation of the company in the reporting year

When analysing performance indicators of JSC "VEF Radiotehnika RRR" for the year 2010 it can be concluded that the year has been successful and stabile, with certain economical development. During the reporting year, the number of prospective customers (buyers) has grown both in the Baltic region as well as across European Union states, which is due to the audio equipment upgrade and development project implemented by the Company.

The Company has finished the financial year with the following results:

Result for the year before extraordinary items and taxes:	125968 LVL
Deferred corporate income tax:	0 LVL
Other taxes:	-99819 LVL
Net result:	26149 LVL

Net turnover for the year 2010 is 22887695Ls and has grown by 10,3 % in comparison with 2009.

There were no other significant events which could directly influence performance for the reporting year.

Current liabilities of the Company do not exceed current assets.

Total liabilities did not exceed total assets of the Company.

Compan	,,'6	nra	fita	hilit	٠,.
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Gross profit margin (%)	2.16
Operating profit margin (%)	16.8
Gross profit margin (%)	6.95

Financial profitability (%)

Return on capital	1.96
Return on equity	1.19

A number of major works and activities on improvement of working environment, production technology and competitiveness have been performend in 2010:

- 1) refurbishment works commenced in production block I-2;
- 2)Continued acquiring of the new technological equipment obtained by support of Grant financing.
- computer equipment upgrade has continued in order to replace old computers as well as to create new computerised working areas.

Company's development activities

Further development of the Company lies in research of both local and export markets, offering new products to customers with aims to retain existing customers and to attract new ones.

In 2010, the Company is planning to retain the current rate of sales growth, which shall be done by using the features of the new equipment to its full potential.

Conditions and events after Balance Sheet completion

From the end of the reporting year to this date there have been no events which could directly influence the value of this report.

Proposals for distribution of profits

During the reporting year, JSC "VEF Radiotehnika RRR" has ensured incomes which allowed to perform significant development activities, timely payment of all taxes as well as receipt of significant profits. The profit of the Company shall be used to cover losses from previous years.

Chairman of the Board **Eduards Malejevs**

Member of the Board **Gunars Lacis**

February 28, 2011

Annual report accepted at the Shareholders' Meeting on April 30, 2010

Notification of management's responsibility

Company's management is responsible for the preparation of the financial statements for each reporting period on the basis of the accounting principles and which reflect true and fair view of the company's financial situation as well as operating results.

The management confirms that in preparation of the report for the period ended December 31, 2010, the corresponding accounting principles have been applied, their use was consistent and the protective and logical decisions had been made.

Management is responsible for application of the necessary accounting principles, safeguarding company's assets as well as protection from misrepresentation and unlawful

Management confirms that for the purposes of carrying out the audit the necessary information and explanations have been given.

Chairman of the Board

Eduards Malejevs

Gunars Lacis

PROFIT AND LOSS STATEMENT FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 31.12.2010 (per turnover (period) costs method)

	Note	2010	2010	2009	2009
	nr.	LVL	EUR	LVL	EUR
Net turnover	1	1 208 962	1 720 198	1 347 232	1 916 938
Cost of sales	2	(1 124 881)	(1 600 561)	(1 143 198)	(1 626 624)
Gross profit or loss		84 081	119 637	204 034	290 314
Selling expenses	3	(64 869)	(92 300)	(33 907)	(48 245)
Administrative expenses	4	(236 905)	(337 085)	(264 036)	(375 689)
Other operating income	5	464 014	660 232	379 930	540 592
Other operating expenses	6	(43 204)	(61 474)	(51 089)	(72 693)
Interest income and similar income	7	6	9	18	26
Interest expense and similar expenses	8	(77 155)	(109782)	(96 795)	(137 727)
Profit or loss before extraordinary items and taxes		125 968	179 237	138 155	196 578
Profit or loss after extraordinary items and before taxes		125 968	179 237	138 155	196 578
Deferred corporate income tax for the reporting period	9		-	(13 050)	(18 568)
Other taxes	10	(99 819)	(142 030)	(102 345)	(145 624)
Profit or loss for the period		26 149	37 207	22 760	32 386
Earnings per share (EPS coefficient)		0.010	0.015	0.0089	0.0127

Chairman of the Board

Eduards Maļejevs

Gunars Lacis

BALANCE SHEET as on 31.12.2010.

ASSETS	Note	2010	2010	2009	2009
	nr.	LVL	EUR	LVL	EUR
1. Non-current assets					
I. Intangible assets:					
Concessions, patents, licenses, trade marks and similar rights	11	177	252	534	760
Total intangible assets:		177	252	534	760
II. Fixed assets:					
Land, buildings and constructions		953 830	1 357 178	997 499	1 419 313
Equipment and vehicles		1 465 889	2 085 772	1 616 132	2 299 549
Other fixed assets		82 770	117 771	96 141	136 796
Construction of fixed assets and unfinished construction objects Advance payments for fixed assets		38 052	54 143	38 052	54 143
Total fixed assets:	12	2 540 541	3 614 864	2 747 824	3 909 801
III. Investment properties					
Total investment properties:					-
IV. Biological assets		-			
Total biological assets					-
V. Long-term financial investments:					
Other loans and other long-term debtors		520	740	520	740
Deferred taxation assets		47 063	66 965	47 063	66 965
Total long-term financial investments:		47 583	67 705	47 583	67 705
Total non-current assets:		2 588 301	3 682 821	2 795 941	3 978 266
2. Current assets					
I. Inventory:					
Raw materials	13	244 987	348 585	304 668	433 504
Work in process	14	12 090	17 203	12 246	17 424
Finished goods	14	265 182	377 320	280 409	398 986
Advance payments for materials	15	86 479	123 049	75 874	107 959
Total inventory:		608 738	866 157	673 197	957 873
II. Sales-deferred long-term investments					
Total sales-deferred long-term investments:			-	-	-
III. Receivables:					
Trade receivables	16	540 919	769 658	662 676	942 903
Other receivables	17	139 096	197 916	125 606	178 721
Deferred expenses	18	1 190 959	1 694 582	1 219 931	1 735 805
Total receivables:		1 870 974	2 662 156	2 008 213	2 857 429
IV. Short-term financial investments:					
Other securities and capital participation		14	20	14	20
Total short-term financial investments:		14	20	14	20
V. Cash	19	368	524	2 592	3 688
Total currents assets:		2 480 094	3 528 857	2 684 016	3 819 010
TOTAL ASSETS	:	5 068 395	7 211 676	5 479 957	7 797 276

BALANCE SHEET as on 31.12.2010.

LIABILITIES AND	Note	2010	2009	2009	2008
SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY	nr.	LVL	EUR	LVL	EUR
1. Shareholders' equity:					
Share capital	20	2 549 084	3 627 020	2 549 084	3 627 020
Reserves:					
Total reserves:			-	-	
Retained earnings:					
a) previous years' retained earnings	21	- 370 188 -	526 730 -	392 949 -	559 116
b) current year profit/(loss)	21	26 149	37 207	22 760	32 385
Total shareholders' equity:		2 205 045	3 137 497	2 178 895	3 100 289
2. Provisions:					
Total provisions:		18 524	26 357	18 524	26 357
3. Liabilities:					
I. Non-current liabilities:					
Loans from lending institutions	22	1 522 208	2 165 907	1 522 208	2 165 907
Other loans	23	48 713	69 312	36 756	52 299
Deferred income	24	228 144	324 620	228 144	324 620
Total non-current liabilities:		1 799 065	2 559 839	1 787 108	2 542 826
II. Current liabilities:					
Loans from lending institutions	25	128 564	182 930	394 822	561 781
Other loans	26	28 264	40 216	63 235	89 975
Advances from customers	27	20 221	28 772	2 393	3 405
Trade accounts payable	28	512 670	729 464	444 241	632 098
Taxes and social security liabilities	29	275 983	392 688	281 883	401 083
Other liabilities	30	54 647	77 756	89 646	127 555
Deferred income	31	1	1	181 347	258 034
Accrued liabilities	32	25 411	36 157	37 863	53 874
Total current liabilities:		1 045 761	1 487 984	1 495 430	2 127 804
Total I	iabilities:	2 844 826	4 047 823	3 282 538	4 670 630
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDERS'	EQUITY:	5 068 395	7 211 676	5 479 957	7 797 276
		-	-	-	-

Chairman of the Board Eduards Malejevs

Member of the Board Gunars Lacis

CASH FLOW STATEMENT FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 31.12.2010 (per indirect method)

I. Cash flow from operating activity	2010	2010	2009	2009
	LVL	EUR	LVL	EUR
Profit or loss before extraordinary items and taxes	125 968	179 236	138 155	196 577
Adjustments for:				
a) depreciation of fixed assets	185 958	264 594	189 301	269 351
b) amortisation of goodwill	357	508	588	837
c) provisions (except for provisions for bad debts)		-	(45 266)	(64 408)
d) Profit or loss from the exchange rate fluctuations	508	723	2 256	3 210
e) ieņēmumi no līdzdalības koncerna meitas un asociēto sabiedrību kapitālos		-		-
f) income from subsidies, grants, gifts or donations	(181 347)	(258 034)	(181 347)	(258 034)
g) other income from interest or similar income	(6)	(9)	(18)	(26)
h) profit/loss from sale of fixed assets	(230 743)	$(328\ 318)$	$(197\ 080)$	(280 420)
i) interest payments and similar activities	77 155	109 782	96 795	137 727
k) other taxes	(123 671)	(175 968)	(32 484)	(46 221)
Profit or loss before current assets and				
short-term liabilities corrections	(145 821)	$(207\ 485)$	(29 100)	(41 405)
Adjustments for:				
a) trade receivables increase (-) or decrease (+)	108 267	154 050	(92 308)	(131 342)
b) inventory increase (-) or decrease (+)	64 459	91 717	53 646	76 331
c) accounts payable to suppliers and other creditors	95 900	136 453	143 249	203 825
increase (+) or decrease (-)				
Gross cash flow from operating activities	122 805	174 735	75 487	107 408
Interest payments	(77 155)	(109782)	(96 907)	(137 886)
Cash flow before extraordinary items	45 650	64 954	(21 420)	(30 478)
Net cash flow from operating activity	45 650	64 954	(21 420)	(30 478)
II. Cash flow from investing activities				
Acquisition of fixed assets	(50 045)	(71 208)	(46 512)	(66 181)
Income from fixed assets sale	266 427	379 091	290 940	413 970
Interest received	6	9	18	26
Net cash flow from investing activities	216 388	307 892	244 446	347 815
III. Cash flow from financing activities				
Income from emission of shares or bonds, particip. In investments				
Loans received	20 436	29 078	16 305	23 200
Received subsidies, grants, gifts or donations				
Loans repaid	(284 709)	(405 104)	(199 571)	(283 964)
Rented asset buyout expenses		-	(40 709)	(57 924)
Net cash flow from financing activities	(264 273)	(376 027)	(223 975)	(318 688)
IV. Foreign exchange rate differences	11	16	11	16
V. Net cash flow for the year	(2 224)	(3 164)	(938)	(1 335)
VI. Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the period	2 592	3 688	3 530	5 023
VII. Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the period	368	524	2 592	3 688

Chairman of the Board

Eduards Malejevs

Member of the Board

Gunars Lacis

STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY FOR THE 2010 YEAR

	Subscribed share capital	Ilgtermiņa ieguldījumu pārvērtēšanas rezerve	Statutory reserves	Profit for the year	Previous year's retained earnings	Total share capital and reserves
	LVL	LVL	LVL	LVL	LVL	LVL
Balance as on December 31, 2008	2 549 084			16 684	- 409 633	2 156 135
Profit carried over				- 16 684	16 684	_
Profit for the year				22 760		22 760
Balance as on December 31, 2009	2 549 084	•	-	22 760	- 392 949	2 178 895
Profit carried over				- 26 149	26 149	-
Profit for the year				26 149		26 149
Balance as on December 31, 2010	2 549 084	-		22 760	- 366 800	2 205 044

	Subscribed share capital	Ilgtermiņa ieguldījumu pārvērtēšanas rezerve	Statutory reserves	Profit for the year	Previous year's retained earnings	Total share capital and reserves
	EUR	EUR	EUR	EUR	EUR	EUR
Balance as on December 31, 20	3 627 020		-	56 637	- 904 369	2 779 288
Profit carried over				- 23 739	23 739	-
Profit for the year				32 385		32 385
Balance as on December 31, 20	3 627 020	-	-	65 283	- 880 630	2 811 673
Profit carried over				- 37 207	37 207	-
Profit for the year				37 207		37 207
Balance as on December 31, 20	3 627 020	-	-	32 385	- 521 909	3 137 494

Chairman of the Board Eduards Malejevs

Member of the Board Gunars Lacis

Notes to the Financial Statements

1. Accounting Policies

Data in the Financial Statements is in the national currency of Latvian Republic - Lats (LVL), shortened -

The Annual Report is prepared in accordance with the Republic of Latvia "Law On Accounting" and "Law on Annual Reports" and in accordance with Latvian accounting standards. In preparation of this Annual Report the following Latvian accounting standards were applied: (LAS): 1. LAS "Financial Report base preparation approach", 2. LAS "Cash Flow Statement" 3. LAS "Events after Balance Sheet date", 4. LAS "Change of accounting policy, change of accounting calculations and errors of previous periods", 5. LAS "Long-term Agreements". 6. LAS "Incomes" 7. LAS "Fixed Assts" 8. LAS "Savings" Profit and Loss Statement is prepared using turnover (period) costs method.

Cash Flow Statement is prepared using indirect method.
Financial Statements provides true and fair view of the Company's assets, liabilities, financial standing and profits or losses. Accounting policies ensure that the Financial Statements provide information, which is:

- 1. Acceptable to Financial Statements' users for making decisions:
- 2. Is valid in the way that it:
- * correctly reflects Company's results and financial standing not only the legal form but also the economic nature, is neutral, i.e. non-biased nor deliberate:
- * fully represents all real aspects

Changes to the accounting policies

Compared to the previous year, the accounting policy has not changed.

Should the application of the new external legislation and the Latvian Accounting Standard requirements' or voluntary accounting policy affect the reporting period or any previous periods, the LAS Nr.4 shall be applied.

Changes to the accounting policy are to be applied with reversed date effect, thus the Company shall change every balance entry of affected share capital item for all previous periods shown in the Financial Statements, as well as in other comparative tables for all shown periods in a way, as if the new accounting policy had always been used, except when it is not practically possible to evaluate the influence of the change in the accounting policy for the previous period or its overall influence.

Error correction

Literal errors for the previous periods are to be corrected by the Company with reversed date effect in the first financial statement after the error has been discovered:

- 1) by correcting comparable indicators for the periods in which the error has occurred; or 2) should the error get discovered prior the latter financial reporting period, by amending the asset, liability and share capital starting figures for the latter reporting period's.

Adapted accounting principles

Items of the Annual Report are valued in accordance with the following accounting principles:

- a) it is assumed that the Company continues operations;
- b) the same valuation methods as for the previous reporting year shall be used;
- c) item valuation is performed with due attention, taking into account the following provisions:
 only profit received prior to the Balance Sheet date is used;

 - all foreseen risk amounts and losses which have arisen in the reporting year or in the previous years, are included,
 - even when they became known between the Balance Sheet date and the Annual Report preparation date;
 all value depreciations and reductions are considered and calculated regardless of whether the reporting year

d) all incomes and expenses related to the reporting year are in included in the Profit and Loss Statement regardless of payment date, invoice receipt or issuance dates. Expenses are compared with incomes in the corresponding reporting period; e) assets and liabilities items are valued separately;

- f) reporting year's beginning balance is matching the previous year's ending balance;
- g) all items which may influence Annual Report's users decision making or valuation, are included;
- h) operating activities for the reporting period are reflected taking into account their economic meaning and contents, not legal form.

Reporting period: from 01.01.2010. to 31.12.2010.

Transactions in foreign currency

Data in the Financial Statements is in the national currency of Latvian Republic - Lats (LVL).

All monetary assets and liabilities are translated at the Bank of Latvia rate of exchange on last day of the reporting year.

Differences in exchange rates, arising from foreign currency transactions or when representing asset and liability items, between the exchange rate originally recorded, are to be reflected by their starting net value in the Profit and Loss Statement. Profit or loss, resulted due to the fluctuation of the foreign currency rate, is reflected in the Profit and Loss Statement for the corresponding period.

Currency rates at the last reporting date for the past two years have been the following:

	31.12.2010	31.12.2009	31.12.2008
USD	0.535	0.489	0.495
EUR	0.702804	0.702804	0.702804

Long-term and short-term items

The following amount are shown in the current assets:

- * that shall be used or realised during the usual working cycle of the Company;

 * that are mainly for trading purposes or are of short-term nature and can be realised within 12 months after the Balance Sheet date;
- * that are cash or cash equivalents, possessing unlimited usage options.

 Other assets are classified as long-term.

The following current liabilities are shown

- * that will be paid off during the usual working cycle of the Company;

 * that will be paid off within 12 months after the Balance Sheet date;
 Other liabilities are classified as long-term.

Company's non-current liabilities (long-term liabilities) are also those which pay-off term is less that one year but:

* original liability term was longer than one year;

Intangible assets and fixed assets depreciation

Intangible asset is an asset that:

is believed to bring operating benefits to the Company, related to this asset; which costs can be evaluated.

Only acquired for reward/compensation "concessions, patents, licenses, trade marks and similar rights" can be shown.

In the Balance Sheet all intangible assets are shown at the historical cost less depreciation.

Depreciation is calculated by straight-line method, using the following depreciation rates:

Intangible assets		
Software	20-35	%
Licenses	20	%
Trade Marks	20	%
Non-material value	20	%

Intangible asset with specified useful life is systematically depreciated during the rounded up useful life period. Intangible asset with unlimited useful life is checked for value decrease every year.

Computer software and licenses, commercial licenses, trade marks, patents, certificates and advance payments for the non-material investments are considered as intangible assets. Intangible assets are shown using their net value, computer software used together with licenses and ownership rights.

Fixed assets are physical objects with useful life over 12 calendar months and acquisition value of 50,- LVL and more. Work tools, production accessories and obligatory work clothes, shoes and other items are not classified as fixed assets, regardless of their acquisition value or useful life.

All fixed assets are valued by their acquisition value.

Fixed assets are shown using their acquisition or revaluations value, less depreciation. Depreciation is calculated using the straight-line method, reducing the net book value of the asset at the eng of useful life using the following rates:

* Buildings and constructions	2-5	%
* Technological equipment	10-20	%
* Transport vehicles	10-20	%
* Furniture	10-20	%
* Other fixed assets	10-20	%
* Mobile phones	35	%
* Computers and other data storage units	15-35	%
* Depreciation on land plots is not calculated.		

Unfinished construction object's historic cost is increased by the interest paid on the loan taken for construction of the fixed asset and on other costs arising in relation to the given object until it is completed and accepted for usage.

Unfinished construction object's historic cost is, however, not increased by the interest paid on the loan taken for construction of the fixed asset should the construction work during the periods when the construction is not taking place.

Rent

In cases when fixed assets are rented, repair and improvement costs are reflected in the account "Long-term investments in rented fixed assets" and are gradually written off during the rental period.

Hire-purchase (Financial leasing)

In cases when fixed asset are taken on financial leas basis along with risks and returns, these fixed assets are recorded in immediate purchase cost basis. Leasing interest payment and related costs are included in the Profit and Loss Statement for the corresponding period, when they occurred.

Long-term financial investments

Long-term financial investments are purchase of a company (or shares of it), long-term loans, long-term investments. Long-term investments are investments with pay-off date of over one year and are outside the reporting year.

Investments in subsidiaries and related Company shareholding.

Investments in subsidiaries and in capital of the related companies are treated as costs. Company recognises incomes only when they are received from the related company as distribution of its profits. Should the investment exceed the profit received, then it is reflected as investment expenditure reduction. Should there be sufficient ground to believe that the capital value of the company has decreased, then losses from the decrease are calculated as the difference between the original investment and the ending value of the investment. The ending value is calculated as the larger of the following indicators: investment's true value, form which the sales costs are deducted and company's usage value. Losses resulting from investment value's decrease can be reversed, if after the last time the losses from value decrease were recognised they have changed which was used for determining the decreased value.

Inventory valuation

Paragraph 40 of the Provisions of the Latvian Republic Cabinet of Ministers Nr.312 "Regulations on organisation of wholesale and retail" dated 31.08.1999 shall serve as the basis for goods inventory movement. Received and issued goods management is performed with help of computer software "1C". Uninterrupted inventory method is applied in monitoring wholesale movement of goods. During the reporting year, warehouse management software reflected every movement of inventory- sale, internal movement, return of goods to the supplier, return of goods from buyers. The goal of annual inventory is to check the correctness of inventory movement management system. Inventories are valued using FIFO method. In case of necessity, outdated, slow turnover or damaged inventories' values decrease is written-off, or provisions are made. Unused material values and stocks at the end of reporting period are valued on historic cost basis, with addition of additional costs (Customs' duties, transport costs, delivery services etc) proportion which is related to the stocks valued.

Write-off of purchased invetory's values:

Inventory items are recorded in the actual volumes at historical cost in the sub account specially dedicated for these purposes. Inventory balances are checked during annual inventory.

Debtors

Accounts receivable are valued on precautionary basis in the balance sheet, showing only real debtors. Actual accounts receivable amounts comply with the contracts and other documents presented. The accounts receivable comparison is performed and bad debts are written off as well as provisions for doubtful debts have been made, based on evaluation of individual client's financial standing and operating activity analysis.

Accounts receivables are shown in the Balance Sheet on a net (purchase) value, with special provisions for doubtful debts subtracted.

The necessary amount of provisions has been set by analysing each debtor and by performing debt comparison Bad debts are written off when the likehood of recovering the debt becomes unrealistic and impossible.

Debtor and creditor liabilities are checked in the 4th quarter of every reporting year, and reconciliation statement is issued.

The debtor and creditor mutual reconciliation has been performed with mutual reconciliation acts.

Differences, discovered during comparison of accounting data are to be resolved in the annual report for the reporting year.

Net turnover

Turnover is the total of goods sold during the year less discounts granted Value Added Tax.

Income and expenses acknowledgement

- 1. Income from sale of goods is recognised when the transaction complies with the following requirements:
- a) The Company has handed over to the buyer distinctive risks and rewards together with ownership rights of the goods;
- b) The Company no longer executes holding rights or control related to the ownership rights over the goods sold;
- c) can credibly evaluate the income amount;
- d) it is believed that as a result of the transaction, the Company will receive commercial benefits;
- e) can credibly evaluate costs arisen or arising related to the transaction.

Sale of goods is reflected, considering transaction's economic nature, not only legal form.

- 2. Result of the service supply transaction can credibly calculate, if the following conditions are met:
- a) can credibly evaluate the income amount:
- b) it is believed that as a result of the transaction, the Company will receive commercial benefits;
- c) can credibly evaluate, what is service supply volume in percentage at the Balance Sheet date; d) can credibly evaluate costs arisen or arising related to the transaction.
- 3. Incomes which arise if other parties use Company's assets and thus receive interest, royalties or dividends,

can be recognised using the following methods, if:

- a) it is believed that as a result of the transaction, the Company will receive commercial benefits;
- b) can credibly evaluate the income amount;

- Incomes are recognised, using the following methods:

 * interest, based on the proportional division of time, taking into account actual profitability;
- * royalties are recognised in accordance with accumulation principle in connection with the corresponding agreement;
- * dividends are recognised when the Company has legal grounds to receive them.
- 4. Incomes from rent at the moment of coming into existence;

All significant cost items are processed per accumulation principle

Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents consist from cash on hand and current balances in the bank accounts

Financial Asset's or Liability's real value

The real value of financial assets and liabilities reflect the cash quantity, for which the asset can be sold or liabilities can be paid off between two independent parties. Should in Management's view, financial asset and liability real value is different from the Balance Sheet values, then that real value of assets and liabilities can be separately reflected in the Notes to the Financial Statements.

Accounts Payable

Accounts payable are shown in the Balance Sheet on the basis of corresponding documents and entries in the accounting registers, which are compared with creditors' own data.

These liabilities are correspondingly separated into long-term debts (liabilities) and short-term liabilities. Short-term liabilities liabilities which arise during the usual operating of the company and which should be settled not later than 12 months after the Balance Sheet date. Long-term liabilities - liabilities, settlement of which should start not earlier than one year after end of the reporting year. Loan or leasing liabilities are divided accordingly into short-term and long-term parts.

Reserves

Reserves are formed in order to cover certain liabilities, which are related to the reporting period or previous periods, can be foreseen at the time of preparation of the Annual Report or known not to exceed these amounts. The level of the reserves is set in accordance with the methods, adopted by the Company.

Provisions for unused vacations

Amount of the provisions is calculated by dividing the total salaries for 2006 by 12 months.

Loans received and loans issued

Loans received and loans issued are initially shown in their original amount, which is stated in corresponding Loan Agreement at the transaction date.

Amounts of loans issued from the lending institutions are to be compared with the written statements with acceptance from lending institutions at the end of the reporting year. For loans received in foreign currency, the remaining principal amount is calculated per Bank of Latvia exchange rate on the last day of the reporting year.

Deferred Liabilities

All invoices, received or issues after the reporting year yet related to the expenses which have arisen during the reporting year, the costs of which are known at the end of the reporting year, are treated as deferred liabilities.

Deferred liabilities are shown in the Balance Sheet in a separate row.

Taves

Corporate Income Tax for the reporting year is included in the Financial Statements, based on the known tax rates at the date of the Balance Sheet, in accordance with calculations performed in compliance with the tax legislation of the Republic of Latvia.

Deferred tax is calculated in accordance with the liabilities method in relation to all temporary discrepancies between assets and liability amounts in the Financial Statements and their values for the purpose of tax calculations. Tax rate used for calculation of deferred tax, is a rate which is expected to be during the period in which the temporary discrepancies are resolved based on the tax rates effective on the date of the Balance Sheet. Temporary discrepancies mainly arise die to usage of different fixed asset depreciation rates, as well as from tax losses, which are transferred to the future taxation periods.

The total deferred tax result is shown in the Asset part of the Balance Sheet and is to be entered in the Financial Statements only in cases when the return of the tax is definite.

The reconciliation of tax liability data with State Revenue Service is performed.

Calculations

Preparation of the Financial Statements Management is basing on the known calculations and approaches, which affect certain definitions and amounts in the Financial Statements. Thus actual results may differ from these calculations. Legislation of the Republic of Latvia states that when preparing Financial Statements, Company's management has to evaluate and to draft assumptions, which affect both Balance Sheet and off-Balance Sheet assets and liabilities on the Balance Sheet date, as well as shown incomes and expenses for the reporting period. Actual results may differ from these assumptions (for example, deferred Corporate Income Tax liabilities, vacation provisions etc).

Possible liabilities and assets

In these Financial Statements possible liabilities are not displayed but are reflected in the Notes to Financial Statements. As liabilities are recognised only when, if possibility that the funds will be paid out becomes founded. Possible assets in these Financial Statements are not recognised. Possible assets are shown in the Financial Statements only when there is enough proof that the economical benefits will reach the company.

Events after the end of the reporting year

Certain events which give additional information about Company's financial standing at the Balance Sheet date (correcting factors) have been considered during the preparation of the Financial Statements. If post Balance Sheet date events are not correcting factors, they are included in the Financial Statements only if they are substantial.

Related parties

The following sides are treated as "related parties": shareholders of the Company, Board Members, their close family members and companies which are under control or significant influence to the aforementioned related parties.

Entry re-classification

In 2008, in accordance with changes in legislation and Management's view, no re-classifications has been done, when compared to the Financial Statements for the year 2009.

2. Notes to the Profit and Loss statement entries

Note Nr.1

Note Turnover

Net Turnover

Net turnover is income from main activity of the Company, sale of goods and supply of services from which trade discounts and other assigned discoutns are subtracted, as well as Value Added Tax, Excise Tax and other taxes, directly related to sales.

· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	2010	2010	2009	2009
Type of activity	LVL	EUR	LVL	EUR
Income from export sale of finished goods	426 935	607 474	460 894	655 793
Income from rent of premises	269 694	383 740	388 213	552 377
Income from sale of finished goods in the local market	126 057	179 363	167 854	238 835
Income from utility services	320 063	455 409	323 158	459 812
Income from sale of materials	66 123	94 085	7 113	10 121
Total	1 208 872	1 720 071	1 347 232	1 916 938
Net turnover by geographical markets				
Latvia	815 495	1 160 345	886 338	1 261 145
Estonia	2 441	3 473	7 543	10 733
Germany	1 807	2 571	5 615	7 989
Russian Federation	14 695	20 909	9 797	13 940
Finland	1 513	2 153	, , , , ,	15 7 10
Italy	2 735	3 892	1 649	2 346
Belarus	354 817	504 859	369 154	525 259
Sweden	10 311	14 671	22 727	32 338
Lithuania			531	756
USA	3 134	4 459		
United Kingdom	2 014	2 866	3 311	4 711
Total		-	16 113	22 927
	1 208 962	1 720 198	1 347 232	1 916 939
Note Nr. 2	2010	2010	2009	2009
Cost of goods sold	LVL	EUR	LVL	EUR
Costs of production or purchasing in order to perform sale of goods or supply of	f services			
Cost type				
Personnel costs	67 318	95 785	236 474	336 472
Provisions for vacations and Social Security			20 169 -	28 698
Depreciation of fixed assets	76 864	109 368	80 796	114 962
Depreciation of fixed assets (project 124000075)	109 093	155 225	109 093	155 225
Write-off of current assets	7	10	33 765	48 043
Changes in finished goods inventory	298 678	424 981	65 574	93 303
Changes in purchased materials and goods inventory	77 541	110 331	145 179	206 571
Services for productions	98 148	139 652	38 908	55 361
Ongoing maintenance and repair	32 937	46 865	16 372	23 295
Real estate property maintenance	342 498	487 331	412 444	586 855
Other costs	21 797	31 014	24 762	35 233
Total	1 124 881	1 600 562	1 143 198	1 626 622

Note Nr. 3			2010	2010	2009	2009
Sales costs			LVL	EUR	LVL	EUR
	Cost type					
	Goods' transport costs		28 984	41 241	26 947	38 342
	Sales costs		23 139			
	Advertising costs		1 208	1 719	727	1 034
		Total	64 869	59 377	33 907	48 245

Note Nr. 4		2010	2010	2009	2009
Administrative costs		LVL	EUR	LVL	EUR
Cost type Personnel costs		108 008	153 682	208 321	296 414
Provisions for vacations and Social Security		108 008	133 082	25 097 -	35 710
Representation costs		1 670	2 376	3 836	5 458
Office expenses		12 706	18 079	5 447	7 750
Communication expenses		12 867	18 308	13 793	19 626
Bank expenses		7 845	11 162	4 349	6 188
Transport costs		15 428	21 952	17 446	24 823
Accounting and legal expenses		35 044	49 863	5 773	8 214
Other administrative costs		43 337	61 663	30 168	42 925
	Total	236 905	337 085	264 036	375 688
Note Nr. 5					
Other incomes from operating activity		2010	2010	2009	2009
Type on income		LVL	EUR	LVL	EUR
		-	-		-
Income from privatisation certificates		181 347	258 034	181 347	258 033
Income from grant financing (project 124000075))	266 429	379 094	197 080	280 420
Income fromsale of fixed assets		5 505	7 833	794	1 130
Other income		10 733	15 272	709	1 009
	Total	464 014	660 233	379 930	540 592
Note Nr. 6					
Other incomes/expenses from operating activity Type of income/expense		2010	2010	2009	2009
Type of income/expense		LVL	EUR	LVL	EUR
Difference in currency rates			LUK -	2 256	3 210
Sale of fixed assets		7 242	10 304	33 623	47 841
Fines / penalties		60	85	8 478	12 063
Written off hopeless debts		216	307	6 732	9 579
Expenses not related to business activities		35 686	50 777		
		43 204	61 473	51 089	72 693
	Total				
Note Nr. 7					
Other interest and similar income		LVL	EUR	LVL	EUR
Type of income					
Received penalties / fines		6	9	18	26
	Total	6	9	18	26
Notes to the Profit and Loss statement entries (continued)					_
Note Nr. 8		2010	2010	2009	2009
Other interest and similar expenses Type of expense		LVL	EUR	LVL	EUR
Interest paid on loans		77155	109 782	96795	137 727
interest paid on loans	Total	77 155	109 782	96 795	137 727
			•		
N . N .		2010	2010	2009	2009
Note Nr. 9		LVL	EUR	LVL	EUR
Deferred Corporate Income Tax				13 050 13 050	18 568 18 568
	Total:		-	15 050	18 208
	rotal:				

Note Nr. 10

	2010	2010	2009	2009
	LVL	EUR	LVL	EUR
Remaining value of PL and non material assets in the fin. accounts.		0	2 280 856	3 245 366
Remaining value of PL and non material assets for taxes.		0	-798 175	-1 135 701
	0	0	1 482 681	2 109 665
Savings for vacations		0	-18 524	-26 357
Loss for taxes		0	-1 777 913	-2 529 742
Provisional difference	0	0	-313 756	-446 434
	x 15%	x 15%	x 15%	x 15%
	0	0	-47063	-66965
Difference to the previous year		0		0
	2010	2010	2009	2009
Note Nr. 10	LVL	EUR	LVL	EUR
Other taxes				
Real estate tax for land	11 872	16 892	9 920	14 115
Real estate tax for buildings and constructions	87 947	125 137	92 425	131 509
Total	99 819	142 029	102 345	145 624

Notes to the Financial Statements

Notes to the Balance Sheet as on December 31, 2010.

11. Intangible assets

	Computer software	Patents and trade marks	Other licenses	Pre-payments for intangible assets	Intangible assets total, LVL	Intangible assets total, EUR
Historical cost						
31.12.2009.	7 363	-	-	-	7 363	10 477
Purchased	-	-	-	-	-	-
Relocated	-	-	-	-	-	-
Written-off	-	-	-	-	-	-
31.12.2010.	7 363	-	-	-	7 363	10 477
Depreciation						
31.12.2009.	6 829	-	-	-	6 829	9 717
Calculated	357	-	-	-	357	508
Written-off	-	-	-	-	-	-
31.12.2010.	7 186	-	-	-	7 186	10 225
Net book value						
31.12.2009.	534	-	-	-	534	760
Net book value						
31.12.2010.	177	-	-	-	177	252

Intangible assets are shown in the Balances Sheet as per their net book value.

12. Fixed Assets

	Land	Buildings and constructions	Technological equipment	Other fixed assets	Total LVL	Total EUR
Historical cost						
31.12.2009.	428 034	1 002 296	641 893	297 849	2 370 072	3 372 309
Purchased	35 686			14 359	50 045	71 208
Written-off					-	-
31.12.2010.	463 720	1 002 296	641 893	312 208	2 420 117	3 443 516
Depreciation						
31.12.2009.	-	432 831	334 878	201 708	969 417	1 379 356
Calculated		7 983	41 151	27 731	76 865	109 369
Written-off	71 371				71 371	101 552
31.12.2010.	71 371	440 814	376 029	229 439	1 117 653	1 590 277
Net book value						
31.12.2009.	428 034	569 465	307 015	96 141	1 400 655	1 992 953
Net book value					_	_
31.12.2010.	392 349	561 482	265 864	82 769	1 302 464	1 853 239

Notes to the Balance Sheet (continued)

	Technological equipment (project 124000075)	Pre-payments for fixed assets (project 124000075)	Pre-payments for fixed assets	construction of fixed assets	Total LVL	Total EUR
Historical cost 31.12.2009.	1 827 372	-	-	38 052	1 865 424	2 654 259
Purchased Written-off	-	-	-		-	-
31.12.2010.	1 827 372	-	-	38 052	1 865 424	2 654 259
Depreciation 31.12.2009.	518 255	_	-	_	518 255	518 255
Calculated Written-off	109 093	-	-		109 093	155 225
31.12.2010.	627 348	-	-	-	627 348	892 636
Net book value 31.12.2009.	1 309 117	_		38 052	1 347 169	1 916 849
Net book value 31.12.2010.	1 200 024	-	_	38 052	1 238 076	1 761 623

Fixed assets are shown in the Balances Sheet as per their net book value.

 $Buildings,\ constructions,\ technological\ equipmens\ and\ auto\ vehicles\ are\ insured.$

Fixed asses on financial lease:

Fixed asses on financial lease:					
Name of fixed asset	Lease company	Historical cost	Net book value	Unpaid lease as per lease agreement	Lease term
A/M VOLVO	DnB Nord Līz.	14 359	12 281	17 594	15.03.2015
Auto vehicle Jaguar Daimler Super Eigh	Parex Līzings	67 898	28 517	32 177	30.06.2013
Toyota Corola	SEB Līzings	13 411	7 954	5 730	25.09.2012
Result of written-off, disposed and sol	d	2010	2010	2009	2009
fixed and intangible assets:		LVL	EUR	LVL	EUR
Historical cost Accumulated depreciation		35 686	50 777	196 732 101 467	279 924 144 375
Net book value		35 686	50 777	95 265	135 550
Income from sale		266 429	379 094	240	341
13. Raw materials		2010	2010	2009	2009
		LVL	EUR	LVL	EUR
Rawe materials Inventory in use		179 740 95 247	255 747 135 524	209 731 94 937	298 420 135 083
, and the second	Total	274 987	391 271	304 668	433 503

Notes to the Balance Sheet (continued)

14. Work in progress	2010	2010	2009	2009
	LVL	EUR	LVL	EUR
II.C.:1.1.1.	12 000	17.202	5.005	7.225
Unfinished goods	12 090	17 203	5 085	7 235
finished goods and goods in warehouse	265 182	377 320	324 680	461 978
Total	277 272	394 523	329 765	469 213
15,Advance payments	2010	2010	2009	2009
	LVL	EUR	LVL	EUR
A decree of the control of the contr	30 520	43 426	29 642	42.177
Advance payments for materials				42 177
Advance payments to non-residents	55 959	79 622	46 232	65 782
Goods in bonded storage	06.450	122.040	85 084	105.050
Total	86 479	123 048	75 874	107 959
16. Trade receivables	2010	2010	2009	2009
	LVL	EUR	LVL	EUR
Receivables (non-residents)	312 649	444 859	210 958	300 166
Receivables (non-residents)	228 270	324 799	451 718	642 737
Book value of purchases and customers, total	540 919	769 658	662 676	942 903
Provisions for doubtful debts	340 /1/	707 030		742 705
Net trade receivables, total	540 919	769 658	662 676	942 903
17. Other receivables	2010	2010	2009	2009
17. Other receivables	LVL	EUR	LVL	EUR
VAT ()			212	302
VAT confirmed (unpaid invoices)	319	454	319	302 454
VAT overpaid to the state budget Nature Resource tax overpaid to the state budget	1 766	2 513	319	454
	83 537	118 862	75 424	107 319
Settlements with employees				
Tax pre-payments for customs procedures	318 5 094	452	83 5 094	118
Loans to empoyees Other loans	5 094 47 822	7 248 68 045	5 094 44 234	7 248 62 939
Other loans Others	4 / 822 240	341	240	341
		197 915		178 721
Total	139 096	19/915	125 606	1/8/21

18. Deferred expenses	2010	2010	2009	2009
- -	LVL	EUR	LVL	EUR
Insurance expenses	3 886	5 529	2 376	3 381
Expenses for repairs of buildings and premises		-	6 884	9 795
Expenses for implementation of project Nr.124000075	275 221	391 604	301 041	428 343
Expenses for reconstruction of block I-2	911 852	1 297 449	909 478	1 294 071
Other expenses		-	152	216
Total	1 190 959	1 694 582	1 219 931	1 735 806
19. Cash and cash equivalents	2010	2010	2009	2009
·	LVL	EUR	LVL	EUR
Cash on hand	54	77	197	280
Cash in bank accounts	314	447	2 395	3 408
Total	368	524	2 592	3 688

Notes to the Balance Sheet (continued)

20. Information about company's share capital

On 31.12.2010 company's share capital consisted of 2549084 registered and fully paid shares with nominal value of 1 Ls. Larges shareholders of JSC "VEF Radiotehnika RRR" are:

			Value			
Shareholders	Number of shares		LVL			
			31.12.2010	2008,12,31	EUR	
	31.12.2010	31.12.2009	31.12.2010	31.12.2009	31.12.2010	31.12.2009
Baltlains Intern Ltd.	1270612	1270612	1270612	1270612	1807918	1807918
State Social Security A	192694	192694	192694	192694	274179	274179
Eduards Malejevs	423559	423559	423559	423559	602670	602670
Jurijs Malejevs	421871	421871	421871	421871	600268	600268
Others (<5%)	240348	240348	240348	240348	341984	341984
Total:	2549084	2549084	2549084	2549084	3627020	3627020

21. Retained earnings/losses	2010	2010	2009	2009
<u> </u>	LVL	EUR	LVL	EUR
In accordance with decisions of Shareholders' meetings, lo	-370 188 -	526 730	-370 188 -	526 730
those shall be covered from the next years' profits.	26 149	37 207	22 760	32 385
Total -	344 039 -	489 523 -	347 428 -	494 345
previous years' retained earnings/losses				

current year profit/loss

	2010	2010	2009	2009
22. Long-term loans from lending institutions	LVL	EUR	LVL	EUR
Total	_			<u>.</u>
	1 522 208	2 165 907	1 522 208	2 165 907
Loan from JSC SEB Latvijas Unibanka (EUR)	1 522 208	2 165 907	1 522 208	2 165 907

In accordance with Loan Agreement Nr.KD04277 from 24.11.2005, obligations are secured with primary pledge of the real estate property located in Riga at the address Kurzemes prospekts 3 (Landbook section Nr.18732) and primary commercial pledge on fixed assets, purchased under Project Nr.124000075 for the amount of 1813461 LVL.

	2010	2010	2009	2009
23. Other loans (long-term)	LVL	EUR	LVL	EUR
Financial lease from SIA Parex Līzins un Faktorings	31 273	44 497	31 273	44 497
Financial lease from SIA DnB Nord Līzings (EUR)	15 019	21 370		-
Financial lease from SIA SEBlīzings (EUR)	2 421	3 445	5 483	7 802
Total	48 713	69 312	36 756	52 299
	2010	2010	2009	2009
	LVL	EUR	LVL	EUR
24. Deferred income (long-term)	228 144	324 620	409 491	582 653
Total	228 144	324 620	409 491	582 653
Income from grant financing (project Nr.124000075)				
	LVL	EUR	LVL	EUR
26. Short-term loans from lending institutions				
Credit line from JSC SEB banka (EUR)		-	198 789	282 851
Loan from JSC SEB banka (EUR)	128 564	182 930	196 033	278 930
	128 564	182 930	394 822	561 781

Total
In accordance with Loan Agreement Nr.KD04277 from 24.11.2005, obligations are secured with primary pledge of the real estate property located in Riga at the address Kurzemes prospekts 3 (Landbook section Nr.18732) and primary commercial pledge on fixed assets, purchased under Project Nr.124000075 for the amount of 1813461 LVL.

27 Other leans (short term)		2010	2010	2009	2009
27. Other loans (short-term)		LVL	EUR	LVL	EUR
		LVL	EUK	LVL	EUK
Financial lease from SIA Parex Līzins ur	. Faktorings	904	1 286	11 828	16 830
Financial lease from SIA DnB Nord Līzi		2 575	3 664	11 403	16 225
Financial lease from SIA ESBlīzings (EU		3 308	4 707	5 979	8 507
Faktorings SIA Unilīzings (EUR)	,		-	14 937	21 253
Other loans		21 477		19 088	27 160
	Total	28 264	9 657	63 235	89 975
28. Advances from customers		2010	2010	2009	2009
26. Advances from customers		LVL	EUR	LVL	EUR
		LVL	EUK	LVL	LUK
Advances from non-residents		16 221	23 080	2 118	3 014
Advances from residents		4 000	5 691	275	391
	Total	20 221	28 771	2 393	3 405
29. Due to suppliers and providers (sh	ort-term)	2010	2010	2009	2009
		LVL	EUR	LVL	EUR
Trade accounts payable to non-residents	Total	47 202	67 162	54 585	77 667
Trade accounts payable to residents		465 468	662 301	389 656	554 431
		512 670	729 463	444 241	632 098
Notes to the Balance Sheet (continued))				
30. Taxes and social insurance paymen	nts	2010	2010	2009	2009
		LVL	EUR	LVL	EUR
Personal Income Tax		48 518	69 035	51 716	73 585
State Social Insurance payments		104 072	148 081	95 418	135 768
Value Added Tax		41 187	58 604	34 493	49 079
Real estate tax for building and construc-	tions	82 195	116 953	100 224	142 606
Corporate risk tax		11	16	32	46
	Total	275 983	392 689	281 883	401 084
31. Other liabilities		2010	2010	2009	2009
		LVL	EUR	LVL	EUR
Salaries		39 592	56 334	62 242	88 562
Advance settlement amounts		37 372	50 554	1 547	2 201
Deposits	Total	15 055	21 421	24 015	34 170
Other creditores	1 otal	15 055	21 721	1 842	2 621
	Total	54 647	77 755	89 646	127 554
		0.0.7	,,,,,,	0, 0.0	12, 004

32. Deferred income (short-term)	2010	2010	2009	2009
	LVL	EUR	LVL	EUR
Income from grant financing (project Nr.124000075)			181 347	258 034
		-	181 347	258 034
33. Accrued liabilities	2010	2010	2009	2009
	LVL	EUR	LVL	EUR
_				
Current expenses	25 411	36 157	37 863	53 874
Total	25 411	36 157	37 863	53 874

Notes to the Financial Statements

General Notes

General Notes				
	Year 2010		Year 2009	
1. Average number of employees during the year Average number of employees during the year	183	=	183	
	2010	2010	2009	2009
	LVL	EUR	LVL	EUR
2. Total personnel costs	883 999	1 257 818	883 999	1 257 818
- salaries	716 656	1 019 710	716 656	1 019 710
- Social security payments	166 795	237 328	166 795	237 328
- Corporate risk tax	548	780	548	780
- including:				
Management salaries				
- salaries	59 999	85 371	59 999	85 371
- Social security payments	13 151	18 712	13 151	18 712
- Corporate risk tax	9	13	9	13
- total:	73 159	104 096	73 159	104 096

Information on total amount of reward to sworn auditor company " Auditoru firma "Finansists"" for year 2010.

1. For checking of 2010 annual report.

3000 LVL

Total:
3000 LVL

Annual report is accepted and signed from page 1 till 27

Chairman of the Board Eduards Malejevs Member of the Board **Gunars Lacis** 0