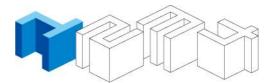


Financial report for the first quarter of 2024 (unaudited)





Financial report for the first quarter of 2024 (unaudited)

Business name	Nordecon AS
Registration number	10099962
Address	Toompuiestee 35, 10149 Tallinn, Estonia
Domicile	Republic of Estonia
Telephone	+372 615 4400
E-mail	nordecon@nordecon.com
Corporate website	www.nordecon.com
Core business lines	Construction of residential and non-residential buildings (EMTAK 4120)
	Construction of roads and motorways (EMTAK 4211)
	Road maintenance (EMTAK 4211)
	Construction of utility projects for fluids (EMTAK 4221)
	Construction of water projects (EMTAK 4291)
	Construction of other civil engineering projects (EMTAK 4299)
Financial waar	1 January 2024 21 December 2024
Financial year	1 January 2024 – 31 December 2024
Reporting period	1 January 2024 – 31 March 2024
Council	Toomas Luman (chairman of the council), Andri Hõbemägi, Vello Kahro, Sandor Liive, Andre Luman
Board	Maret Tambek (chairman of the board), Priit Luman, Tarmo Pohlak
Auditor	KPMG Baltics OÜ

Contents

Nordecon group at a glance	3
Directors' report	4
Condensed consolidated interim financial statements	20
Consolidated statement of financial position	20
Consolidated statement of comprehensive income	21
Consolidated statement of cash flows	22
Consolidated statement of changes in equity	23
NOTE 1. Significant accounting policies	24
NOTE 2. Trade and other receivables	24
NOTE 3. Inventories	24
NOTE 4. Property, plant and equipment and intangible assets	25
NOTE 5. Borrowings	25
NOTE 6. Lease liabilities	25
NOTE 7. Earnings per share	26
NOTE 8. Segment reporting – operating segments	26
NOTE 9. Segment reporting – geographical information	27
NOTE 10. Cost of sales	28
NOTE 11. Administrative expenses	28
NOTE 12. Other operating income and expenses	28
NOTE 13. Finance income and costs	28
NOTE 14. Discontinued operation	29
NOTE 15. Transactions with related parties	29
Statements and signatures	31

Nordecon group at a glance

Nordecon AS (previous names AS Eesti Ehitus and Nordecon International AS) began operating as a construction company in 1989. Since then, we have grown to become one of the leading construction groups in Estonia and a strong player in all segments of the construction market.

For years, our business strategy has been underpinned by a consistent focus on general contracting and project management and a policy of maintaining a reasonable balance between building and infrastructure construction in our order book. Our core business is supported by road maintenance, property development and other services that provide added value, improve our operating efficiency and help manage risks.

Nordecon's specialists offer high-quality integrated solutions in the construction of commercial, residential, industrial and public buildings as well as infrastructure – roads, utility networks and port facilities. In addition, we are involved in property development, leasing out heavy construction equipment, and road maintenance.

Besides Estonia, the companies of the Nordecon group operate in Sweden and Ukraine.

Nordecon AS is a member of the Estonian Association of Construction Entrepreneurs and the Estonian Chamber of Commerce and Industry. Nordecon AS has developed and implemented a quality management system that complies with ISO 9001, an environmental management system that complies with ISO 14001 and an occupational safety management system that complies with ISO 45001. Compliance with the standards has been certified by DNV.

Nordecon AS's shares have been listed on the Nasdaq Tallinn Stock Exchange since 18 May 2006.

VISION

To be the preferred partner in the construction industry for customers, subcontractors and employees.

MISSION

To offer customers sustainable building and infrastructure construction solutions that meet their needs and fit their budget and thus help them maintain and increase the value of their assets.

SHARED VALUES

Professionalism

As industry professionals, we apply appropriate construction techniques and technologies and observe generally accepted quality standards. Our people are results-oriented and go-ahead, and successfully combine their extensive industry experience with the opportunities provided by innovation.

Reliability

We are reliable partners – we always keep our promises. Together we can overcome any construction challenge and achieve the best possible results. We act openly, transparently and consistent with the best practices of the construction industry.

Teamwork

We value balanced teamwork and create the best possible environment for sharing knowledge and experience. We notice and recognise each employee's contribution and initiative.

Sustainability

We uphold responsibility and sustainability in the construction sector and contribute to the achievement of the sustainable development goals supported by society both through our own activities and in cooperation with other market participants.

Directors' report

Strategic agenda for 2023–2027

Business lines and markets

- The group will grow, mostly organically, with a focus on efficient use of resources.
- In Estonia, we will operate in the building and infrastructure construction as well as housing development segments.
- In foreign markets (Ukraine, Sweden), we will compete as a general contractor and a provider of concrete works.

Activities for implementing the strategy

- We will provide our people with a modern and inspiring work environment and a motivation system that fosters collaboration and initiative.
- We will improve our profitability by planning and managing our design and construction operations more precisely.
- We will streamline our work and decision-making processes by implementing modern digital solutions.
- We will maintain a balance between operating segments in our order book.
- We will set our sustainable development goals and adopt an action plan to achieve them.

Financial targets

- Revenue will grow by at least 5% per year.
- Operating margin for the year will be consistently above 3%.
- Operating profit per employee will increase to at least €10 thousand per year.
- We will deliver a strong dividend yield for Nordecon's shareholders.

Outlooks of the group's geographical markets

Estonia

Processes and developments characterising the Estonian construction market:

- Input prices in the construction sector have stabilised: in the first quarter of 2024, the construction price index rose by 0.2% and the cost of materials, machinery and equipment decreased compared with the fourth quarter of 2023. The key factor influencing construction prices is weak demand, which has not recovered despite the stabilisation of input prices. Companies and organisations continue to look for ways to adjust their business plans to the new level of input prices, which significantly prolongs the pre-construction process. The process often ends with the customer deciding to freeze the project for the time being. The market continues to be driven by public investment, which on the whole will decline in 2024. Investments by the Centre for Defence Investment, which previously boosted public investment in the construction sector, have also decreased. Investments by the Estonian Transport Administration are expected to decrease further, which will put strong pressure on companies in the infrastructure and asphalt concrete production segments, where market supply already significantly exceeds demand. The volume long-awaited procurements for the Rail Baltica project will increase, which should partially offset the sharp decline in the road construction and rehabilitation work procured by the Transport Administration. Against the backdrop of a general economic downturn, the construction market is expected to contract further in 2024.
- The slowdown in economic activity and the decline in construction volumes have intensified competition in both building and infrastructure construction. While competition in the infrastructure construction segment has been fierce for a number of years due to the decline in volumes, competition in the building construction segment has also increased significantly over the past year. As a result of high inflation and rising interest rates, investment confidence has plummeted, leading, among other things, to a significant decline in housing development. At the same time, labour costs risen rapidly, putting upward pressure on construction prices in a context of falling demand. It is difficult to predict how the situation will affect demand for construction services in the long term, but in the short term demand will continue to decline.
- Contracts signed with both public and private sector customers impose strict requirements on construction companies, including extensive obligations, severe sanctions, various financial guarantees, very tight deadlines, etc., which are in striking contrast to the modest eligibility criteria. While lenient qualification requirements and the prerequisite of a low bid have made it relatively easy for an increasing number of contractors to win a contract, they have also increased the financial, completion delay and quality risks taken by customers during the execution of the contract and the subsequent warranty period.
- Despite the downturn the construction market, the shortage of skilled and qualified personnel (including project and site managers) has not disappeared and the sector continues to need additional competent professionals.

Ukraine

In Ukraine, we are mainly involved in general contracting and project management in the segment of building construction. In addition, we have investments in two real estate projects located in Ukraine. Due to the military conflict between Russia and Ukraine and the uncertainty as to when it will end, it is not possible to estimate how the situation in the Ukrainian economy and construction market will develop in 2024. At the same time, there is an increasing focus on restoring war-damaged buildings and infrastructure, and on strengthening them against military action.

Sweden

In the Swedish market, we offer mainly the construction of residential and non-residential buildings and operate primarily in the central part of the country. Rapid inflation and rising interest rates have weakened demand in the Swedish construction market. In 2024, the Swedish economy is expected to stabilise and grow slightly in the second half of the year. In a challenging market environment, we will focus on finding new opportunities while critically assessing potential risks.

Description of the main risks

Business risks

The main factors affecting the group's business volumes and profit margins are competition in the construction market and changes in demand for construction services. Demand for construction services in both the infrastructure and the buildings segments continues to be strongly influenced by the level of public investment.

Bid prices in both infrastructure and building construction are under strong competitive pressure, and bidders increasingly include not only competing general contractors but also former subcontractors. This is mainly due to the policy of central and local governments to keep the eligibility requirements for public contracts low. As a result, quality and timely completion are sometimes sacrificed to the lowest price. We are aware of the risks involved in executing contracts signed in an environment of fierce competition and current economic uncertainty. When setting prices in such conditions, we seek to strike a reasonable balance between contract performance risks and tight cost control.

Our action plan includes flexible allocation of resources to find more profitable contracts and execute them effectively. According to our business model, Nordecon operates in all segments of the construction market. Therefore, we are somewhat better positioned than companies that operate in only one narrow segment.

The group's business is influenced by seasonal changes in weather conditions, which have the strongest impact on infrastructure construction, where a lot of work is done outdoors (road construction, earthworks, etc.). Our strategy is to counteract the seasonality of the infrastructure business with building construction, which is less exposed to seasonal fluctuations. Our long-term goal is to be flexible and maintain a relative balance between our two business segments, although the current market situation, particularly the decline in public investment, makes this difficult to achieve. Where possible, our entities implement technical solutions that help them operate efficiently in changing conditions. A key challenge for the construction sector is low productivity, which is attributable to lack of time in the preparation and planning phases and outdated process management methods. The group will continue to invest in digital solutions that enable more accurate planning and management of construction processes. In 2023, a pilot project was launched to manage the construction process using artificial intelligence.

Operational risks

To manage their daily construction risks, group companies purchase contractors' all risks insurance. Depending on the nature of the project and the requests of the customer, both general frame agreements and special, project-specific insurance contracts are used. In addition, subcontractors are generally required to secure the performance of their obligations with a bank guarantee provided to a group company or the group retains part of the amount due until the contract has been completed. To remedy construction deficiencies which may be detected during the warranty period, group companies create warranty provisions based on their historical experience. The group's warranty provisions (including current and non-current) at 31 March 2024 amounted to $\leq 1,849$ thousand (31 March 2023: $\leq 1,491$ thousand).

In addition to managing the risks directly related to construction operations, we continue to pay considerable attention to mitigating the risks associated with pre-construction activities. In particular, this applies to the bidding process, i.e. compliance with the procurement conditions and budgeting. The errors made in the planning phase are usually irreversible and, in a situation where the price is contractually fixed, will result in direct financial loss.

Financial risks

Credit risk

The group did not incur any credit losses during the reporting period or the comparative period. The credit risk exposure of the portfolio of receivables is low because the solvency of prospective customers is evaluated, the share of public sector customers is large and customers' payment behaviour is continuously monitored. The main indicator of the realisation of credit risk is a payment delay of more than 180 days and no activity on the part of the debtor that would confirm the intention to pay.

Liquidity risk

The group's exposure to liquidity risk remains higher than usual. At the reporting date, the group's current assets exceeded current liabilities and the current ratio was 0.85 (31 March 2023: 0.85). The key factors that influence the current ratio are the classification of the group's loans to its Ukrainian associate as non-current and the banks' general policy not to refinance interest-bearing liabilities (particularly overdrafts) for a period exceeding 12 months.

As the political and economic situation in Ukraine remains complicated, we believe that the group's Ukrainian investment properties cannot be realised in the short term. Accordingly, the receivables related to the loans provided to the Ukrainian associate of & 252 thousand were classified as non-current items at the reporting date.

For better cash flow management, we use overdraft facilities by which we counter the mismatch between the settlement terms agreed with customers and subcontractors. Under IFRS EU, borrowings have to be classified into current and non-current based on contract terms in force at the reporting date. The group's short-term borrowings at 31 March 2024 amounted to €13,751 thousand (31 March 2023: €16,830 thousand).

The group's cash and cash equivalents as at the reporting date amounted to €16,083 thousand (31 March 2023: €5,901 thousand).

Interest rate risk

The group's interest-bearing liabilities to banks have both fixed and floating interest rates. Lease liabilities have mainly floating interest rates. The base rate for most floating-rate contracts is EURIBOR. During the period, interest-bearing liabilities decreased by \leq 5,222 thousand year on year, of which \leq 1,101 thousand was attributable to a discontinued operation. Both loan and lease liabilities decreased. At 31 March 2024, the group had interest-bearing liabilities of \leq 17,841 thousand (31 March 2023: \leq 23,063 thousand). Due to higher EURIBOR, interest expense increased compared to the first quarter of 2023, amounting to \leq 230 thousand (Q1 2023: \leq 212 thousand).

The main source of interest rate risk is a potential rise in the base rates of floating interest rates. In the light of the group's relatively heavy loan burden, this would significantly increase interest expense, which would have an adverse impact on profit. We mitigate the risk by pursuing a policy of entering, where possible, into fixed-rate contracts when the market interest rates are low. As regards loan products offered by banks, observance of the policy has proved difficult and most new contracts have floating interest rates.

Currency risk

As a rule, the prices of construction contracts and subcontracts are fixed in the currency of the host country, i.e. in the euro (\in), the Ukrainian hryvnia (UAH) and the Swedish krona (SEK).

Due to Russia's military invasion of Ukraine in February 2022 and Ukraine's previous political and economic instability, the exchange rate of the hryvnia has been volatile. In the first quarter of 2024, the exchange rate of the hryvnia against the euro remained stable. As a result, the group's Ukrainian subsidiaries, which have to translate their euro-denominated loans into the local currency, recognised a foreign exchange loss of €25 thousand (Q1 2023: €114 thousand). Exchange losses on financial instruments are recognised within finance costs in the statement of comprehensive income. The translation of receivables and liabilities from operating activities did not give rise to any exchange gains or losses.

Our Ukrainian and non-Ukrainian entities' reciprocal receivables and liabilities that are related to the construction business and denominated in hryvnias do not give rise to exchange gains or losses. The loans provided to the Ukrainian associate in euros do not give rise to exchange differences to be reported in the group's accounts either.

In the first quarter of 2024, the Swedish krona weakened against the euro by around 4%. Due to the change in the exchange rate, the translation of the euro-denominated loan granted to the group's Swedish subsidiary into the local currency resulted in an exchange loss of €5 thousand (Q1 2023: €19 thousand). The exchange loss was recognised within finance costs in the statement of comprehensive income.

The group has not acquired derivatives to hedge currency risk.

Employee and work environment risks

Finding a permanent, skilled and qualified workforce is a challenge for the entire construction industry and one of the most important factors influencing business performance. To strengthen Nordecon's reputation as an employer and to ensure that we have employees in the future, we work with educational institutions. Continuous employee development is essential and one of our acknowledged priorities. We also rely on our subcontractors' ability to find employees with the necessary skills and qualifications.

We seek to minimise the risks to the health and safety of people working on our construction sites, including our own teams and those of our subcontractors, by applying the measures required by law and our management systems. Subcontractors are responsible for ensuring the safety of their operations and employees, while our role is to build relationships and create conditions that enable and encourage compliance with safety regulations.

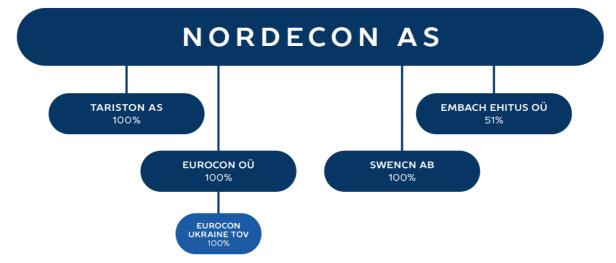
Environmental risks

Construction activities have a direct impact on wildlife, soil and the physical environment. In carrying out our operations, we therefore strive to protect the surrounding environment and nature as much as possible. The group's assets and operations with the greatest environmental impact and thus the highest environmental risks are asphalt plants, quarries used for the extraction of construction materials and road construction operations. The main environmental protection measures at construction sites include efficient use of materials and proper waste management. Excessive waste, leaks, spills, pollution, destruction of wildlife and other environmental damage is prevented by complying with legal and regulatory requirements. All of the group's construction companies have implemented environmental management standard ISO 14001.

Corruption and ethical risks

Nordecon is one of the leading construction companies in the Estonian market. Therefore, it is important for us to be aware of the risks involved in breaching honest and ethical business practices. We have put in place internal procedures and policies, follow the rules of the Tallinn Stock Exchange and work with external and internal auditors and supervisory authorities. We make every effort to ensure that our companies' management quality, organisational culture and internal communication emphasise zero tolerance for dishonest, unethical and corrupt behaviour. Transparent decision-making and open communication are underpinned by effective internal cooperation and external communication. Openness is supported by the continuously increasing use of IT solutions.

Group structure



The group's structure at 31 March 2024, including interests in subsidiaries and associates*

*The structure does not include the subsidiaries OÜ Eesti Ehitus, OÜ Aspi, OÜ Linnaehitus, OÜ Eston Ehitus, Kaurits OÜ, Kalda Kodu OÜ, EE Ressursid OÜ, SweNCN OÜ, Nordecon Statyba UAB, Eurocon Bud TOV, Technopolis-2 TOV and the associate V.I. Center TOV, which currently do not engage in any significant business activities. The first five were established to protect business names. Nor does the structure include investments in entities in which the group's interest is less than 20%.

The group's operations in Estonia and foreign markets

Operations in Estonia

At the beginning of December 2023, the group divested its ownership interest in Nordecon Betoon OÜ and exited the concrete work market, where it had competed as a subcontractor. During the period under review, the group was involved in building and infrastructure construction, providing services in practically all market subsegments. A significant share of the core business was conducted by the parent, Nordecon AS, which is also a holding company for the group's larger subsidiaries. In addition to the parent, construction management services were rendered by the subsidiaries Tariston AS and Embach Ehitus OÜ.

The group also continued with its other main business activities: property development (Embach Ehitus OÜ), the rental of heavy construction machinery and equipment and the provision of regional road maintenance services (Tariston AS).

The group did not enter any new operating segments in Estonia.

Operations in foreign markets

Ukraine

Russia's military invasion of Ukraine on 24 February 2022 has strongly affected the operations of our Ukrainian subsidiary Eurocon Ukraine TOV. However, our business volumes in Ukraine have recovered to their pre-war levels. The activity of Eurocon Ukraine TOV does not have a significant impact on the group's revenue, profit and assets. The group has interests in two real estate projects in Ukraine but the commencement of development activities has been postponed due to the war. The properties have not been damaged in the military conflict and the group has control of the plots.

Sweden

There were no changes in our Swedish operations during the period under review. Swench AB did not have any construction projects in progress at 31 March 2024 but the company is seeking new opportunities to continue its business in the Swedish market.

Performance by geographical market

Revenue generated outside Estonia in the first quarter of 2024 decreased compared to the same period in 2023 and accounted for 1% of the group's total revenue for the period. Despite the ongoing war, Nordecon's construction volumes in Ukraine increased. During the period, work continued on the reconstruction of substations and the installation of associated physical protection systems in the Poltava, Zhytomyr, Volyn and Ivano-Frankivsk regions of Ukraine. The group did not generate any revenue and had no ongoing construction contracts in the Swedish market. With the sale of Nordecon Betoon OÜ at the beginning of December 2023, the group also withdrew from the Finnish market, where it had operated through Nordecon Betoon OÜ's subsidiary NOBE Rakennus OY. The group operated on a project basis in Latvia and Lithuania.

	Q1 2024	Q1 2023	Q1 2022	2023
Estonia	99%	98%	95%	97%
Ukraine	1%	0%	0%	2%
Finland	-	2%	2%	1%
Latvia	-	0%	3%	0%

Performance by business line

Segment revenues

We strive to maintain the revenues of our two main operating segments (Buildings and Infrastructure) in balance, if this is permitted by market conditions, because this helps diversify risks and provides better opportunities to continue construction operations in more challenging market conditions where the volumes of one subsegment decline sharply while the volumes of another may grow more rapidly.

The group's revenue for the first quarter of 2024 was $\leq 46,245$ thousand, around 38% larger than a year earlier, when revenue from continuing operations amounted to $\leq 33,549$ thousand. The Buildings segment generated revenue of $\leq 43,408$ thousand and the Infrastructure segment revenue of $\leq 2,808$ thousand. The corresponding figures for the first quarter of 2023 were $\leq 30,673$ thousand and $\leq 2,849$ thousand (see note 8). Revenue generated by the Buildings segment increased by 42%, while revenue generated by the Infrastructure segment remained more or less stable compared to the same period last year. The revenue growth and changes in performance of the reportable segments were expected and in line with the group's order book.

Revenue by operating segment*	Q1 2024	Q1 2023	Q1 2022	2023
Buildings	94%	92%	87%	74%
Infrastructure	6%	8%	13%	26%

* In the directors' report, projects have been allocated to operating segments based on their nature (i.e. building or infrastructure construction). In the segment reporting presented in the consolidated financial statements, allocation is based on the subsidiaries' main field of activity (as required by IFRS 8 Operating Segments). In the consolidated financial statements, the results of a subsidiary that primarily operates in the Buildings or the Infrastructure segment are presented in the respective segment. In the directors' report, the revenues of such a subsidiary are presented based on their nature. The differences between the two reports are not significant because group companies mostly specialise in specific areas. The figures for the parent are allocated in both parts of the report based on the nature of the work.

Subsegment revenues

In the Buildings segment, the main revenue contributor was the public buildings subsegment, which delivered approximately 83% growth compared to the same period last year. Revenue generated by the commercial and apartment buildings subsegments also increased, while the revenue contribution of the industrial and warehouse facilities subsegment decreased sharply with only one construction contract in progress.

The period's largest projects in the public buildings subsegment were the construction of the main building of the Estonian Internal Security Service and Loodusmaja (Nature Hub) in Tallinn, the design and construction of warehouse complexes for the Centre for Defence Investment in Luunja and Nõo rural municipalities in Tartu county and in Ida-Viru county, the design and construction of a new study and sports building for the Saku upper secondary school near Tallinn and the reconstruction of the building of the Karlova school in Tartu.

The revenue of the apartment buildings subsegment resulted from the construction of the commercial and residential complex Vektor and the group's own development projects. Revenue from the group's own development operations increased year on year, rising to \leq 3,952 thousand (Q1 2023: \leq 2,173 thousand). Nordecon is continuing the development of the Mõisavahe Kodu housing estate (<u>https://moisavahe.ee</u>) and the construction of the Emajõe Residents housing estate, located close to the city centre on the banks of the Emajõgi river (<u>https://emajoeresidents.ee</u>), in Tartu. In the first quarter, the group also started the construction of phase 1 of the Seileri Kvartal housing estate in Pärnu (<u>https://seileri.ee</u>). In carrying out our own development activities, we carefully monitor potential risks in the housing development market.

The largest projects under construction in the commercial buildings subsegment were the commercial and residential complex Vektor and the LEED Gold compliant Golden Gate office building at Ahtri 6 in Tallinn and the design and construction of a commercial building at Nõlvakaare 4 at Raadi in Tartu county.

Revenue breakdown in the Buildings segment	Q1 2024	Q1 2023	Q1 2022	2023
Public buildings	67%	43%	28%	37%
Commercial buildings	19%	25%	23%	23%
Apartment buildings	14%	22%	31%	27%
Industrial and warehouse facilities	0%	10%	18%	13%

The largest revenue contributor in the Infrastructure segment is road construction and maintenance although in the first quarter of 2024 its revenue decreased by around 6% compared with a year earlier. A major share of the subsegment's revenue for the period resulted from the construction of an armoured manoeuvre shooting range and roads in Harju county, the provision of road maintenance services in Järva county and the construction of the Tagadi ecoduct (wildlife crossing) on the Rail Baltica route.

Revenue breakdown in the Infrastructure segment	Q1 2024	Q1 2023	Q1 2022	2023
Road construction and maintenance	83%	61%	66%	63%
Other engineering	17%	33%	27%	30%
Environmental engineering	0%	6%	0%	7%
Specialist engineering (incl. hydraulic engineering)	0%	0%	7%	0%

Financial review

Financial performance

Nordecon delivered a gross profit of $\{2,138$ thousand and a gross margin of 4.6% in the first quarter of 2024 (Q1 2023: $\{985\)$ thousand and 2.9%). The improvement in profitability was driven by the Buildings segment, which increased its gross margin to 7.8% (Q1 2023: $\{6.3\%\}$). Due to the seasonal nature of the construction business, first-quarter results are affected by a large share of uncovered fixed costs, particularly in the Infrastructure segment. Above all, this applies to asphalt concrete production and laying in road construction, where plant and equipment expenses account for a major share of fixed costs. As a result, the gross margin of the Infrastructure segment was negative at 30.9% (Q1 2023: negative at 26.3%).

The group's administrative expenses for the first quarter of 2024 amounted to $\leq 1,564$ thousand. Administrative expenses from continuing operations remained at the same level as in the first quarter of 2023, when the figure was $\leq 1,587$ thousand. The ratio of administrative expenses to revenue (12 months rolling) increased year on year, rising to 3.3% (Q1 2023: 2.9%).

The group ended the first quarter of 2024 with an operating profit of €386 thousand (Q1 2023: an operating loss of €625 thousand). EBITDA for the period was €1,094 thousand (Q1 2023: €155 thousand).

The group's finance income and costs are affected by exchange rate fluctuations in the group's foreign markets (see the chapter *Financial risks*). During the period, the exchange rate of the Ukrainian hryvnia remained stable against the euro, while the exchange rate of the Swedish krona weakened against the euro by around 4%. As a result, the translation of the loans provided to the group's Ukrainian and Swedish subsidiaries in euros into the local currencies gave rise to an exchange loss of \leq 30 thousand (Q1 2023: \leq 133 thousand). Due to the group's relatively high loan burden, finance costs were strongly influenced by interest expense, which amounted to \leq 230 thousand (Q1 2023: \leq 212 thousand).

The group ended the period with a net loss of €182 thousand (Q1 2023: €1,674 thousand). The net loss attributable to owners of the parent, Nordecon AS, was €593 thousand (Q1 2023: €1,874 thousand).

Cash flows

Operating activities produced a net cash inflow of \notin 5,422 thousand in the first quarter of 2024 (Q1 2023: an inflow of \notin 705 thousand). Operating cash flow is strongly influenced by the fact that the contracts signed with most public and private sector customers do not require them to make advance payments, while the group has to make prepayments to subcontractors and materials suppliers. Cash inflow is also reduced by contractual retentions, which extend from 5 to 10% of the contract price and are released at the end of the construction period only.

Investing activities of the period resulted in a net cash inflow of ≤ 31 thousand (Q1 2023: an outflow of ≤ 326 thousand). Payments for the purchase of property, plant and equipment totalled ≤ 21 thousand (Q1 2023: ≤ 37 thousand) and proceeds from the sale of property, plant and equipment totalled ≤ 25 thousand (Q1 2023: 201 thousand). Loans provided amounted to ≤ 18 thousand (Q1 2023: ≤ 508 thousand) and interest received amounted to ≤ 39 thousand (Q1 2023: 2 thousand).

Financing activities generated a net cash outflow of €1,259 thousand (Q1 2023: an outflow of €1,713 thousand). The largest items were loan repayments and lease payments of €633 thousand and €555 thousand, respectively (Q1 2023: €1,330 thousand and €735 thousand, respectively). Proceeds from loans received amounted to €108 thousand (Q1 2023: €1,234 thousand) and interest payments to €278 thousand (Q1 2023: €294 thousand). In the first quarter of 2023, the group also paid dividends of €588 thousand.

The group's cash and cash equivalents at 31 March 2024 amounted to €16,083 thousand (31 March 2023: €5,901 thousand). Management's commentary on liquidity risks is presented in the chapter *Description of the main risks*.

Key financial figures and ratios

Figure/ratio	Q1 2024	Q1 2023	Q1 2022	2023
Revenue (€'000)*	46,245	33,549	44,539	186,464
Revenue change*	37.8%	(24.7)%	22.1%	(15.4)%
Net loss (€'000)*	(182)	(1,674)	(1,166)	(6,418)
Net loss attributable to owners of the parent (€'000)	(593)	(1,874)	(919)	(942)
Average number of shares	31,528,585	31,528,585	31,528,585	31,528,585
Earnings per share (€)	(0.02)	(0.06)	(0.03)	(0.03)
Administrative expenses to revenue*	3.4%	4.7%	2.8%	3.5%
Administrative expenses to revenue (rolling)*	3.3%	2.9%	2.1%	3.5%
EBITDA (€'000)*	1,094	155	912	(412)
EBITDA margin*	2.4%	0.5%	2.0%	(0.2)%
Gross margin*	4.6%	2.9%	(0.2)%	2.0%
Operating margin*	0.8%	(1.9)%	0.2%	(1.8)%
Operating margin excluding gain on non-current asset sa	les* 0.8%	(2.2)%	0.0%	(2.0)%
Net margin*	(0.4)%	(5.0)%	(2.6)%	(3.4)%
Return on invested capital	0.1%	(2.4)%	(0.2)%	8.0%
Return on equity	(0.8)%	(6.4)%	(1.1)%	8.3%
Equity ratio	19.1%	19.5%	20.4%	18.7%
Return on assets	(0.2)%	(1.3)%	(0.2)%	(1.6)%
Gearing	4.4%	35.6%	36.1%	16.6%
Current ratio	0.85	0.85	0.91	0.95
	31 March 2024 3	1 March 2023	31 March 2022	31 Dec 2023
Order book (€'000)*	198,737	148,302	204,495	216,732

Revenue change = (revenue for the reporting period / revenue for the previous period) – $1 * 100$	Net margin = (net profit or loss for the period / revenue) * 100 Return on invested capital = ((profit or loss before tax + interest
Earnings per share (EPS) = net profit or loss attributable to owners of the parent / weighted average number of shares outstanding	expense) / the period's average (interest-bearing liabilities + equity)) * 100
Administrative expenses to revenue = (administrative expenses / revenue) * 100	Return on equity = (net profit or loss for the period / the period's average total equity) * 100
Administrative expenses to revenue (rolling) = (past four quarters'	Equity ratio = (total equity / total liabilities and equity) * 100
administrative expenses / past four quarters' revenue) * 100	Return on assets = (net profit or loss for the period / the period's
EBITDA = operating profit or loss + depreciation and amortisation +	average total assets) * 100
impairment losses on goodwill	Gearing = ((interest-bearing liabilities – cash and cash equivalents) /
EBITDA margin = (EBITDA / revenue) * 100	(interest-bearing liabilities + equity)) * 100
Gross margin = (gross profit or loss / revenue) * 100	Current ratio = total current assets / total current liabilities
Operating margin = (operating profit or loss / revenue) * 100	
Operating margin excluding gain on non-current asset sales =	
((operating profit or loss – gain on sales of non-current assets – gain on	
sales of real estate) / revenue) * 100	

* Continuing operations

Due to the sale of Nordecon Betoon OÜ and NOBE Rakennus OY at the beginning of December 2023, the business activities of those companies have been classified as a discontinued operation whose revenues and expenses for comparative periods are presented separately in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income within *Profit* (*loss*) from a discontinued operation.

Order book

The group's order book (backlog of contracts signed but not yet performed) stood at $\leq 198,737$ thousand at 31 March 2024, reflecting an increase of approximately 34% year on year. In the first quarter of 2024, we signed new contracts for $\leq 17,617$ thousand (Q1 2023: $\leq 41,860$ thousand). After the reporting date, we have signed additional new contracts for $\leq 14,900$ thousand. The rise in material prices and interest rates in recent years, due to the uptrend in EURIBOR rates, has caused a sharp increase in the cost of development projects and, consequently, the postponement of new projects. The volume of investments made by the Transport Administration has decreased significantly, which has had a direct impact on the size of the order book of our Infrastructure segment. The volume of procurements for the Rail Baltica project has increased and will partially offset the decline in investments by the Transport Administration, but the excessive length of the procurement processes makes it difficult to predict the potential start dates of the work and the impact on revenue. While public investment in building construction has also decreased, we see some investment activity at local authority level.

	31 March 2024	31 March 2023	31 March 2022	31 Dec 2023
Order book (€'000)*	198,737	148,302	204,495	216,732

* Continuing operations

The share of the Buildings segment in the group's order book has increased: at 31 March 2024, the Buildings segment accounted for 93% and the Infrastructure segment for 7% of the group's total order book (31 March 2023: 81% and 19%, respectively). Compared with 31 March 2023, the order book of the Buildings segment has increased by 53%, while the order book of the Infrastructure segment has decreased by 49% and now consists solely of contracts secured by the road construction and maintenance subsegment.

Major contracts secured during the period include:

- the construction of an armoured manoeuvre shooting range and roads for the Centre for Defence Investment in Harju county with an approximate cost of €5,450 thousand;
- the construction of a modern war and disaster medicine centre for the Centre for Defence Investment in Tartu with an approximate cost of €15,000 thousand (the group is one of the joint bidders).

Management expects the group's revenue to increase slightly in 2024 compared to the revenue generated by continuing operations in 2023. In a highly competitive environment, we will avoid taking unjustified risks that could materialise during the contract execution phase and have an adverse impact on the group's results. We will focus on cost management and pre-construction and design activities where we can leverage our professional competitive advantages.

People

Employees and staff costs

The group's average number of employees in the first quarter of 2024 was 423, including 281 engineers and technical professionals (ETP). Headcount decreased by around 28% year on year, due to the restructuring of the group's Infrastructure segment and the sale of Nordecon Betoon OÜ and NOBE Rakennus OY at the beginning of December 2023.

Average number of employees at group companies (the parent and the subsidiaries):

	Q1 2024	Q1 2023	Q1 2022	2023
ETP	281	392	434	374
Workers	142	192	225	184
Total average	423	584	659	558

The group's staff costs, including all taxes, were €3,939 thousand in the first quarter of 2024, compared with €4,531 thousand from continuing operations in the same period last year. The decrease is mainly due to a lower headcount following the reorganisation of the Infrastructure segment.

The service fees of the members of the council of Nordecon AS for Q1 2024 totalled €50 thousand and the associated social security charges amounted to €17 thousand (Q1 2023: €37 thousand and €12 thousand, respectively).

The service fees of the members of the board of Nordecon AS totalled €130 thousand and the associated social security charges amounted to €43 thousand (Q1 2023: €115 thousand and €38 thousand, respectively).

Labour productivity and labour cost efficiency

We measure the efficiency of our operating activities using the following productivity and efficiency indicators, which are based on the number of employees and staff costs incurred:

	Q1 2024	Q1 2023	Q1 2022	2023
Nominal labour productivity (rolling), (€'000)	535.4	472.3	451.9	499.3
Change against the comparative period, %	13.4%	4.5%	8.3%	1.8%
Nominal labour cost efficiency (rolling), (€)	11.1	11.0	12.2	10.3
Change against the comparative period, %	0.5%	(9.8)%	11.4%	(13.4)%

Nominal labour productivity (rolling) = (past four quarters' revenue) / (past four quarters' average number of employees) Nominal labour cost efficiency (rolling) = (past four quarters' revenue) / (past four quarters' staff costs)

The group's nominal labour productivity for the period increased year on year due to a decrease in the average number of employees.

Share and shareholders

Share information

Name of security	Nordecon AS ordinary share
Issuer	Nordecon AS
ISIN code	EE3100039496
Ticker symbol	NCN1T
Nominal value	No par value*
Total number of securities issued	32,375,483
Number of listed securities	32,375,483
Listing date	18 May 2006
Market	Nasdaq Tallinn, Baltic Main List
Industry	Construction and engineering
Indexes	OMX Baltic Industrials GI; OMX Baltic Industrials PI; OMX Baltic Construction & Materials GI; OMX Baltic Construction & Materials PI; OMX_Baltic_GI; OMX_Baltic_PI; OMX Tallinn_GI

*In connection with Estonia's accession to the euro area on 1 January 2011 and based on amendments to the Estonian Commercial Code which took effect on 1 July 2010 as well as a resolution adopted by the annual general meeting of Nordecon AS in May 2011, the company's share capital was converted from EEK 307,567,280 (Estonian kroons) to €19,657,131.9. Concurrently with the conversion, the company adopted shares with no par value.

In July 2014, Nordecon AS issued 1,618,755 new shares with a total cost of €1,581,523.64, increasing share capital by €1,034,573.01 to €20,691,704.91, and acquired the same number of own (treasury) shares for the same price. The share capital of Nordecon AS consists of 32,375,483 ordinary registered shares with no par value.

Owners of ordinary shares are entitled to dividends as distributed from time to time. Each share carries one vote at the general meeting of Nordecon AS.

Movements in the price and trading volume of the Nordecon AS share in Q1 2024

Movements in the share price are in euros and daily turnover in the bar chart is in thousands of euros.





Movement of the share price compared with the OMX Tallinn Index in Q1 2024

Index/equity	1 January 2023*	31 March 2024	+/-
OMX Tallinn	1,768.56	1,743.11	(1.44)%
NCN1T	€0.62	€0.52	(16.4)%

*Closing price on the Nasdaq Tallinn Stock Exchange at 31 December 2023

Summarised trading results

Share trading history

Price, €	Q1 2024	Q1 2023	Q1 2022
Open	0.62	0.69	1.21
High	0.62	0.93	1.29
Low	0.50	0.67	0.83
Last closing price	0.52	0.79	1.03
Traded volume (number of securities traded)	498,784	556,838	1,159,528
Turnover, € million	0.28	0.44	1.27
Listed volume (31 March), thousand	32,375	32,375	32,375
Market capitalisation (31 March), € million	16.84	25.58	33.35

Shareholder structure

Largest shareholders of Nordecon AS at 31 March 2024

Shareholder	Number of shares	Ownership interest (%)
AS Nordic Contractors	16,563,145	51.16
Luksusjaht AS	4,332,342	13.38
Toomas Luman	770,500	2.38
Olegs Radcenko	574,200	1.77
Nõmme Erahariduse SA	370,370	1.14
Lembit Talpsepp	370,100	1.14
SEB Pank AS clients	300,000	0.93
OÜ Alar Invest	255,000	0.79
Genadi Bulatov	250,600	0.77
Endel Palla	200,600	0.62

Shareholder structure of Nordecon AS at 31 March 2024

	Number of shareholders	Ownership interest (%)
Shareholders with interest exceeding 5%	2	64.54
Shareholders with interest from 1% to 5%	4	6.44
Shareholders with interest below 1%	6,574	26.40
Holder of own (treasury) shares	1	2.62
Total	6,581	100

Shares controlled by members of the council of Nordecon AS at 31 March 2024

Council member		Number of shares	Ownership interest (%)
Toomas Luman (AS Nordic Contractors, OÜ Luman ja Pojad)*	Chairman of the Council	17,493,645	54.03
Andri Hõbemägi	Member of the Council	50,000	0.15
Vello Kahro	Member of the Council	10,000	0.03
Sandor Liive	Member of the Council	0	0.00
Andre Luman	Member of the Council	25,000	0.08
Total		17,578,645	54.29

* Companies controlled by the individual

Shares controlled by members of the board of Nordecon AS at 31 March 2024

Board member		Number of shares	Ownership interest (%)
Maret Tambek	Chairman of the Board	0	0.00
Priit Luman	Member of the Board	7,000	0.02
Tarmo Pohlak	Member of the Board	3,942	0.01
Total		10,942	0.03

Management's confirmation and signatures

The board confirms that the directors' report presents fairly all significant events that occurred during the reporting period as well as their impact on the condensed consolidated interim financial statements, contains a description of the main risks and uncertainties and provides an overview of significant transactions with related parties.

Chairman of the Board 9 May 2024 Maret Tambek Priit Luman Member of the Board 9 May 2024 Tarmo Pohlak Member of the Board 9 May 2024

Financial report for the first quarter of 2024 (unaudited)

Condensed consolidated interim financial statements

Consolidated statement of financial position

€′000	Note	31 March 2024	31 December 2023
ASSETS			
Current assets			
Cash and cash equivalents		16,083	11,892
Trade and other receivables	2	30,117	37,010
Prepayments		2,812	1,789
Inventories	3	24,766	25,879
Total current assets		73,778	76,570
Non-current assets			
Other investments		76	76
Trade and other receivables	2	9,198	9,113
Investment property		5,517	5,517
Property, plant and equipment		13,979	14,292
Intangible assets		14,979	14,964
Total non-current assets		43,749	43,962
TOTAL ASSETS		117,527	120,532
LIABILITIES			
Current liabilities			
Borrowings	5	13,751	10,188
Trade payables		52,355	39,855
Other payables		6,367	9,241
Deferred income		12,996	20,602
Provisions		1,006	1,129
Total current liabilities		86,475	81,015
Non-current liabilities			
Borrowings	5, 6	4,090	8,563,
Trade payables		2,115	6,011
Provisions		2,440	2,405
Total non-current liabilities		8,645	16,979
TOTAL LIABILITIES		95,120	97,994
EQUITY			
Share capital		14,379	14,379
Own (treasury) shares		(660)	(660)
Share premium		635	635
Statutory capital reserve		2,554	2,554
Translation reserve		3,837	3,786
Retained earnings		326	919
Total equity attributable to owners of the parent		21,071	21,613
Non-controlling interests		1,336	925
TOTAL EQUITY		22,407	22,538
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND EQUITY		117,527	120,532

Consolidated statement of comprehensive income

€′000	Note	Q1 2024	Q1 2023	2023
Continuing operations				
Revenue	8, 9	46,245	33,549	186,464
Cost of sales	10	(44,107)	(32,564)	(182,655)
Gross profit		2,138	985	3,809
Marketing and distribution expenses		(68)	(104)	(497)
Administrative expenses	11	(1,564)	(1,587)	(6,564)
Other operating income	12	26	109	286
Other operating expenses	12	(146)	(28)	(465)
Operating profit (loss)		386	(625)	(3,431)
Finance income	13	137	69	613
Finance costs	13	(705)	(885)	(3,356)
Net finance costs		(568)	(816)	(2,743)
Loss before tax		(182)	(1,441)	(6,174)
Income tax expense		0	(243)	(244)
Loss for the period from continuing operations		(182)	(1,684)	(6,418)
Profit for the period from a discontinued			10	0 474
operation	14	-	10	8,474
Profit (loss) for the period		(182)	(1,674)	2,056
Other comprehensive income				
Items that may be reclassified subsequently to				
profit or loss Exchange differences on translating foreign operations		51	169	470
Total other comprehensive income		51	169	470
TOTAL COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (EXPENSE)		(131)	(1,505)	2,526
Profit (loss) attributable to:				
- Owners of the parent		(593)	(1,874)	(942)
- Non-controlling interests		(553)	200	2,998
Profit (loss) for the period		(182)	(1,674)	2,998
		(102)	(1,074)	2,030
Comprehensive income (expense) attributable to:				
- Owners of the parent		(542)	(1,705)	(472)
- Non-controlling interests		411	200	2,998
Comprehensive income (expense) for the period		(131)	(1,505)	2,526
Earnings per share from continuing operations				
attributable to owners of the parent:				
Basic earnings per share (€)	7	(0.02)	(0.06)	(0.31)
Diluted earnings per share (€)	7	(0.02)	(0.06)	(0.31)
Earnings per share from a discontinued operation				
attributable to owners of the parent:				
Basic earnings per share (€)	14	-	0.00	0.28
Diluted earnings per share (€)	T 4	-	0.00	0.28
		-	0.00	0.20

Consolidated statement of cash flows

€′000	Note	Q1 2024	Q1 2023*
Cash flows from operating activities			
Cash receipts from customers ¹		53,333	77,360
Cash paid to suppliers ² VAT paid		(39,940) (3,112)	(67,923) (2,692)
Cash paid to and for employees		(4,859)	(5,716)
Income tax paid		(4,000)	(324)
Net cash from operating activities		5,422	705
Cash flows from investing activities			
Apaid for acquisition of property, plant and equipment		(21)	(37)
Proceeds from sale of property, plant and equipment	4	25	201
Loans provided		(18)	(508)
Repayments of loans provided Dividends received		0 6	4 12
Interest received		39	2
Net cash from (used in) investing activities		31	(326)
Cash flows from financing activities			
Proceeds from loans received		108	1,234
Repayments of loans received		(633)	(1,330)
Dividends paid		0	(588)
Lease payments		(555)	(735)
Interest paid		(278) 99	(294)
Other payments			0
Net cash used in financing activities		(1,259)	(1,713)
Net cash flow		4,194	(1,334)
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period		11,892	7,238
Effect of movements in foreign exchange rates		(3)	(3)
Change in cash and cash equivalents		4,194	(1,334)
Cash and cash equivalents at end of period		16,083	5,901

* In accordance with IFRS, the consolidated cash flows for 2023 have not been adjusted. The cash flows associated with Nordecon Betoon OÜ and NOBE Rakennus OY have been consolidated line by line.

 $^{1}\,{\rm Line}$ item Cash receipts from customers includes VAT paid by customers.

² Line item *Cash paid to suppliers* includes VAT paid.

Consolidated statement of changes in equity

	Equity attributable to owners of the parent				1				
€'000	Share capital	Treasury shares	Capital reserve	Share premium	Translation reserve	Retained earnings	Total	Non- controlling interests	Total
Balance at									
31 December 2022 Profit (loss) for the	14,379	(660)	2,554	635	3,316	2,691	22,915	4,345	27,260
period Other comprehensive	0	0	0	0	0	(1,874)	(1,874)	200	(1,674)
income	0	0	0	0	169	0	169	0	169
Transactions with owners									
Dividend distribution	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	(588)	(588)
Total transactions									
with owners	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	(588)	(588)
Balance at 31 March 2023	14 270	(660)	2 554	635	2 495	017	21 210	2.057	25 167
51 WIATCH 2025	14,379	(660)	2,554	035	3,485	817	21,210	3,957	25,167
Balance at									
31 December 2023	14,379	(660)	2,554	635	3,786	919	21,613	925	22,538
Profit (loss) for the period	0	0	0	0	0	(593)	(593)	411	(182)
Other comprehensive	0	0	0	0	0	(555)	(555)	411	(102)
income	0	0	0	0	51	0	51	0	51
Balance at									
31 March 2024	14,379	(660)	2,554	635	3,837	326	21,071	1,336	22,407

Notes to the condensed consolidated interim financial statements

NOTE 1. Significant accounting policies

Nordecon AS is a company incorporated and domiciled in Estonia. The address of the company's registered office is Toompuiestee 35, Tallinn 10149, Estonia. Nordecon AS's majority shareholder and the party controlling the Nordecon group is AS Nordic Contractors that holds 51.16% of the shares in Nordecon AS. The Nordecon AS shares have been listed on the Nasdaq Tallinn Stock Exchange since 18 May 2006.

The condensed consolidated interim financial statements as at and for the period ended 31 March 2024 have been prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standard IAS 34 *Interim Financial Reporting* as adopted by the European Union. The condensed interim financial statements do not contain all the information presented in the annual financial statements and should be read in conjunction with the group's latest published annual financial statements as at and for the year ended 31 December 2023.

According to management's assessment, the condensed consolidated interim financial statements of Nordecon AS for the first quarter of 2024 give a true and fair view of the group's financial performance and the parent and all its subsidiaries that are included in the financial statements are going concerns. The condensed consolidated interim financial statements have not been audited or otherwise checked by auditors and contain only the consolidated financial statements of the group.

NOTE 2. Trade and other receivables

€′000	Note	31 March 2024	31 December 2023
Current items			
Trade receivables		19,271	28,053
Retentions receivable		2,435	3,042
Receivables from related parties	15	279	262
Other receivables		170	217
Total receivables and loans provided		22,155	31,574
Due from customers for contract work		7,962	5,436
Total current trade and other receivables		30,117	37,010
€'000	Note	31 March 2024	31 December 2023
Non-current items			
Receivables from related parties	15	151	172
Loans provided to related parties	15	8,252	8,146
Other non-current receivables		795	795
Total non-current trade and other receivables		9,198	9,113

NOTE 3. Inventories

€′000	31 March 2024	31 December 2023
Raw materials and consumables	5,915	5,749
Work in progress	8,824	10,440
Parking spaces for sale	215	223
Properties purchased for development and pre-development costs	9,812	9,467
Total inventories	24,766	25,879

NOTE 4. Property, plant and equipment and intangible assets

Property, plant and equipment

Additions to property, plant and equipment during the period totalled €464 thousand (Q1 2023: €534 thousand) and consisted of equipment and machinery required for the group's operating activities.

Proceeds from the sale of property, plant and equipment amounted to ≤ 25 thousand (see the statement of cash flows) and associated sales gain was ≤ 6 thousand (note 12). In the comparative period, sales proceeds and gain amounted to ≤ 201 thousand and ≤ 104 thousand, respectively.

Intangible assets

There were no significant transactions with intangible assets during the period.

NOTE 5. Borrowings

Current borrowings:

€′000	31 March 2024	31 December 2023
Short-term portion of long-term loans	6,187	2,704
Lease liabilities	2,035	2,112
Short-term bank loans	5,529	5,372
Total current borrowings	13,751	10,188

Non-current borrowings:

€′000	31 March 2024	31 December 2023
Lease liabilities	4,090	4,399
Bank loans	0	4,164
Total non-current borrowings	4,090	8,563

NOTE 6. Lease liabilities

Lease liabilities

€′000	31 March 2024	31 December 2023
Lease liabilities at end of period, of which	6,125	6,511
Not later than 1 year	2,035	2,112
Later than 1 year and not later than 5 years	4,090	4,399
Base currency €	6,125	6,511
Interest rate for contracts denominated in € ¹	5.0%-7.3%	2.9%-7.2%
Frequency of payments	Monthly	Monthly
¹ Includes leases with floating interest rates		

Lease payments		
€′000	Q1 2024	Q1 2023
Principal payments made during the period	555	735
Interest payments made during the period	92	103

Short-term leases and leases for which the underlying asset is of low value are recognised as an expense on a straight-line basis over the lease term. Short-term leases are leases with a lease term of 12 months or less.

NOTE 7. Earnings per share

Basic earnings per share are calculated by dividing the profit or loss attributable to owners of the parent by the weighted average number of shares outstanding during the period. Diluted earnings per share are calculated by dividing the profit or loss attributable to owners of the parent by the average number of shares outstanding during the period, both adjusted for the effects of all dilutive equity instruments.

€′000	Q1 2024	Q1 2023
Net loss for the period attributable to owners of the parent (€'000)	(593)	(1,874)
Average number of shares (thousand)	31,528	31,528
Basic earnings per share (€)	(0.02)	(0.06)
Diluted earnings per share (€)	(0.02)	(0.06)

At the reporting date, Nordecon AS had no dilutive share options. Therefore, diluted earnings per share equal basic earnings per share.

NOTE 8. Segment reporting – operating segments

The group's chief operating decision maker is the board of the parent company Nordecon AS. This group of persons monitors the group's internally generated financial information on a regular basis to better allocate the resources and assess their utilisation. Reportable operating segments are identified by reference to monitored information.

The group's reportable operating segments are:

- Buildings
- Infrastructure

Reportable operating segments are engaged in the provision of construction services in the buildings and infrastructure segments.

Preparation of segment reporting

The prices applied in intersegment transactions do not differ significantly from market prices. The chief operating decision maker reviews intersegment transactions separately and analyses their proportion in segment revenue. Respective figures are separately outlined in segment reporting.

The chief operating decision maker assesses the performance of an operating segment and utilisation of the resources allocated to it through the segment's profit. The profit of an operating segment is its gross profit, which does not include major exceptional expenses (such as non-recurring asset write-downs). Items after the gross profit of an operating segment (including marketing and distribution expenses, administrative expenses, interest expense and income tax expense) are not used by the chief operating decision maker to assess the performance of the segment.

According to management's assessment, intersegment transactions are conducted on regular market terms, which do not differ significantly from the terms applied in transactions with third parties.

Information about the results of the discontinued operation is presented in note 14.

First quarter

€′000			
Q1 2024	Buildings	Infrastructure	Total
Continuing operations			
Total revenue	43,408	2,808	46,216
Of which: General contracting services	39,456	1,517	40,973
Road maintenance services	0	895	895
Lease services	0	396	396
Own development activities	3,952	0	3,952
Gross profit (loss) of the segment	3,377	(868)	2,509

€′000			
Q1 2023	Buildings	Infrastructure	Total
Continuing operations			
Total revenue	30,673	2,849	33,522
Of which: General contracting services	28,500	560	29,060
Subcontracting services	0	927	927
Road maintenance services	0	1,112	1,112
Lease services	0	250	250
Own development activities	2,173	0	2,173
Gross profit (loss) of the segment	1,939	(749)	1,190

Reconciliation of segment revenues

€′000	Q1 2024	Q1 2023
Total revenues for reportable segments	46,216	33,522
Reportable segments' unallocated revenue	29	27
Consolidated revenue	46,245	33,549

Reconciliation of segment profit (loss)

€'000	Q1 2024	Q1 2023
Total profit for reportable segments	2,509	1,190
Unallocated loss	(371)	(204)
Gross profit	2,138	985
Unallocated expenses:		
Marketing and distribution expenses	(68)	(104)
Administrative expenses	(1,564)	(1,587)
Other operating income and expenses	(120)	81
Operating profit (loss)	386	(625)
Finance income	137	69
Finance costs	(705)	(885)
Loss before tax	(182)	(1,441)

NOTE 9. Segment reporting – geographical information

Q1 2024	Q1 2023
45,946	33,383
299	166
46,245	33,549
	45,946 299

Information about the discontinued operation is presented in note 14.

NOTE 10. Cost of sales

€'000	Q1 2024	Q1 2023
Continuing operations		
Cost of materials, goods and services	40,348	28,211
Staff costs	3,135	3,683
Depreciation expense	524	573
Other expenses	100	97
Total cost of sales	44,107	32,564

Information about the discontinued operation is presented in note 14.

NOTE 11. Administrative expenses

€′000	Q1 2024	Q1 2023
Continuing operations		
Staff costs	787	831
Cost of materials, goods and services	492	484
Depreciation and amortisation expense	184	207
Other expenses	101	65
Total administrative expenses	1,564	1,587

Information about the discontinued operation is presented in note 14.

NOTE 12. Other operating income and expenses

€'000	Q1 2024	Q1 2023
Continuing operations		
Other operating income		
Gain on disposal of property, plant and equipment	6	104
Other income	20	5
Total other operating income	26	109
€'000	Q1 2024	Q1 2023
Other operating expenses		
Other expenses	146	28
Total other operating expenses	146	28
nformation about the discontinued operation is presented in no	ote 14.	

NOTE 13. Finance income and costs

€′000	Q1 2024	Q1 2023
Continuing operations		
Finance income		
Interest income on loans	92	54
Other finance income	45	15
Total finance income	137	69

€′000	Q1 2024	Q1 2023
Finance costs		
Interest expense	230	212
Foreign exchange loss	30	133
Other finance costs	445	540
Total finance costs	705	885

Information about the discontinued operation is presented in note 14.

NOTE 14. Discontinued operation

Sale of the investment in the subsidiary Nordecon Betoon OÜ

An extraordinary general meeting of Nordecon AS held on 29 November 2023 resolved to sell Nordecon AS's 52% stake in Nordecon Betoon OÜ. The transaction was finalised in early December 2023. The divested companies have been classified as a discontinued operation whose revenues and expenses for comparative periods are presented separately in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income within *Profit (loss) from a discontinued operation* and cash flows are presented in the consolidated statement of cash flows. The impact of the discontinued operation on the group's results for the reporting and the comparative period is presented below.

With the sale of its investment in Nordecon Betoon OÜ, the Nordecon group profitably exited the concrete work market, where it had competed as a subcontractor, and will subsequently focus on its core services: general contracting and design management. With the transaction, the group also withdrew from the Finnish market, where it had been operating through Nordecon Betoon OÜ's subsidiary NOBE Rakennus OY.

Impact of the discontinued operation on the consolidated statement of comprehensive income

€'000	Q1 2023	2023
Discontinued operation		
Revenue	14,104	91,918
Cost of sales	(13,767)	(85,401)
Gross profit	337	6,517
Marketing and distribution expenses	(32)	(218)
Administrative expenses	(283)	(2,351)
Other operating income	3	63
Other operating expenses	(5)	(24)
Operating profit	20	3,987
Finance income	5	4,897
Finance costs	(15)	(58)
Net finance income (costs)	(10)	4,839
Profit before tax	10	8,826
Income tax expense	0	(352)
Profit for the period from a discontinued operation	10	8,474
Basic earnings per share (${f \epsilon}$) from a discontinued operation	0.00	0.28

NOTE 15. Transactions with related parties

The group considers parties to be related if one controls the other or exerts significant influence on the other's operating decisions (assumes holding more than 20% of the voting power). Related parties include:

- Nordecon AS's parent company AS Nordic Contractors and its shareholders
- Other companies of the AS Nordic Contractors group
- Equity-accounted investees (associates and joint ventures) of the Nordecon group
- Members of the board and council of Nordecon AS, their close family members and companies related to them
- Individuals whose shareholding implies significant influence

The group's purchase and sales transactions with related parties

€'000		Q1 2024		Q1 2023
Counterparty	Purchases	Sales	Purchases	Sales
AS Nordic Contractors	512	0	614	0
Companies of the AS Nordic Contractors group	48	3	53	5
Companies related to owners of AS Nordic Contractors	0	0	168	43
Companies related to members of the council and board	0	0	3	0
Total	560	3	838	48
€'000		Q1 2024		Q1 2023
Nature of transaction	Purchases	Sales	Purchases	Sales
Construction services	0	0	0	43
Transactions with goods	0	0	168	0
Lease and other services	560	3	670	5
Total	560	3	838	48

During the period, the group recognised interest income on loans to an associate of €91 thousand (Q1 2023: €61 thousand).

Receivables from and liabilities to related parties at period-end

	31 March 2024		31 December 2023	
€′000	Receivables	Liabilities	Receivables	Liabilities
AS Nordic Contractors	0	110	0	10
Companies of the AS Nordic Contractors group	0	0	0	1
Companies related to owners of AS Nordic				
Contractors	427	38	433	46
Associates – receivables and liabilities	3	0	1	1
Associate – loans and interest	8,252	0	8,146	0
Total	8,682	148	8,580	58

Remuneration of the council and the board

The service fees of the members of the council of Nordecon AS for Q1 2024 totalled €50 thousand and the associated social security charges amounted to €17 thousand (Q1 2023: €37 thousand and €12 thousand, respectively).

The service fees of the members of the board of Nordecon AS totalled €130 thousand and the associated social security charges amounted to €43 thousand (Q1 2023: €115 thousand and €38 thousand, respectively).

Statements and signatures

Statement of management's responsibility

The board of Nordecon AS acknowledges its responsibility for the preparation of the group's condensed consolidated interim financial statements for the first quarter of 2024 and confirms that:

- the policies applied in the preparation of the condensed consolidated interim financial statements comply with International Financial Reporting Standards as adopted by the European Union (IFRS EU);
- the condensed consolidated interim financial statements, which have been prepared in accordance with financial reporting standards effective for the period, give a true and fair view of the assets, liabilities, financial position, financial performance and cash flows of the group consisting of the parent and other consolidated entities.

Maret Tambek	Chairman of the Board	R	9 May
Priit Luman	Member of the Board		9 May

Tarmo Pohlak

Member of the Board

9 May 2024

2024

2024