

# Grindex

**Corporate Governance Report 2015  
of  
Joint Stock Company “Grindeks”  
Unified registration No. 40003034935**

**Riga, 2016**

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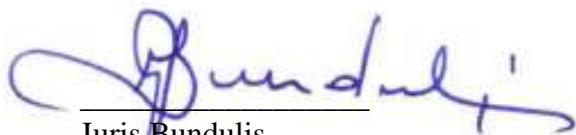
## I INTRODUCTION

JSC “Grindeks” Corporate Governance Report of the year 2015 (hereinafter - the Report) is made according to JSC “NASDAQ OMX Riga” the new version of the “Principles of Corporate Governance and Recommendations on their Implementation”, effective as of 1 June 2010. The Report is made by “Grindeks” Board and revised by “Grindeks” Council.

Corporate governance principles were adjusted to “Grindeks” as much as possible and “Grindeks” complied with the biggest part of them, carrying out its operational activities, in 2015. The Report informs also according to the principle “observe or explain” on those principles, which “Grindeks” observed partially in 2015, and on the circumstances that justified it.

The Report is submitted to “NASDAQ Riga” together with “Grindeks” audited consolidated financial statement of 2015, published at the web site of “Grindeks” [www.grindeks.lv](http://www.grindeks.lv), in the section “For investors”, as well as at the official web site of “NASDAQ Riga” [www.nasdaqomxbaltic.com](http://www.nasdaqomxbaltic.com).

On behalf of JSC “Grindeks” Management



Juris Bundulis  
Chairman of the Board

29 April 2016

## II PRINCIPLES OF GOOD CORPORATE GOVERNANCE

### A. SHAREHOLDERS' MEETING

Shareholders realize their right to participate in the management of the Issuer at shareholders' meetings. In compliance with legal acts the Issuers shall call the annual shareholders' meeting as minimum once a year. Extraordinary shareholders' meetings shall be called as required.

#### **1. Ensuring shareholders' rights and participation at shareholders' meetings**

**The Issuers shall ensure equal attitude towards all the shareholders – holders of one category of shares. All shareholders shall have equal rights to participate in the management of the Issuer – to participate at shareholders' meetings and receive information that shareholders need in order to make decisions.**

- 1.1. It shall be important to ensure that all the holders of shares of one category have also equal rights, including the right to receive a share of the Issuer's profit as dividends or in another way in proportion to the number of the shares owned by them if such right is stipulated for the shares owned by them.

*- JSC „Grindeks” (hereinafter – Grindeks) applies this principle. According to the Articles of Association of Grindeks, all the Grindeks's shares are of one category with equal rights of voting, enabling shareholders to participate in government of the Grindeks, eligible to receive dividends and a liquidation quota in case of liquidation of Grindeks.*

- 1.2. The Issuer shall prepare a policy for the division of profit. In the preparation of the policy, it is recommended to take into account not only the provision of immediate benefit for the Issuer's shareholders by paying dividends to them but also the expediency of profit reinvesting, which would increase the value of the Issuer in future. It is recommended to discuss the policy of profit division at a shareholders' meeting thus ensuring that as possibly larger a number of shareholders have the possibility to acquaint themselves with it and to express their opinion on it. The Report shall specify where the Issuer's profit distribution policy is made available.

*- Grindeks applies this principle partly. The decision on profit distribution of the previous year is taken exclusively by Grindeks's Shareholders' Meeting. The Shareholders are not limited to comment on agenda. Taking into account that Grindeks's Management Board (hereinafter - the Board) and the Supervisory Board (hereinafter - the Council) did not receive any propositions from its shareholders about the policy of profit distribution, Grindeks's Council did not decide about its elaboration.*

*In 2016 the Board of Grindeks considers that contributing to sustainable business development and competitiveness, the profit should be left undivided and it should be invested in the product portfolio diversification up to 20% share of the dominant product. Bringing forward the draft decision on the Group profit distribution for the previous year, the Board takes into consideration the following factors:*

- Product portfolio diversification indicators;*
- Mildronate share in the total product portfolio.*

*The profit distribution policy is available at the web site of “Grindeks” [www.grindeks.lv](http://www.grindeks.lv), in the section “For investors”.*

- 1.3. In order to protect the Issuer's shareholders' interest to a sufficient extent, not only the Issuers but also any other persons who in compliance with the procedure stipulated in legislative acts call, announce and organize a shareholders' meeting are asked to comply

with all the issues referred to in these Recommendations in relation to calling shareholders' meetings and provision of shareholders with the required information.

*- Grindex applies this principle. Up to now the Shareholders' Meetings have been called by the Board of Grindex that has ensured their convocation, announcing and organizing compliance with the law and the Articles of Association of Grindex.*

- 1.4. Shareholders of the Issuers shall be provided with the possibility to receive in due time and regularly all the required information on the relevant Issuer, participate at meetings and vote on agenda issues. The Issuers shall carry out all the possible activities to achieve that as many as possible shareholders participate at meetings; therefore, the time and place of a meeting should not restrict the attendance of a meeting by shareholders. Therefore, it should not be admissible to change the time and place of an announced shareholders' meeting shortly before the meeting, which thus would hinder or even make it impossible for shareholders to attend the meeting.

*- Grindex applies this principle. Shareholders can regularly obtain the most important information about the Company at Grindex's web site and at the official web site of "NASDAQ Riga". There have not been any of the mentioned obstacles for participation at the Shareholders' Meeting.*

- 1.5. The Issuers shall inform their shareholders on calling a shareholders' meeting by publishing a notice in compliance with the procedure and the time limits set forth in legislative acts. The Issuers are asked to announce the shareholders' meeting as soon as the decision on calling the shareholders' meeting has been taken; in particular, this condition applies to extraordinary shareholders' meetings. The information on calling a shareholders' meeting shall be published also on the Issuer's website on the Internet, where it should be published also at least in one foreign language. It is recommended to use the English language as the said other language so that the website could be used also by foreign investors. When publishing information on calling a shareholders' meeting, also the initiator of calling the meeting shall be specified.

*- Grindex applies this principle. The Annual General Meeting of Shareholders on 12 June, 2015 was called in the compliance with the order and time defined by the legislation. Information was published also at Grindex's web site, also in English. Their initiator was the Board.*

- 1.6. The Issuer shall ensure that complete information on the course and time of the meeting, the voting on decisions to be adopted, as well as the agenda and draft decisions on which it is planned to vote at the meeting is available in due time to the shareholders. The Issuers shall also inform the shareholders whom they can address to receive answers to any questions on the arrangements for the shareholders' meeting and the agenda issues and ensure that the required additional information is provided to the shareholders.

*- Grindex applies this principle. All the mentioned information was given before the Annual General Meeting of Shareholders on 12 June, 2016.*

- 1.7. The Issuer shall ensure that at least 14 (fourteen) days prior to the meeting the shareholders have the possibility to acquaint themselves with the draft decisions on the issues to be dealt with at the meeting, including those that have been submitted additionally already after the announcement on calling the meeting. The Issuer shall ensure the possibility to read a complete text of draft decisions, especially if they apply to voting on amendments to the Issuer's statutes, election of the Issuer's officials, determination of their remuneration, division of the Issuer's profit and other issues.

*- Grindex applies this principle. Shareholders had the possibility to see the full text of draft resolutions before the Annual General Meeting of Shareholders 12 June, 2015.*

- 1.8. In no way may the Issuers restrict the right of shareholders to nominate representatives of the shareholders for council elections. The candidates to the council and candidates to other offices shall be nominated in due time so that the information on the said persons would be available to the shareholders to the extent as stipulated in Clause 1.9 of this Section as minimum 14 (fourteen) days prior to the shareholders' meeting.

*- Grindex applies this principle.*

- 1.9. Especially, attention should be paid that the shareholders at least 14 (fourteen) days prior to the shareholders' meeting have the possibility to acquaint themselves with information on council member candidates and audit committee member candidates whose approval is planned at the meeting. When disclosing the said information, also a short personal biography of the candidates shall be published.

*- Grindex applies this principle in accordance with the laws and regulations of the Republic of Latvia.*

- 1.10. The Issuer may not restrict the right of shareholders to consult among them during a shareholders' meeting if it is required in order to adopt a decision or to make clear some issue.

*- Grindex applies this principle.*

- 1.11. To provide shareholders with complete information on the course of the shareholders' meeting, the Issuer shall prepare the regulations on the course of shareholders' meeting, in which the agenda of shareholders' meeting and the procedure for solving any organizational issues connected with the shareholders' meeting (e.g., registration of meeting participants, the procedure for the adoption of decisions on the issues to be dealt with at the meeting, the Issuer's actions in case any of the issues on the agenda is not dealt with, if it is impossible to adopt a decision etc.). The procedures adopted by the Issuer in relation to participation in voting shall be easy to implement.

*- Grindex applies this principle. The course of Grindex Shareholders' Meeting is regulated by the legislation and the Articles of Association of Grindex. The Shareholders' Meeting is organized by the Board, which ensures its work and the course of every meeting is defined separately according to the agenda. The voting procedure is modern and easy to implement.*

- 1.12. The Issuer shall ensure that during the shareholders' meeting the shareholders have the possibility to ask questions to the candidates to be elected at the shareholders' meeting and other attending representatives of the Issuer. The Issuer shall have the right to set reasonable restrictions on questions, for example, excluding the possibility that one shareholder uses up the total time provided for asking of questions and setting a time limit of speeches.

*- Grindex applies this principle.*

- 1.13. When entering the course and contents of discussions on the agenda issues to be dealt with at the shareholders' meeting in the minutes of shareholders' meeting, the chairperson of the meeting shall ensure that, in case any meeting participant requires it, particular debates are reflected in the minutes or that shareholder proposal or questions are appended thereto in written form.

*- Grindex applies this principle.*

## **2. Participation of members and member candidates of the Issuer's management institutions at shareholders' meetings**

**Shareholders' meetings shall be attended by the Issuer's board members, auditors, and as possibly many council members.**

- 2.1. The attendance of members of the Issuer's management institutions and auditor at shareholders' meetings shall be necessary to ensure information exchange between the Issuer's shareholders and members of management institutions as well as to fulfill the right of shareholders to receive answers from competent persons to the questions submitted. The attendance of the auditor shall not be mandatory at shareholders' meetings at which issues connected with the finances of the Issuer are not dealt with. By using the rights to ask questions shareholders have the possibility to obtain information on the circumstances that might affect the evaluation of the financial report and the financial situation of the Issuer.

*- Grindex partly applied this principle in 2015. The Chairman of the Board, CEO Juris Bundulis, the Member of the Board, CFO Vadims Rabsha and the Chairman of the Council Kirovs Lipmans, The Deputy Chairman of the Council Anna Lipmane took part in the Annual General Meeting of Shareholders on 12 June, 2015, but the Auditor didn't take part.*

- 2.2. Shareholders' meetings shall be attended by the Issuer's official candidates whose election is planned at the meeting. This shall in particular apply to council members. If a council member candidate or auditor candidate is unable to attend the shareholders' meeting due to an important reason, then it shall be admissible that this person does not attend the shareholders' meeting. In this case, all the substantial information on the candidate shall be disclosed before the shareholders' meeting.

*- Grindex applies this principle.*

- 2.3. During shareholders' meetings, the participants must have the possibility to obtain information on officials or official candidates who do not attend the meeting and reasons thereof. The reason of non-attendance should be entered in the minutes of shareholders' meeting.

*- Grindex applies this principle.*

## **B. BOARD**

The board is the Issuer's executive institution, which manages and represents the Issuer in its everyday business, therefore the Issuer shall ensure that it is efficient, able to take decisions, and committed to increase the value of the company, therefore its obligations and responsibilities have to be clearly determined.

## **3. Obligations and responsibilities of the Board**

**The Issuers shall clearly and expressively determine the obligations and authorities of the board and responsibilities of its members, thus ensuring a successful work of the board and an increase in the Issuer's value.**

- 3.1. The board shall have the obligation to manage the business of the Issuer, which includes also the responsibility for the realization of the objectives and strategies determined by the Issuer and the responsibility for the results achieved. The board shall be responsible for the said to the council and the shareholders' meeting. In fulfillment of its obligations, the board shall adopt decisions guided by interests of all the shareholders and preventing any potential conflict of interests.

*- Grindex applies this principle. The mentioned obligations and responsibilities are defined in the effective Charter of the Board.*

- 3.2. The powers of the board shall be stipulated in the Board Regulations or a similar document, which is to be published on the website of the Issuer on the Internet. This document must be also available at the registered office of the Issuer.

*- Grindex applies this principle. The authority of the Board are set in its Charter, which is prepared within the frameworks of the legislation and Grindex's Statutes. The Charter is available in the office of the Company and at the website [www.grindex.lv](http://www.grindex.lv) in the section For Investors.*

- 3.3. The board shall be responsible also for the compliance with all the binding regulatory acts, risk management, as well as the financial activity of the Issuer.

- 3.4. The board shall perform certain tasks, including:

- 1) corporate strategies, work plan, risk control procedure, assessment and advancement of annual budget and business plans, ensuring control on the fulfillment of plans and the achievement of planned results;
- 2) Selection of senior managers of the Issuer, determination of their remuneration and control of their work and their replacement, if necessary, in compliance with internal procedures (e.g. personnel policy adopted by the Issuer, remuneration policy etc.);
- 3) Timely and qualitative submission of reports, ensuring also that the internal audits are carried out and the disclosure of information are controlled.

- 3.5. In annual reports, the board shall confirm that the internal risk procedures are efficient and that the risk management and internal control have been carried out in compliance with the said control procedures throughout the year.

- 3.6. It shall be preferable that the board submits decisions that determine the objectives and strategies for achievement thereof (participation in other companies, acquisition or alienation of property, opening of representation offices or branches, expansion of business etc) to the Issuer's council for approval.

*- Grindex applies these principles.*

#### **4. Board composition and requirements for board members**

**A board composition approved by the Issuer shall be able to ensure sufficiently critical and independent attitude in assessing and taking decisions.**

- 4.1. In composing the board, it shall be observed that every board member has appropriate education and work experience. The Issuer shall prepare a summary of the requirements to be set for every board member, which specifies the skills, education, previous work experience and other selection criteria for every board member.

*- Grindex applies this principle. Professionals of the related area are elected in the Board of the Company, having an appropriate working experience, qualification and education, and whom are prepared job descriptions, where requirements are indicated regarding to experience, education and other necessary characteristics.*

*The Board during the reporting period:  
(in compliance with the election/dismissal dates )*

*From 13 May, 2014 to 12 October, 2015:*

<u>Name</u>	<u>Position</u>
<i>Juris Bundulis</i>	<i>Chairman of the Board</i>
<i>Vadims Rabsha</i>	<i>Board member</i>
<i>Sergejs Batalins</i>	<i>Board member</i>

*Since 12 October, 2015 to 4 January, 2016:*

<u>Name</u>	<u>Position</u>
<i>Juris Bundulis</i>	<i>Chairman of the Board</i>
<i>Vadims Rabsha</i>	<i>Board member</i>
<i>Ibraims Muhtshi</i>	<i>Board member</i>

*Since 4 January, 2016 to 12 January, 2016:*

<u>Name</u>	<u>Position</u>
<i>Juris Bundulis</i>	<i>Chairman of the Board</i>
<i>Ibraims Muhtshi</i>	<i>Board member</i>

*Since 12 January, 2016 to the date of issuing the Corporate Governance Report:*

<u>Name</u>	<u>Position</u>	<u>The Term of Office</u>
<i>Juris Bundulis</i>	<i>Chairman of the Board</i>	<i>08.01.2018</i>
<i>Ibraims Muhtshi</i>	<i>Board member</i>	<i>12.10.2018</i>
<i>Janis Romanovskis</i>	<i>Board member</i>	<i>12.01.2019</i>

- 4.2. On the Issuer's website on the Internet, the following information on every Issuer's board member shall be published: name, surname, year of birth, education, office term, position, description of the last three year's professional experience, number of the Issuer's or its parent companies/subsidiaries shares owned by the member, information on positions in other capital companies.
- 4.3. In order to fulfill their obligations successfully, board members must have access in due time to accurate information on the activity of the Issuer. The board must be capable of providing an objective evaluation on the activity of the Issuer. Board members must have enough time for the performance of their duties.
- 4.4. It is not recommended to elect one and the same board member for more than four successive terms. The Issuer has to evaluate whether its development will be facilitated in the result of that and whether it will be possible to avoid a situation where greater power is concentrated in hands of one or a number of separate persons due to their long-term work at the Issuer. If, however, such election is admitted, it shall be recommended to consider to change the field of work of the relevant Board member at the Issuer.

*- Grindex applies these principles.*

## **5. Identification of interest conflicts in the work of board members**

**Every board member shall avoid any interest conflicts in his/her work and be maximally independent from any external circumstances and willing to assume responsibility for the decisions taken and comply with the general ethical principles in adopting any decisions connected with the business of the Issuer.**

- 5.1. It shall be the obligation of every board member to avoid any, even only supposed, interest conflicts in his/her work. In taking decisions, board members shall be guided by the interests of the Issuer and not use the cooperation offers proposed to the Issuer to obtain personal benefit.

- 5.2. On the occurrence of any interest conflict or even only on its possibility, a board member shall notify other board members without delay. Board members shall notify on any deal or agreement the Issuer is planning to conclude with a person who has close relationship or is connected with the board member in question, as well as inform on any interest conflicts occurred during the validity period of concluded agreements.

For the purposes of these Recommendations the following shall be regarded as persons who have close relationship with a board member: spouses, a relative, including kinship of second degree or brother-in-law of first degree, or persons with whom the board member has had a common household for at least one year. For the purposes of these recommendations the following shall be regarded as persons who are connected with a board member: legal persons where the board member or a closely related to him/her person is a board or council member, performs the tasks of an auditor or holds another managing office in which he or she could determine or affect the business strategy of the respective legal entity.

- 5.3. Board members should not participate in taking decisions that could cause an interest conflict.

*- Grindex applies these principles. According to the information, given by Council and Board members, participation in other professional related companies didn't recognized.*

## C. COUNCIL

In compliance with legal acts a council is the institution that supervises the Issuer and represents interests of shareholders between meetings in cases stipulated in the law and in the statutes of the Issuer, supervises the work of the board.

### 6. Obligations and responsibilities of the council

**The objective of the Issuer's council is to act in the interests of all the shareholders, ensuring that the value of the Issuer grows. The Issuer shall clearly determine the obligations of the council and the responsibility of the council members, as well as ensure that individual council members or groups thereof do not have a dominating role in decision making.**

- 6.1. The functions of the council shall be set forth in the council regulation or a document equated thereto that regulates the work of the council, and it shall be published on the Issuer's website on the Internet. This document shall be also available at the Issuer's office.

*- Grindex applies this principle. The Charter determines the authority of the Council. It has been developed and approved, based on the Latvia Commercial law and the Statutes of the Company. The Charter is available in the office of the Company and at the website [www.grindex.lv](http://www.grindex.lv) in the section "For Investors".*

- 6.2. The supervision carried out by the council over the work of the board shall include supervision over the achievement of the objectives set by the Issuer, the corporate strategy and risk management, the process of financial accounting, board's proposals on the use of the profit of the Issuer, and the business performance of the Issuer in compliance with the requirements of regulatory acts. The council should discuss every of the said matters and express its opinion at least annually, complying with frequency of calling council meetings as laid down in regulatory acts, and the results of discussions shall be reflected in the minutes of the council's meetings.

*- Grindex applies this principle.*

- 6.3. The council and every its member shall be responsible that they have all the information required for them to fulfill their duties, obtaining it from board members and internal auditors or, if necessary, from employees of the Issuer or external consultants. To ensure information exchange, the council chairperson shall contact the Issuer's board, inter alia the board chairperson, on a regular basis and discuss all the most important issues connected with the Issuer's business and development strategy, business activities, and risk management.

*- Grindex applies this principle. Every week the Chairman of the Council meets the Board, having on the agenda all the most important issues concerning operational activities of the Company.*

- 6.4. When determining the functions of the council, it should be stipulated that every council member has the obligation to provide explanations in case the council member is unable to participate in council meetings. It shall be recommended to disclose information on the council members who have not attended more than a half of the council meetings within a year of reporting, providing also the reasons for non-attendance.

*- Grindex applies this principle partly, because there are no provisions stipulated in the Charter of the Council to provide explanation in case the Council Member is unable to participate.*

## **7. Council composition and requirements for council members**

**The council structure determined by the Issuer shall be transparent and understandable and ensure sufficiently critical and independent attitude in evaluating and taking decisions.**

- 7.1. The Issuer shall require every council member as well as council member candidate who is planned to be elected at a shareholders' meeting that they submit to the Issuer the following information: name, surname, year of birth, education, office term as a council member, description of the last three year's professional experience, number of the Issuer's or its parent companies/subsidiaries shares owned by the member, information on positions in other capital companies. The said information shall be published also on the Issuer's website on the Internet, providing, in addition to the said information, also the term of office for which the council member is elected, its position, including also additional positions and obligations, if any.
- 7.2. When determining the requirements for council members as regards the number of additional positions, attention shall be paid that a council member has enough time to perform his or her duties in order to fulfill their duties successfully and act in the interests of the Issuer to a full extent.
- 7.3. In establishing the Issuer's council, the qualification of council members should be taken into account and assessed on a periodical basis. The council should be composed of individuals whose knowledge, opinions and experience is varied, which is required for the council to fulfill their tasks successfully.
- 7.4. Every council member in his or her work shall be as possibly independent from any external circumstances and have the will to assume responsibility for the decisions taken and comply with the general ethical principles when taking decisions in relation to the business of the Issuer.

*- Grindex applies these principles.*

- 7.5. It is impossible to compile a list of all the circumstances that might threaten the independence of council members or that could be used in assessing the conformity of a certain person to the status of an independent council member. Therefore, the Issuer, when

assessing the independence of council members, shall be guided by the independence criteria of council members specified in the Annex hereto.

- 7.6. It shall be recommended that at least a half of council members are independent according to the independence criteria specified in the Annex hereto. If the number of council members is an odd number, the number of independent council members may be one person less than the number of the council members who do not conform to the independence criteria specified in the Annex hereto.
- 7.7. As independent shall be considered persons that conform to the independence criteria specified in the Annex hereto. If a council member does not conform to any of to the independence criteria specified in the Annex hereto but the Issuer does consider the council member in question to be independent, then it shall provide an explanation of its opinion in detail on the tolerances permitted.
- 7.8. The conformity of a person to the independence criteria specified in the Annex hereto shall be evaluated already when the council member candidate in question has been nominated for election to the council. The Issuer shall specify in the Report who of the council members are to be considered as independent every year.

*- Grindex applies these principles partly. The Council Members of Grindex have been nominated to be elected in the Council composition and work according to rules of the Latvia Commercial law, whereby Council Members are independent. For the criteria that are defined in the Appendix completely correspond A.Vertkin. In accordance with defined independence criteria No8, Council Members K.Lipmans and J.Naglis are exceeding the 10 years term of proxy and in accordance with defined independence criteria No9, A.Lipmane and K.Lipmans are members of one family. But competencies and gained experience of these Council Members provide professional and effective performance of tasks given to Council.*

*The Council during the reporting period:  
(in compliance with the election/dismissal dates )*

*Since 11 November, 2014 to 13 January, 2016:*

<u>Name</u>	<u>Position</u>
Kirovs Lipmans	Chairman of the Supervisory Council
Anna Lipmane	Deputy Chairman of the Supervisory Council
Uldis Osis	Member of the Supervisory Council
Janis Naglis	Member of the Supervisory Council
Arkadiy Vertkin	Member of the Supervisory Council

*Since 13 January, 2016 to the date of issuing the financial statements:*

<u>Name</u>	<u>Position</u>
Kirovs Lipmans	Chairman of the Supervisory Council
Anna Lipmane	Deputy Chairman of the Supervisory Council
Janis Naglis	Member of the Supervisory Council
Arkadiy Vertkin	Member of the Supervisory Council

*The term of Office of Supervisory Council members till 10.11.2017.*

## **8. Identification of interest conflicts in the work of council members**

Every council member shall avoid any interest conflicts in his/her work and be maximally independent from any external circumstances. Council members shall comply with the general ethical principles in adopting any decisions connected with the business of the Issuer and assume responsibility for the decisions taken.

- 8.1. It shall be the obligation of every council member to avoid any, even only supposed, interest conflicts in his/her work. When taking decisions, board members shall be guided by the interests of the Issuer and not use the cooperation offers proposed to the Issuer to obtain personal benefit.
- 8.2. On the occurrence of any interest conflict or even only on its possibility, a council member shall notify other council members without delay. Council members shall notify on any deal or agreement the Issuer is planning to conclude with a person who has close relationship or is connected with the council member in question, as well as inform on any interest conflicts occurred during the validity period of concluded agreements.

For the purposes of these recommendations the following shall be regarded as persons who have close relationship with a council member: spouses, a relative, including kinship of second degree or brother-in-law of first degree, or persons with whom the council member has had a common household for at least one year. For the purposes of these recommendations the following shall be regarded as persons who are connected with a council member: legal persons where the council member or a closely related to him/her person is a board or council member, performs the tasks of an auditor or holds another managing office in which he or she could determine or affect the business strategy of the respective legal entity.

- 8.3. A council member who is in a possible interest conflict should not participate in taking decisions that might be a cause of an interest conflict.

*- Grindex applies these principles.*

## **D. DISCLOSURE OF INFORMATION**

Good practice of corporate governance for an Issuer whose shares are included in the market regulated by the Stock Exchange means that the information disclosed by the Issuer has to provide a view on the economic activity of the Issuer and its financial results. This facilitates a justified determination of the price of financial instruments in public circulation as well as the trust in finance and capital markets. Disclosure of information is closely connected with investor relations (hereinafter – the IR), which can be defined as the process of developing Issuer's relations with its potential and existing investors and other parties interested in the business of the Issuer.

### **9. Transparency of the Issuer's business**

**The information disclosed by the Issuers shall be provided in due time and allowing the shareholders to assess the management of the Issuer, to get an idea on the business of the company and its financial results, as well as to take grounded decisions in relation to the shares owned by them.**

- 9.1. The structure of corporate governance shall be established in a manner that ensures provision of timely and exhaustive information on all the substantial matters that concern the Issuer, including its financial situation, business results, and the structure of owners.
- 9.2. The information disclosed shall be checked, precise, unambiguous and prepared in compliance with high-quality standards.

*- Grindex applies these principles.*

- 9.3. The Issuers should appoint a person who would be entitled to contact the press and other mass media on behalf on the Issuer, thus ensuring uniform distribution of information and evading publication of contradictory and untruthful information, and this person could be contacted, if necessary, by the Stock Exchange and investors.

*- Grindeks applies this principle. The contact person is indicated at the web sites of Grindeks and "NASDAQ Riga".*

- 9.4. The Issuers should ensure timely and compliant with the existing requirements preparation and disclosure of financial reports and annual reports of the Issuer. The procedure for the preparation of reports should be stipulated in the internal procedures of the Issuer.

*- Grindeks applies this principle.*

## **10. Investor relations**

**Considering that financial instruments of the Issuers are offered on a regulated market, also such activity sphere of the Issuers as investor relations (hereinafter – the IR) and the development and maintaining thereof is equally important, paying special attention to that all the investors have access to equal, timely and sufficient information.**

- 10.1. The main objectives of the IR are the provision of accurate and timely information on the business of the Issuer to participants of finance market, as well as the provision of a feedback, i.e. receiving references from the existing and potential investors and other persons. In the realization of the IR process, it shall be born in mind that the target group consists not only of institutional investors and finance market analysts. A greater emphasis should be put on individual investors, and more importance should be attached to informing other interested parties: employees, creditors and business partners.
- 10.2. The Issuer shall provide all investors with equal and easily accessible important information related to the Issuer's business, including financial position, ownership structure and management. The Issuer shall present the information in a clear and understandable manner, disclosing both positive and negative facts, thus providing the investors with a complete and comprehensive information on the Issuer, allowing the investor to assess all information available before the decision making.
- 10.3. A number of channels shall be used for the information flow in the IR. The IR strategy of the Issuer shall be created using both the possibilities provided by technologies (website) and relations with mass media and the ties with the participants of finance market. Considering the development stage of modern technologies and the accessibility thereof, the Internet is used in the IR of every modern company. This type of media has become one of the most important means of communications for the majority of investors.

*- Grindeks applies these principles.*

- 10.4. The basic principles that should be observed by the Issuers in preparing the IR section of their websites:
- 1) the IR section of website shall be perceived not only as a store of information or facts but also as one of the primary means of communication by means of which it is possible to inform the existing and potential shareholders;
  - 2) all the visitors of the IR section of website shall have the possibility to obtain conveniently all the information published there. Information on websites shall be published in all the foreign languages in which the Issuer normally distributes information so that in no way would foreign investors be discriminated, however, it shall be taken into account that information must be disclosed at least in Latvian and English;
  - 3) It shall be recommended to consider a solution that would allow the existing and potential investors to maintain ties with the Issuer by using the IR section of website – submit questions and receive answers thereto, order the most recent information, express their opinions etc.;

- 4) the information published on websites shall be updated on a regular basis, and the news in relation to the Issuer and its business shall be published in due time. It shall not be admissible that outdated information that could mislead investors is found on websites;
- 5) after the website is created the creators themselves should assess the IR section of the website from the point of view of users – whether the information of interest can be found easily, whether the information published provides answers to the most important questions etc.

*- Grindeks applies this principle. There has been formed a separate section For Investors at Grindeks's website, providing information in Latvian, Russian and English according to the above mentioned principles.*

10.5. The Issuer shall ensure that at least the following information is contained in the IR section of website:

- 1) general information on the Issuer - history of its establishment and business, registration data, description of industry, main types of business;
- 2) Issuer's Report ("*comply or explain*") on the compliance with the principles of corporate governance;
- 3) Number of issued and paid financial instruments, specifying how many of them are included in a regulated market;
- 4) information on shareholders' meetings, draft decisions to be examined, decisions adopted – at least for the last year of report ;
- 5) Issuer's statutes;
- 6) Issuer's board or council regulation or a document equated thereto that regulates its work, as well as the Issuer's remuneration policy (or a reference where it is made available) and the shareholders' meeting procedure regulation, if such has been adopted;
- 7) Information on the performance of the Issuer's Audit Committee;
- 8) information on present Issuer's council and board members (on each individually): work experience, education, number of the Issuer's shares owned by the member (as at the beginning of year; the information shall be updated as required but at least annually), information on positions in other capital companies, and the term of office of board and council members;
- 9) Issuer's shareholders which/who own at least 5% of the Issuer's shares; and information on changes of shareholders;
- 10) Financial reports and annual reports of the Issuer prepared in compliance with the procedure specified in legal acts and the Stock Exchange regulations;
- 11) Any other information to be disclosed by the Issuer, e.g. information on any substantial events, Issuer's press releases, archived information on Issuer's financial and annual reports on previous periods etc.

*- Grindeks applies this principle.*

## **E. INTERNAL CONTROL AND RISK MANAGEMENT**

The purpose of internal control and risk management is to ensure efficient and successful work of the Issuer, the truthfulness of the information disclosed and conformity thereof to the relevant regulatory acts and business principles. Internal control helps the board to identify the shortcomings and risks in the management of the Issuer as well as facilitates that the council's task - to supervise the work of the board - is fulfilled efficiently.

## **11. Principles of the Issuer's internal and external control**

**To ensure successful work of the Issuer, it shall be necessary to plan regular its controls and to determine the procedure of internal and external (audit) control.**

11.1. To ensure successful operation, the Issuer shall control its work on a regular basis and define the procedure of internal control.

*- Grindex applies this principle. The principles and regulations of internal monitoring and controlling are defined in the integrated Quality, Environmental and Energy Management, Occupation Health and Safety System, certificated in accordance to the requirements of the standards LVS EN ISO 9001, LVS EN ISO 14001, LVS EN ISO 50001 and LVS OHSAS 18001 .*

11.2. The objective of risk management is to ensure that the risks connected with the commercial activity of the Issuer are identified and supervised. To ensure an efficient risk management, it shall be necessary to define the basic principles of risk management. It is recommended to characterize the most essential potential and existing risks in relation to the business of the Issuer.

*- Grindex applies this principle. Company has established a strategic Risk Management Procedure. All the potential and existing risks and an effective Risk Management has been carried out for the control and prevention of the risks. Grindex has developed regulatory documentation also for the Management of the Process Continuity and the Crisis Management and Communication. Improvement of these processes is continuing annually.*

11.3. Auditors shall be granted access to the information required for the fulfillment of the auditor's tasks and the possibility to attend council and board meetings at which financial and other matters are dealt with.

*- Grindex applies this principle.*

11.4. Auditors shall be independent in their work and their task shall be to provide the Issuer with independent and objective auditing and consultation services in order to facilitate the efficiency of the Issuer's business and to provide support in achieving the objectives set for the Issuer's management by offering a systematic approach for the assessment and improvement of risk management and control processes.

*- Grindex applies this principle.*

11.5. It shall be recommended to carry out an independent internal control at least annually in order to assess the work of the Issuer, including its conformity to the procedures approved by the Issuer.

*- Grindex applies this principle. Such internal controls are held in accordance with integrated Quality, Environmental and Energy Management, Occupation Health and Safety System; within one year approximately 16 internal controls are held, covering all the fields of the Company. As the result of such internal controls Company establishes corrective and preventive actions of unconformity prevention and measures of improvement.*

11.6. When approving an auditor, it is recommended that the term of office of one auditor is not the same as the term of office of the board.

*- Grindex applies this principle. Auditor was elected in 2013 according to the analysis of price and quality. In 2014 tenders of auditor companies was assessed and decision was taken to continue cooperation with auditor, selected in 2013.*

## **12. Audit Committee**

**The Audit Committee shall be established by a resolution of the Issuer's shareholders' meeting, and its operations and scope of responsibilities shall be set as guided by the legislation.**

- 12.1. The functions and responsibility of the Audit Committee should be specified in the regulation of the committee or a comparable document.
- 12.2. To assure an efficient functioning of the Audit Committee, it is recommended that at least three of its members have adequate knowledge in accounting and financial reporting, because issues related to the Issuer's financial reports and control are in the focus of the Audit Committee's operations.

*- Grindex applies these principles. Grindex Audit committee consists of three its members, namely: Inna Maciene, Janis Naglis and Uldis Osis, which have all mentioned knowledge.*

- 12.3. All Audit Committee members shall have access to the information about the accounting principles practiced by the Issuer. Board shall advise the audit Committee as to the approaches to significant and unusual transactions, where alternative evaluations are possible, and shall ensure that the Audit Committee has access to all information that has been specified in the legislation.
- 12.4. The Issuer shall ensure that its officials, board members and staff release the information to the Audit Committee that is necessary for its operations. The Audit Committee should also be entitled to carry out an independent investigation in order to identify, within its scope, any violations in the Issuer' activities.
- 12.5. Within its scope, the Audit Committee shall adopt resolutions, and is accountable to the shareholders' meeting for its operations.

*- Grindex applies these principles.*

## **F. REMUNERATION POLICY**

### **13. General principles, types and criteria for setting remuneration**

**The policy of the remuneration of board and council members – type, structure and amount of remuneration - is one of the spheres where persons involved has a potentially greater risk to find themselves in an interest conflict situation. To avoid it, the Issuer shall develop a clear remuneration policy, specifying general principles, types and criteria for the remuneration to be awarded to the board or council members.**

- 13.1. The Issuers are called on to develop a remuneration policy in which the main principles for setting the remuneration, possible remuneration schemes and other essential related issues are determined. While preparing the remuneration policy Issuer should ensure that the remuneration of management and supervisory board members is proportionate to the remuneration of the Issuer's executive and managing directors and other employees.
- 13.2. Without limiting the role and operations of the Issuer's management bodies responsible for setting remuneration to the board and council members, the drafting of the remuneration policy should be made a responsibility of the Issuer's board, which during the preparation of a draft policy should consult with the Issuer's council. In order to avoid conflicts of interest and to monitor the management board remuneration policy, the Issuer should

appoint a responsible person having sufficient experience and knowledge in the field of remuneration for development of the remuneration policy.

*- Grindex complies with these principles, defining a salary corresponding with the demands of the labor market and the Latvia Commercial Law.*

- 13.3. Should the remuneration policy contain a remuneration structure with a variable part in the form of the Issuer's shares or share options or any other payments, including premiums, it should be linked to previously defined short-term and long-term goals and performance criteria. If remuneration depends on fulfillment of short-term goals only, it is not likely to encourage an interest in the company's growth and improved performance in the long-term. The scope and structure of the remuneration should depend on the business performance of the company, share price and other Issuer's events.
- 13.4. While setting the variable part of remuneration, Issuer should set limits on the variable component(s). The non-variable part of remuneration should be sufficient to allow the Issuer to withhold variable part of remuneration when necessary.
- 13.5. Where a variable part of remuneration provides Issuer's shares, share options or any other acquisition rights thereof, it should be desirable to prescribe a minimum non-used period of time.
- 13.6. Remuneration policy should include provisions that permit the Issuer to reclaim variable part of remuneration that were awarded on the basis of data which subsequently proved to be manifestly misstated. Such provision should be included in contracts concluded between the respective executives and the Issuer.

*- Grindex complies with these principles with the demands of the Latvia Commercial Law. Grindex's remuneration policy has not envisaged employee share options or shares as a variable part of the remuneration.*

- 13.7. Remuneration schemes that include Issuer's shares as remuneration may theoretically cause loss to the Issuer's existing shareholders because the share price might drop due to a new issue of shares. Therefore, prior to the preparation and approval of this type of remuneration, it shall be required to assess the possible benefits or losses.

*- This principle is not applicable to Grindex, but if Grindex's remuneration policy shall foresee Company's shares as a variable part of remuneration, all the provisions, benefits and potential losses will be taken account that could be entailed by new share emission.*

- 13.8. When preparing the remuneration policy where a variable part is in the form of the Issuer's shares or share options, the Issuer shall be obliged to disclose information on how the Issuer plans to ensure the amount of shares to be granted in compliance with the approved remuneration schemes— whether it is planned to obtain them by buying on a regulated market or by issuing new shares.

*- This principle is not applicable to Grindex, but Company will absolutely take into account this corporate governance principle in case it will be decided on share or share option inclusion in remuneration schemes.*

- 13.9. While drafting the remuneration policy and envisaging awarding options entitling to the Issuer's shares, the Stock Exchange rules regarding distribution of share options should be taken into account.

*- This principle is not applicable to Grindex. Company's remuneration policy has not envisaged awarding options entitling to the Issuer's shares.*

13.10. While setting remuneration principles with regard to board and council members, they should include general approach as to compensations, if any, in cases when contracts with the said officials are terminated (termination payments). Termination payments should not be paid if the termination is due to inadequate performance.

13.11. It is recommended to set an adequate maximum amount of the termination payments which should not be higher than two years of the non-variable part of remuneration.

*- Grindex applies these principles.*

#### **14. Remuneration Report**

**A clear and complete report on the remuneration policy with regard to the management body members of the Issuer should be made available to the shareholders. Public disclosure of the said information would allow the existing and potential shareholders to carry out a comprehensive evaluation of the Issuer's approach the remuneration issues; consequently, the Issuer's responsible body shall draft and made public the Remuneration Report.**

14.1. The Issuer is obliged to make public the Remuneration Report – a complete report on the remuneration policy applied to the members of the Issuer's management bodies. Remuneration Report may be a separate document, or may integrated in a special chapter of the Report prepared by the Issuer as recommended by Item 9 of the Introduction of the present Recommendations. The Remuneration Report should be posted on the Issuers website.

14.2. Remuneration Report should contain at least the following information:

- 1) Information as to the application of the remuneration policy to board and council members in the previous financial year, specifying the material changes to the Issuer's remuneration policy compared to the previous reporting period;
- 2) The proportion between the fixed and variable part of the remuneration for the respective category of officials , including information with regard to vesting periods of variable part of remuneration;
- 3) Sufficient information as to linking the remuneration with performance. To consider the information sufficient, the report should contain:
  - An explanation how the choice of performance criteria contributes to the long term interest of the Issuer;
  - An explanation of the methods applied in order to determine whether performance criteria have been fulfilled;
- 4) Information about the Issuer's policy with regard to the contracts with the members of the Issuer's management bodies, the terms and conditions of the contracts (duration, notice deadlines about termination, including payments due in case of termination);
- 5) Information about the incentive schemes and the specifications and reasons for awarding any other benefits;
- 6) A description of any pension or early retirement schemes;
- 7) An overview of the remuneration paid to or any benefits received by each individual that has been board or council member in the reporting period – disclosing at least the information required in Items 14.5, 14.5 and 14.7 below.

14.3. To avoid overlapping of information, the Issuer, while preparing its Remuneration Report, may omit the information required in Items 14.2 1) to 7) above, provided it is a part of the Issuer's Remuneration Policy document. In such case, Remuneration Report should have a reference to the Remuneration Policy, together with an indication where it is made available.

14.4. If the Issuer believes that, as a result of following the provisions of Item 14.2 of these Recommendations sensitive business information might become public to the detriment of the Issuer's strategic position, the Issuer may not disclose such information and give the reasons.

14.5. The following remuneration and other benefits related information about each board and council member should be disclosed:

- 1) Total amount paid or outstanding (salary) for the year;
- 2) Remuneration and other benefits received from any company associated with the Issuer. For the understanding of this Item, "associated undertaking" is a company according to the definition in Paragraph 1 of the Law on the Financial Instruments Market;
- 3) Remuneration paid as profit distribution or bonus, and the reasons for awarding such remuneration;
- 4) Compensation for fulfillment of duties in addition to the regular job responsibilities;
- 5) Compensations and any other payments received by or to be received by board or council member who has left the position during the accounting period;
- 6) Total value of any other benefits apart from those listed under Items 1) to 5) received as remuneration.

14.6. The following information should be disclosed with regard to the shares and/or share options or any other incentive schemes resulting in ownership of the Issuer's shares:

- 1) the number and holding conditions of shares or share options entitling to the Issuer's shares granted over the reporting period to the members of Issuer's management bodies;
- 2) The number of options exercised during the reporting period, entitling to the Issuer's shares, specifying the price and the number of shares obtained, or the unit value held by the member of the Issuer's management board in a share-related incentive scheme as at the end of the reporting year;
- 3) The number of non-exercised options entitling to the Issuer's shares as at the end of the reporting year, the share price in the contract, expiry date and the key rules for exercising the option;
- 4) Information changes, if any, introduced during the reporting period with regard to the provisions of the contracts on options entitling to the Issuer's shares (such as changes in the option exercising rules, change of expiry date etc.).

14.7. The following information should be disclosed with regard to savings or contributions to pension schemes of private pension funds:

- 1) the amount of contributions made by the Issuer, to the benefit of individuals, to a pension scheme or schemes, and the rules for disbursement of the pension capital;
- 2) the participation rules, including termination of participation, to the respective pension scheme, applicable the concrete individual.

14.8. Remuneration schemes involving awarding with the Issuer's shares, share options or any other tools resulting in ownership of the Issuer's shares shall be approved by the annual general meeting of shareholders. Shareholders' meeting, while resolving on approval of the remuneration scheme, need not resolve on its application to concrete individuals.

*- Grindeks has not implemented this principle, because such information Grindeks considers as restricted access and commercial secret-based information. The information on the total remuneration disbursed to the Council and the Board members in 2015 is included in Grindeks audited consolidated financial statement of 2015.*

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### III ANNEX

#### INDEPENDENCE CRITERIA OF COUNCIL MEMBERS

As independent shall be regarded a council member of the Issuer who:

- 1) has not been a board or council member of the Issuer, its associated company or a shareholder that controls the Issuer in the previous three years and does not hold the said office also within the time period when holding the office of a council member. A company associated with the Issuer shall mean a company which is included in the consolidated financial report of the Issuer or the consolidated report of which the Issuer is included in;
- 2) is not the Issuer's, its associated company's or a shareholder's which controls the Issuer employee, except in cases when the council member candidate in question has been appointed for election to the council as a representative of the Issuer's employees;
- 3) in addition to the remuneration he or she receives as a council member, he or she does not receive or has not received any substantial additional remuneration from the Issuer, its associated company or a shareholder that controls the Issuer;
- 4) neither directly or indirectly represents the shareholders that control the Issuer;
- 5) neither as of the approval nor within the last year prior to approval as a council member neither directly nor indirectly has been in substantial business relations with the Issuer, its associated company or a shareholder that controls the Issuer neither directly nor as a partner, shareholder or a senior manager;
- 6) within the last three years has not been an internal controller, auditor or employee at a company which is the external auditor of the Issuer, its associated company or a shareholder that controls the Issuer;
- 7) is not a board member or another managing employee at a company at which the Issuer's board member performs the functions of a council member and if he or she has not any other essential relations with the Issuer's board members by participating in other companies or organizational units (mutually connected control relations);
- 8) has not been the Issuer's council member for more than 10 (ten) successive years;
- 9) is not a family member (for the purposes of this clause a family member is a spouse, a parent, or a child) of a board member or a person to whom the criteria specified in sub-clauses (1) to (8) of this Annex apply.