



Baltika Group

AS BALTIKA

Consolidated interim report for the third quarter and 9 months of 2011

| | |
|----------------------------|---|
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| Web page | www.baltikagroup.com |
| Main activities | Design, development, production and sales arrangement of the fashion brands of clothing |
| Auditor | AS PricewaterhouseCoopers |
| Financial year | 1 January 2011 – 31 December 2011 |
| Reporting period | 1 January 2011 – 30 September 2011 |

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BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF BALTIKA GROUP

The Baltika Group, with the parent company AS Baltika, is an international fashion retailer operating in the Baltic States, Central and Eastern Europe. The Baltika Group operates four retail concepts: Monton, Mosaic, Baltman and Ivo Nikkolo. The Group employs a vertically integrated business model which means that it controls all stages of the fashion process: design, manufacturing, supply chain management, distribution/logistics and retail sales. The Group also sells its collections wholesale.

The shares of AS Baltika are listed on the Tallinn Stock Exchange which belongs to the NASDAQ OMX Group.

At 30 September 2011, the Group employed 1,413 people (31 December 2010: 1,419).

The parent company is located and has been registered at 24 Veerenni in Tallinn, Estonia.

The Group consists of the following companies:

| Subsidiary | Location | Activity | Holding at 30 Sep 2011 | Holding at 31 Dec 2010 |
|---|-----------------|------------------------|-----------------------------------|-----------------------------------|
| OÜ Baltika Retail | Estonia | Holding | 100% | 100% |
| OÜ Baltman ¹ | Estonia | Retail | 100% | 100% |
| SIA Baltika Latvija ¹ | Latvia | Retail | 100% | 100% |
| UAB Baltika Lietuva ¹ | Lithuania | Retail | 100% | 100% |
| Baltika Ukraina Ltd ¹ | Ukraine | Retail | 100% | 100% |
| OOO Kompania "Baltman RUS" ¹ | Russia | Retail | 100% | 100% |
| Baltika Poland Sp.z.o.o. | Poland | Retail | 100% | 100% |
| OY Baltinia AB | Finland | Distribution | 100% | 100% |
| Baltika Sweden AB | Sweden | Distribution | 100% | 100% |
| OÜ Baltika Tailor | Estonia | Production | 100% | 100% |
| AS Virulane | Estonia | Production | 93,8% | 93,8% |
| OÜ Baltika TP | Estonia | Real estate management | 100% | 100% |

¹Interest through a subsidiary.

MANAGEMENT REPORT

BALTIKA'S UNAUDITED FINANCIAL RESULTS, 3 QUARTER 2011

On the whole, Baltika Group's third quarter results were in line with its plans. The beginning of the quarter saw strong growth in consumption that allowed the company to achieve sales that exceeded projections. However, from mid-August consumption began to cool notably due to warm weather that caused consumers to defer their purchases of the autumn collection and problems in Greece and the euro-zone that undermined the stability of the economic environment as well as consumer confidence. Besides the above, in the third quarter the company had to face a decline in the growth trends of its Russian and Ukrainian markets. Despite sales decrease in the second half of the quarter, the company succeeded in ending the last month of the quarter, September, with a positive net result.

The company continues to focus on improving efficiency and maintaining cost control. In the third quarter, sales per square metre grew by 8%; in local currencies the increase was even larger. At the same time, the costs of operating the store network decreased by 7% while costs per square metre remained stable compared with the previous year.

In the third quarter, the company continued optimising its retail network and streamlining internal processes, which involved enhancing the collection creation process, upgrading inventory and discount management, aiming marketing efforts more directly at the brands' target customers and improving customer service at the stores.

Third quarter gross margin improved, rising to 49.4% (the corresponding figure for 2010 was 48.7%). An improvement was also achieved in discount rates – the average third quarter discount rate was one percentage point lower than a year ago.

The company achieved sales comparable to those of the third quarter of 2010 on a 7% smaller sales area; at the same time gross profit grew by 2% and operating expenses (distribution and administrative expenses) decreased by 5%. In the third quarter, the Group's profit centres improved their performance considerably. Retail network profit increased more than two times year-over-year.

Operating loss for the third quarter of 2011 was 732 thousand euros compared with an operating loss of 1,743 thousand euros for the third quarter of 2010. The current year figure includes a foreign exchange loss of 37 thousand euros while in the comparative period the foreign exchange loss was 491 thousand euros.

Baltika Group ended the third quarter of 2011 with a net loss of 1,172 thousand euros against a net loss of 2,141 thousand euros for the third quarter of 2010.

Third quarter highlights:

- A public offering which ended on August 3rd, was over-subscribed by 1.1 times and was carried out in respect of entire issue, i.e. 4,300,000 shares with a total par value of 3,010,000 euros.
- The company opened five new stores: three in Russia, one in Ukraine and one in Latvia. Baltika Group closed Polish market with four shops and also one shop in Latvia and Estonia.
- To improve management efficiency and product development and better utilise sales resources, a new and more effective brand and sales management structure was implemented in the third quarter of 2011. Baltika will continue to operate with four brands but will centralise a number of activities that used to be brand-based and will streamline its former matrix management structure by reducing management levels and specifying responsibilities.

Although third quarter performance corresponded to plan, the company has revised its anticipated fourth quarter and full-year results. In the third quarter the instability of the economic environment increased and consumer confidence decreased. Therefore, the company has lowered its fourth quarter growth expectations and will revise sales plans for the next year.

REVENUE

Baltika Group ended the first nine months of 2011 with revenue of 37,924 thousand euros, 2% up on nine months of 2010. Third quarter revenue was 13,511 thousand euros, remaining stable compared with a year ago.

Revenue by activity

| | Q3 2011 | Q3 2010 | +/- | 9M 2011 | 9M 2010 | +/- |
|-----------------|---------------|---------------|-----------|---------------|---------------|-----------|
| Retail | 12,444 | 12,401 | 0% | 35,291 | 34,314 | 3% |
| Wholesale | 933 | 943 | -1% | 2,199 | 2,433 | -10% |
| Rent | 125 | 99 | 26% | 350 | 271 | 29% |
| Sewing services | 0 | 37 | -100% | 60 | 72 | -17% |
| Other | 9 | 6 | 50% | 24 | 34 | -29% |
| Total | 13,511 | 13,486 | 0% | 37,924 | 37,124 | 2% |

Retail

Retail revenues for the first nine months of 2011 totalled 35,291 thousand euros, a 3% increase year-over-year. In the first nine months of 2011, sales grew by 16% in Latvia, 13% in Estonia and 1% in Russia.

Third quarter retail revenue amounted to 12,444 thousand euros, remaining at the same level as in the previous year. In the third quarter, sales grew in Latvia (+15%) and Estonia (+11%). Sales contraction in Lithuania, Ukraine, Russia and Poland is attributable to a substantial decrease in sales areas and in Ukraine also the adverse impact of movements in foreign exchange rates. In local currency, third quarter Ukrainian sales grew by 2% year-over-year while in euros the figure decreased by 8%.

Retail sales by market

| EUR thousands | Q3 2011 | Q3 2010 | +/- | Share | 9M 2011 | 9M 2010 | +/- | Share |
|---------------|---------------|---------------|-----------|-------------|---------------|---------------|-----------|-------------|
| Estonia | 3,670 | 3,295 | 11% | 29% | 10,126 | 8,984 | 13% | 26% |
| Russia | 2,576 | 2,733 | -6% | 21% | 7,657 | 7,555 | 1% | 24% |
| Lithuania | 2,488 | 2,539 | -2% | 20% | 6,940 | 7,071 | -2% | 19% |
| Latvia | 1,888 | 1,646 | 15% | 15% | 5,167 | 4,454 | 16% | 14% |
| Ukraine | 1,689 | 1,829 | -8% | 14% | 4,663 | 5,186 | -10% | 14% |
| Poland | 133 | 359 | -63% | 1% | 738 | 1,064 | -31% | 3% |
| Total | 12,444 | 12,401 | 0% | 100% | 35,291 | 34,314 | 3% | 100% |

Stores and sales area

As at the end of the third quarter of 2011, Baltika had 115 stores in five countries with a total sales area of 23,165 square metres, which is 8 stores and 1,629 square metres less than at the end of the third quarter of 2010. In the first nine months of 2011 the Group opened six stores: three in Russia, two in Ukraine and one in Latvia. At the same time the Group closed eleven stores: four in Poland, two in both Lithuania and Russia and one in Ukraine, Estonia and Latvia each.

Stores by market

| | 30 Sep 2011 | 30 Sep 2010 | Change in period-end sales area |
|------------------------------|---------------|---------------|---------------------------------|
| Estonia | 29 | 31 | -3% |
| Lithuania | 29 | 32 | -7% |
| Russia | 24 | 22 | 1% |
| Ukraine | 18 | 18 | 1% |
| Latvia | 15 | 15 | 3% |
| Poland | 0 | 5 | -100% |
| Total stores | 115 | 123 | |
| Total sales area, sqm | 23,165 | 24,794 | -7% |

The numbers of stores and sales area have decreased on account of restructuring undertaken in the retail system with a view to improving operating efficiency. The company continues to monitor underperforming stores and will improve their results by various activities. However, to date the store network has in all material respects been streamlined and no major closures are planned.

The efficiency of the retail system is measured in sales per square metre. In the first nine months, the indicator improved in all markets. The strongest growth per square metre was achieved in the Lithuanian market that was hit by the downturn after the other Baltic markets and also regained growth later than the others.

Estonian and Latvian markets are posting stable growth. Ukrainian and Russian third quarter growth figures were negative at -3% and -2% respectively. The decrease in sales efficiency is attributable to unfavourable movements in foreign exchange rates. In local currency, respective third quarter growth rates were 7% and 2%.

Sales efficiency by market

| | Q3 2011 | Q3 2010 | +/- | 9M 2011 | 9M 2010 | +/- |
|--------------|------------|------------|-----------|------------|------------|------------|
| Estonia | 214 | 193 | 11% | 196 | 175 | 12% |
| Russia* | 182 | 186 | -2% | 176 | 169 | 4% |
| Lithuania | 149 | 134 | 11% | 138 | 118 | 17% |
| Latvia | 189 | 168 | 12% | 174 | 153 | 13% |
| Ukraine* | 166 | 172 | -3% | 156 | 148 | 6% |
| Poland | 98 | 99 | -2% | 99 | 98 | 1% |
| Total | 179 | 166 | 8% | 166 | 149 | 12% |

*In local currency, third quarter sales efficiency grew by 2% in Russia and 7% in Ukraine while the respective figures for the first nine months were 6% and 13%.

Brands

In terms of brands, the largest share of Baltika's retail revenue is generated by Monton whose retail sales accounted for 53% of the Group's retail revenue for the first nine months of 2011. Mosaic contributed 31% and Baltman 8% and Ivo Nikkolo 7%.

Retail revenue by brand

| | Q3 2011 | Q3 2010 | +/- | Share | 9M 2011 | 9M 2010 | +/- | Share |
|--------------|---------------|---------------|-----------|-------------|---------------|---------------|-----------|-------------|
| Monton | 6,595 | 6,510 | 1% | 53% | 18,766 | 17,957 | 5% | 53% |
| Mosaic | 3,867 | 4,116 | -6% | 31% | 11,107 | 11,552 | -4% | 31% |
| Baltman | 963 | 779 | 24% | 8% | 2,769 | 2,376 | 17% | 8% |
| Ivo Nikkolo | 1,003 | 988 | 2% | 8% | 2,617 | 2,374 | 10% | 7% |
| Other | 16 | 8 | 100% | 0% | 32 | 55 | -42% | 0% |
| Total | 12,444 | 12,401 | 0% | 100% | 35,291 | 34,314 | 3% | 100% |

Baltman continues to post strong growth figures: its third quarter sales grew by 24%. Baltman's largest, 78% sales growth was achieved in Latvia. Sales of Ivo Nikkolo and Monton grew by 2% and 1% respectively. Third quarter sales of Mosaic dropped 6% year-over-year, primarily on account of closure of stores, i.e. a decrease in sales area.

All brands improved their efficiency indicators compared with the first nine months of the previous year, which may be attributed to stabilisation in the economic environment and consumer demand as well as effective streamlining of the retail system.

Sales efficiency and change in average sales area by brand

| | Q3 2011 | Q3 2010 | +/- | Change in average area | 9M 2011 | 9M2010 | +/- | Change in average area |
|---------------------|------------|------------|-----------|------------------------|------------|------------|------------|------------------------|
| Monton | 169 | 152 | 11% | -9% | 155 | 136 | 14% | -9% |
| Mosaic | 164 | 168 | -3% | -3% | 156 | 152 | 2% | -6% |
| Baltman | 274 | 218 | 26% | -2% | 267 | 203 | 31% | -11% |
| Ivo Nikkolo | 296 | 258 | 15% | -11% | 258 | 214 | 21% | -9% |
| Total retail | 179 | 166 | 8% | -7% | 166 | 149 | 12% | -8% |

Monton, which is the largest brand in terms of revenue, improved its third quarter sales efficiency by 11% (on a year-over-year basis) mostly thanks to a successful collection that was exceptionally well received by the customers.

The second-largest brand, Mosaic, posted a 3% decrease in third quarter sales efficiency because the spending of its target customers has recovered more slowly than expected. In addition, its third quarter results were influenced by a significant weakening in sales that is characteristic of the period when school starts, holidays end and people return to work. In the third quarter of 2010, Mosaic's sales also included sales of childrenswear whose creation was discontinued at the beginning of this year.

In the third quarter, Baltman's sales per square metre grew by 26% year-over-year, reflecting the success of the collection, better planning and the economic recovery of customers purchasing men's business wear in the Group's markets (particularly Estonia and Latvia).

For Ivo Nikkolo the first nine months of the year were successful. In the third quarter, sales efficiency improved by 15%, mostly because the brand succeeded in realizing the sales potential of its business and outerwear at the beginning of the season and closed inefficient stores at the beginning of the year.

Wholesale

Baltika's wholesale revenue for the first nine months of 2011 amounted to 2,199 thousand euros, a 10% decrease year-over-year. At the same time, wholesale revenue from comparable customers grew by 9%. In the first nine months of last year, 17% of the Group's wholesale revenue was generated by the products of AS Virulane; to date the brands of AS Virulane have been divested.

The largest sales growth was achieved in Western and Eastern European markets in connection with an increase in number of Peek & Cloppenburg department stores that carry the Group's products. To date, Mosaic is represented at 40 Peek & Cloppenburg department stores in a total of ten markets. Wholesale to Stockmann has increased in connection with the opening of new Stockmann stores in the Russian market (particularly the flagship store in St Petersburg).

FINANCIAL PERFORMANCE

In the third quarter, distribution expenses decreased by 4% to 6,720 thousand euros. The retail system's store operating expenses were almost 7% smaller than in the previous year and costs per square metre decreased by around 0.5%. The positive trend in cost development results from the restructuring of the store network, particularly the closure of Europeysky, the Group's flagship store in Moscow, at the beginning of April. Comparable market and store operating expenses have grown somewhat because in the previous year several lease contracts included temporary crisis-induced price concessions which to date have expired. Economic recovery in Baltika's target markets has increased pressure on lease and labour expenses but the Group considers cost control a priority and continues to monitor its expenses.

Administrative and general expenses for the third quarter have decreased compared with the third quarter of 2010 mostly because of shrinkage in consultancy and salary expenses. Other operating income and other operating expenses for the third quarter were influenced by unfavourable movements in foreign exchange rates. Other operating income and other operating expenses for the third quarter of 2011 include a foreign exchange loss of 37 thousand euros whereas in the same period of 2010 the items included a foreign exchange loss of 491 thousand euros.

The Group's gross profit for the third quarter of 2011 was 6,677 thousand euros, a 2% increase year-over-year on a sales area that was 7% smaller on average. The vigorous growth may be attributed to a higher gross margin. The Group's third quarter gross margin was 49.4% (Q3 2010: 48.7%).

Third quarter operating loss was 732 thousand euros compared with 1,743 thousand euros for the third quarter of 2010.

Operating loss for the first nine months was 2,926 thousand euros compared with 4,258 thousand euros for the first nine months of 2010. The figure for the previous year was improved by the divestment in the first quarter of the MasCara and Herold brands of AS Virulane and the sale of some items of property, plant and equipment that yielded 256 thousand euros. In addition, in the first nine months of 2010 movements in foreign exchange rates had a positive impact and Baltika Group earned a foreign exchange gain of 118 thousand euros in contrast to a foreign exchange loss of 319 thousand euros incurred in the first nine months of 2011.

The Group's finance costs for the third quarter of 2011 were 411 thousand euros, a 16% increase year-over-year. The largest finance cost item was interest expense. At the end of the third quarter of 2011, the weighted average loan interest rate of the Group's loan portfolio was 6.24% (Q3 2010: 5.77%).

Baltika Group ended the third quarter of 2011 with a net loss of 1,172 thousand euros. Net loss for the third quarter of 2010 was 2,141 thousand euros.

FINANCIAL POSITION

At 30 September 2011, Baltika Group had total assets of 40,152 thousand euros, a 2% increase compared with 31 December 2010.

The Group's trade and other receivables decreased compared with the previous year-end, totalling 3,102 thousand euros at the end of the quarter. Trade receivables decreased by 2% to 1,226 thousand euros. The net amount of trade receivables includes the allowance for doubtful receivables of 22 thousand euros.

At the end of the third quarter, inventories totalled 13,678 thousand euros, an increase of 2,874 thousand euros, i.e. 27% compared with the previous year-end. One reason for the increase in inventories is weaker sales at the end of August and in September. On the other hand, some of the growth has been carefully scheduled and planned – the company has purchased most of the goods required for the winter season. Last year, purchase of fourth quarter goods was delayed which is why in certain clothing segments the sales potential was not fully realized.

Trade payables as at the end of the third quarter totalled 9,950 thousand euros, an increase of 2,969 thousand euros on the year-end figure. The rise is attributable to growth in inventory purchases.

At the end of the third quarter, the Group's net debt (interest-bearing liabilities less cash and bank balances) was 18,414 thousand euros. The net debt to equity ratio was 164%. The Group's equity as at 30 September 2011 amounted to 11,250 thousand euros.

AS Baltika draws the attention of the investors to the issue that despite of the changes made in the economic activities, the company's net assets are below half of the share capital. In case the fourth quarter results do not meet expectations, the Board of AS Baltika will implement needed measures. The company will inform investors of the action plan approved by the Supervisory Council through stock exchange system.

INVESTMENT

Baltika Group investments in the third quarter amounted to 214 thousand euros. Most of the investments were made in retail system.

PEOPLE

At 30 September 2011, Baltika Group employed a total of 1,413 people (31 December 2010: 1,419): 795 (799) in the retail system, 442 (442) in manufacturing and 176 (178) at the head office and logistics centre. The period's average number of staff was 1,413 (9M 2010: 1,560).

Employee remuneration expenses for the first nine months of 2011 totalled 7,892 thousand euros (9M 2010: 7,976 thousand euros). The remuneration of the members of the supervisory council and management board totalled 233 thousand euros (9M 2010: 281 thousand euros).

KEY FIGURES OF THE GROUP (9 MONTHS 2011)

| | 30 Sep 2011 | 30 Sep 2010 | +/- |
|-------------------------------------|--------------------|--------------------|------------|
| Revenue (EUR thousand) | 37,924 | 37,124 | 2.2% |
| Retail sales (EUR thousand) | 35,291 | 34,314 | 2.8% |
| Share of retail sales in revenue | 93% | 92% | |
| Number of stores | 115 | 123 | -6.5% |
| Sales area (sqm) | 23,165 | 24,794 | -6.6% |
| Number of employees (end of period) | 1,413 | 1,456 | -3.0% |
| Gross margin | 52.4% | 50.4% | |
| Operating margin | -7.7% | -11.5% | |
| EBT margin | -10.4% | -13.4% | |
| Net margin | -10.5% | -13.6% | |
| Current ratio | 1.4 | 1.0 | 42.1% |
| Inventory turnover | 4.31 | 4.48 | -4.0% |
| Debt to equity ratio | 167.5% | 148.9% | |
| Return on equity | -48.0% | -61.7% | |
| Return on assets | -13.5% | -16.5% | |

Definitions of key ratios

Gross margin = (Revenue-Cost of goods sold)/Revenue

Operating margin = Operating profit/Revenue

EBT margin = Profit before income tax/Revenue

Net margin = Net profit (attributable to parent)/Revenue

Current ratio = Current assets/Current liabilities

Inventory turnover = Revenue/Average inventories*

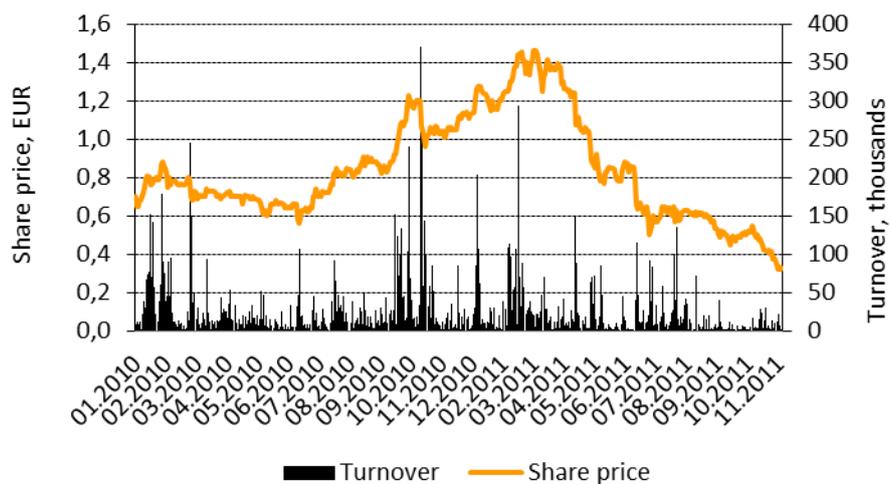
Debt to equity ratio = Interest-bearing liabilities/Equity

Return on equity (ROE) = Net profit (attributable to parent)/Average equity*

Return on assets (ROA) = Net profit (attributable to parent)/Average total assets*

*Based on 12-month average

SHARE PRICE AND TURNOVER



MANAGEMENT BOARD'S CONFIRMATION OF THE MANAGEMENT REPORT

The management board confirms that the management report presents a true and fair view of all significant events that occurred during the reporting period as well as their impact on the condensed consolidated interim financial statements; includes the description of major risks and doubts influencing the remainder of the financial year; and provides an overview of all significant transactions with related parties.



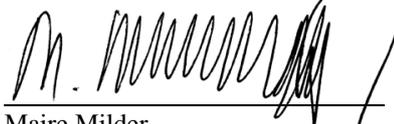
Meelis Milder
Chairman of the management board
28 November 2011



Maigi Pärnik-Pernik
Member of the management board
28 November 2011



Boriss Loifenfeld
Member of the management board
28 November 2011



Maire Milder
Member of the management board
28 November 2011



Andrew Paterson
Member of the management board
28 November 2011

INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**MANAGEMENT BOARD'S CONFIRMATION OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

The management board confirms the correctness and completeness of AS Baltika's consolidated interim report for the third quarter and nine months of 2011 as presented on pages 12-30.

The management board confirms that:

1. the accounting policies and presentation of information is in compliance with International Financial Reporting Standards as adopted by the European Union;
2. the financial statements give a true and fair view of the assets and liabilities of the Group comprising of the parent company and other Group entities as well as its financial position, its results of the operations and the cash flows of the Group; and its cash flows;
3. all group companies are going concerns.



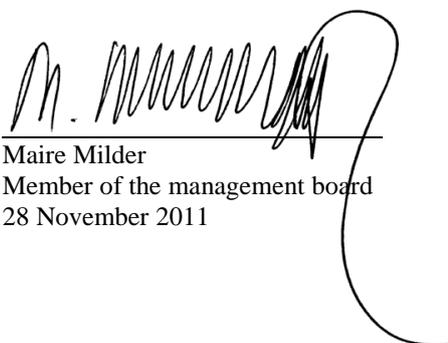
Meelis Milder
Chairman of the management board
28 November 2011



Maigi Pärnik-Pernik
Member of the management board
28 November 2011



Boriss Loifenfeld
Member of the management board
28 November 2011



Maire Milder
Member of the management board
28 November 2011



Andrew Paterson
Member of the management board
28 November 2011

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION

| | Note | 30 Sep 2011 | 31 Dec 2011 |
|--|------|---------------|---------------|
| ASSETS | | | |
| Current assets | | | |
| Cash and bank | 3 | 434 | 823 |
| Trade and other receivables | 4 | 3,102 | 3,119 |
| Inventories | 5,13 | 13,678 | 10,804 |
| Total current assets | | 17,214 | 14,746 |
| Non-current assets | | | |
| Deferred income tax asset | | 838 | 838 |
| Other non-current assets | 6 | 778 | 780 |
| Investment property | 7 | 7,069 | 7,069 |
| Property, plant and equipment | 8 | 10,506 | 12,121 |
| Intangible assets | 9 | 3,747 | 3,898 |
| Total non-current assets | | 22,938 | 24,706 |
| TOTAL ASSETS | | 40,152 | 39,452 |
| EQUITY AND LIABILITIES | | | |
| Current liabilities | | | |
| Borrowings | 10 | 2,451 | 2,125 |
| Trade and other payables | 11 | 9,950 | 6,981 |
| Total current liabilities | | 12,401 | 9,106 |
| Non-current liabilities | | | |
| Borrowings | 10 | 16,497 | 17,953 |
| Other liabilities | 11 | 4 | 37 |
| Total non-current liabilities | | 16,501 | 17,990 |
| TOTAL LIABILITIES | | 28,902 | 27,096 |
| EQUITY | | | |
| Share capital at par value | 12 | 25,056 | 20,129 |
| Share premium | | 56 | 1,332 |
| Reserves | 12 | 2,244 | 2,784 |
| Retained earnings | | -11,592 | -4,961 |
| Net loss for the period | | -3,980 | -6,344 |
| Currency translation differences | | -696 | -746 |
| Total equity attributable to equity holders of the parent | | 11,088 | 12,194 |
| Non-controlling interest | | 162 | 162 |
| TOTAL EQUITY | | 11,250 | 12,356 |
| TOTAL LIABILITIES AND EQUITY | | 40,152 | 39,452 |

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

| | Note | Q3 2011 | Q3 2010 | 9M 2011 | 9M 2010 |
|--|-------|---------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|
| Revenue | 13,14 | 13,511 | 13,486 | 37,924 | 37,124 |
| Cost of goods sold | 15 | -6,834 | -6,915 | -18,041 | -18,401 |
| Gross profit | | 6,677 | 6,571 | 19,883 | 18,722 |
| Distribution costs | 16 | -6,720 | -6,970 | -20,283 | -21,021 |
| Administrative and general expenses | 17 | -628 | -758 | -2,122 | -2,099 |
| Other operating income | 18 | 20 | 4 | 23 | 398 |
| Other operating expenses | 19 | -81 | -590 | -427 | -258 |
| Operating loss | 13 | -732 | -1,743 | -2,926 | -4,258 |
| Finance income | 20 | -14 | 0 | 1 | 161 |
| Finance costs | 20 | -411 | -354 | -1,030 | -881 |
| Loss before income tax | | -1,157 | -2,097 | -3,955 | -4,978 |
| Income tax expense | | -15 | -44 | -25 | -75 |
| Net loss | | -1,172 | -2,141 | -3,980 | -5,053 |
| Loss attributable to: | | | | | |
| Equity holders of the parent company | | -1,172 | -2,140 | -3,980 | -5,065 |
| Non-controlling interest | | 0 | -1 | 0 | 12 |
| Other comprehensive income (loss) | | | | | |
| Currency translation differences | | -156 | -54 | 50 | -176 |
| Total comprehensive income (loss) | | -1,328 | -2,195 | -3,930 | -5,229 |
| Comprehensive income (loss) attributable to: | | | | | |
| Equity holders of the parent company | | -1,328 | -2,194 | -3,930 | -5,241 |
| Non-controlling interest | | 0 | -1 | 0 | 12 |
| Basic earnings per share, EUR | 21 | -0.03 | -0.08 | -0.13 | -0.23 |
| Diluted earnings per share, EUR | 21 | -0.03 | -0.08 | -0.13 | -0.23 |

CONSOLIDATED CASH FLOW STATEMENT

| | Note | 9M 2011 | 9M 2010 |
|--|-------------|----------------|----------------|
| Operating activities | | | |
| Operating profit (loss) | | -2,926 | -4,258 |
| Adjustments: | | | |
| Depreciation, amortisation and impairment of PPE and intangibles | 8,9 | 1,881 | 2,293 |
| Loss (gain) from disposal of PPE and investment property | | 60 | 73 |
| Other non-monetary expenses | | 195 | -327 |
| Changes in working capital: | | | |
| Change in trade and other receivables | 4 | -199 | -1,267 |
| Change in inventories | 5 | -2,866 | 873 |
| Change in trade and other payables | 11 | 2,906 | -2,348 |
| Interest paid | | -938 | -891 |
| Income tax paid | | -144 | -54 |
| Net cash generated from operating activities | | -2,031 | -5,906 |
| Investing activities | | | |
| Acquisition of property, plant and equipment, intangibles, thereof | 8,9 | -124 | -220 |
| Under the finance lease terms | | 5 | 43 |
| Proceeds from disposal of property, plant and equipment | | 2 | 1,572 |
| Interest received | | 0 | 1 |
| Net cash used in investing activities | | -117 | 1,395 |
| Financing activities | | | |
| Received borrowings | 10 | 1,193 | 672 |
| Repayments of borrowings | 10 | -2,044 | -2,518 |
| Change in bank overdraft | 10 | -89 | -41 |
| Repayments of finance lease and other liabilities | | -168 | -191 |
| Receipts from share issue | | 3,010 | 6,787 |
| Dividend paid | | 0 | -0.2 |
| Dividend paid for preference shares | | -49 | -242 |
| Bonds transactions | | -1 | 0 |
| Net cash generated from financing activities | | 1,852 | 4,466 |
| Effect of exchange gains (losses) on cash and cash equivalents | | -93 | 160 |
| Total cash flows | | -389 | 116 |
| Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the period | 3 | 823 | 385 |
| Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the period | 3 | 434 | 501 |
| Change in cash and cash equivalents | | -389 | 116 |

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY

| | Attributable to owners of the parent | | | | | | | Non-controlling interest | Total equity |
|---|--------------------------------------|---------------|--------------|-------------------|------------------------------|---------------|------------|--------------------------|--------------|
| | Share capital | Share premium | Reserves | Retained earnings | Currency translation reserve | Total | | | |
| Balance at 31 Dec 2009 | 14,473 | 67 | 2,784 | -4,961 | -601 | 11,762 | 162 | 11,924 | |
| Profit (loss) for the period | 0 | 0 | 0 | -5,065 | 0 | -5,065 | 12 | -5,053 | |
| Other comprehensive income (loss) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | -176 | -176 | 0 | -176 | |
| Total comprehensive income (loss) | 0 | 0 | 0 | -5,065 | -176 | -5,241 | 12 | -5,229 | |
| Equity-settled share-based transactions | 0 | 68 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 68 | 0 | 68 | |
| Increase of share capital | 5,656 | 1,131 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 6,787 | 0 | 6,787 | |
| Balance at 30 Sep 2010 | 20,129 | 1,266 | 2,784 | -10,026 | -777 | 13,376 | 174 | 13,550 | |
| Balance at 31 Dec 2010 | 20,129 | 1,332 | 2,784 | -11,305 | -746 | 12,194 | 162 | 12,356 | |
| Profit (loss) for the period | 0 | 0 | 0 | -3,980 | 0 | -3,980 | 0 | -3,980 | |
| Other comprehensive income (loss) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 50 | 50 | 0 | 50 | |
| Total comprehensive income (loss) | 0 | 0 | 0 | -3,980 | 50 | -3,930 | 0 | -3,930 | |
| Equity-settled share-based transactions | 0 | 101 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 101 | 0 | 101 | |
| Increase of share capital | 4,927 | -1,377 | -540 | -287 | 0 | 2,723 | 0 | 2,723 | |
| Balance at 30 Sep 2011 | 25,056 | 56 | 2,244 | -15,572 | -696 | 11,088 | 162 | 11,250 | |

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED INTERIM REPORT

NOTE 1 Accounting policies and accounting methods used in the preparation of the interim report

The Baltika Group, with in the Republic of Estonia registered parent company AS Baltika, is an international fashion retailer operating four concepts: Monton, Mosaic, Baltman and Ivo Nikkolo. AS Baltika's shares are listed on the Tallinn Stock Exchange. One of the largest shareholder of AS Baltika OÜ BMIG is controlled by the members of the management board of the company.

The Group's condensed consolidated interim report for the nine months ended 30 September 2011 has been prepared in accordance with IAS 34 Interim Financial Reporting, as adopted by the European Union. The interim report should be read in conjunction with the Group's latest consolidated annual financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2010, which has been prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards. The interim report has been prepared in accordance with the principal accounting policies applied in the preparation of the Group's consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2010. New and revised standards and interpretations effective from 1 January 2011 do not have a significant impact on the Group's financial statements as of preparing the interim financial report.

All information in the financial statements is presented in thousands of euros, unless otherwise stated.

This interim report has not been audited or otherwise reviewed by auditors, and includes only Group's consolidated reports and does not include all of the information required for full annual financial statements.

NOTE 2 Financial risks

In its daily activities, the Group is exposed to different types of risk management, which is an important and integral part of the business activities of the company. The company's ability to identify, measure and control different risks is a key variable for the Group's profitability. The Group's management defines risk as a potential negative deviation from the expected financial results. The main risk factors are market (including currency risk, interest rate risk and price risk), credit, liquidity and operational risks.

The basis for risk management at the Group are the requirements set by the Tallinn Stock Exchange, the Financial Supervision Authority and other regulatory bodies, adherence to generally accepted accounting principles, as well as the company's internal regulations and risk policies. Overall risk management includes identification, measurement and control of risks. The management of the Parent company plays a major role in managing risks and approving risk procedures. The supervisory council of the Group's Parent company supervises the management's risk management activities.

Market risk

Foreign exchange risk

Sales in foreign currencies constitute 66% of the revenues of the Group and are denominated in LTL (Lithuanian lit), LVL (Latvian lat), UAH (Ukrainian hryvnia), PLN (Polish zloty), RUR (Russian rouble), for the foreign subsidiaries of the Group. The majority of raw materials used in production is acquired from countries located outside of European Union. The major foreign currency for purchases is USD (US dollar).

Trading with the counterparties in countries belonging to the European Monetary Union is handled only in euros. As the Group's main revenues arise from retail sales, the prices of goods in the markets are fixed in a local currency and consequently, changes in foreign currency exchange rates directly affect the Group's revenue through the pricing of goods at the stores in those markets. In addition, a change in the economic environment and relative appreciation/depreciation of a local currency may greatly affect the purchasing power of customers in the market of the respective segment.

The Group's results are open to fluctuations in foreign currency rates against euro in those countries where AS Baltika has subsidiaries. The changes in average foreign currency rates against euro¹ in the reporting period were the following: Russian rouble -1.88% (2010: +10.25%), Ukrainian hryvnia -7.33% (2010: +4.60%), Polish zloty -0.53% (2010: +8.45%) and Latvian lat +0.09% (2010: -0.51%). The Lithuanian lit is pegged to the euro. The change in average rate of US dollar in the reporting period was -7.07% (2010: +3.67%).

Foreign exchange risk arises from cash and bank (Note 3), trade receivables (Note 4) and trade payables (Note 11).

¹Until 31 December 2010, the changes in average foreign currency rates were reported against Estonian kroon based on Estonian Bank exchange rates.

The Group's non-current borrowings carrying floating interest rate were denominated in euros, therefore no currency risk is assumed.

No instruments were used to hedge foreign currency risks in 2011 and 2010. Based on the management's assessment, the effect of losses resulting from changes in foreign currencies does not exceed the risk tolerance determined by the Group. If feasible, foreign currencies collected are used for the settling of liabilities measured in the same currency. Additionally the Group uses the option to regulate retail prices, reduces expenses and if necessary restructures the Group's internal transactions.

Interest rate risk

As the Group's cash and cash equivalents carry fixed interest rate, the Group's income and operating cash flows are substantially independent of changes in market interest rates.

The Group's interest rate risk arises mainly from non-current borrowings issued at floating interest rate and thus exposing the Group to cash flow interest rate risk. The exposure to the fair value interest rate risk of the Group's borrowings is insignificant according to the management's estimate as the borrowings with fixed interest rate have short maturities, expiring within a year, or have no term (overdraft). Interest rate risk is primarily caused by the potential fluctuations of Euribor and the changing of the average interest rates of banks.

All non-current borrowings at 30 September 2011 and 31 December 2010 were subject to a floating interest rate based on Euribor, which is fixed every three or six months. The Group analyses its interest rate exposure on a dynamic basis. Various scenarios are simulated taking into consideration refinancing, renewal of existing positions and alternative financing.

The Group uses no hedging instruments to manage the risks arising from fluctuations in interest rates.

Price risk

The Group is not exposed to the price risk with respect to financial instruments as it does not hold any equity securities.

Credit risk

Credit risk arises from cash and cash equivalents, deposits with banks and financial institutions, as well as credit exposures to wholesale and retail customers, including outstanding receivables and committed transactions.

Cash and cash equivalents

For banks and financial institutions, only independently rated parties with a minimum rating of "A" are accepted for operations in the Baltic and Central European region as long-term counterparties. For Eastern Europe the "B" rating is considered acceptable. The Group has chosen banks with "A" rating to be the main partners for managing the cash and cash equivalents and financing the Group's operations in Estonia and overseas.

Trade receivables

The most significant credit risk concentration to the Group arises from the wholesale activities in Eastern Europe. For the wholesale customers, their financial position, past experience and other factors are taken into consideration as the basis for credit control. According to the Group's credit policy, no collaterals to secure the trade receivables are required from counterparties but instead, deliveries, outstanding credit amount and adherence to agreed dates are monitored continuously.

At 30 September 2011 the maximum exposure to credit risk from trade receivables (Note 4) amounted to 1,226 thousand euros (31 December 2010: 1,253 thousand euros) on a net basis after the allowances. The trade receivables from Eastern European clients amounted to 710 thousand euros (31 December 2010: 883 thousand euros), including balances with the Eastern European wholesale partners of 681 thousand euros (31 December 2010: 850 thousand euros) and balances with retail customers for bank card payments of 29 thousand euros (31 December 2010: 33 thousand euros).

Trade receivables past due six months and more were partially impaired thus the difference between the carrying value and recoverable amount was recognised as an impairment loss (Note 4).

Sales to retail customers are settled in cash or using major credit cards, thus no credit risk is involved except the risk arising from financial institutions selected as approved counterparties. Credit risks arising from the Group's seasonal production and sales cycle are temporary.

Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the potential risk that the Group has limited or insufficient financial (cash) resources to meet the obligations arising from the Group's activities. The volume of financing has significantly reduced since August 2007. Such circumstances may affect the ability of the Group to obtain new borrowings and re-finance its

existing borrowings at terms and conditions similar to those applied to earlier transactions. Management monitors the sufficiency of cash and cash equivalents to settle the liabilities and finance the Group's strategic goals on a regular basis using rolling cash forecasts.

To manage liquidity risks, the Group uses different financing instruments such as bank loans, overdrafts, commercial bond issues, monitoring of receivables and purchase contracts. A Group current account/overdraft facility is in use for more flexible management of liquid assets, enabling Group companies to use the Group's resources up to the limit established by the Parent company.

Financial liabilities by maturity at 30 September 2011

| | Carrying amount | Undiscounted cash flows ¹ | | |
|---|-----------------|--------------------------------------|---------------|---------------|
| | | 1-3 months ² | 1-5 years | Total |
| Borrowings (Note 10) ³ | 18,654 | 1,137 | 20,336 | 21,473 |
| Finance lease liabilities (Note 10) | 194 | 52 | 154 | 206 |
| Trade payables (Note 11) | 7,515 | 7,515 | 0 | 7,515 |
| Other financial liabilities (Note 10,11) ⁴ | 26 | 26 | 0 | 26 |
| Total | 26,389 | 8,730 | 20,490 | 29,220 |

Financial liabilities by maturity at 31 December 2010

| | Carrying amount | Undiscounted cash flows ¹ | | |
|---|-----------------|--------------------------------------|---------------|---------------|
| | | 1-12 months | 1-5 years | Total |
| Bank borrowings (Note 10) ³ | 19,444 | 2,798 | 20,149 | 22,947 |
| Finance lease liabilities (Note 10) | 377 | 251 | 152 | 403 |
| Trade payables (Note 11) | 4,355 | 4,355 | 0 | 4,355 |
| Other financial liabilities (Note 10,11) ⁴ | 300 | 300 | 0 | 300 |
| Total | 24,476 | 7,704 | 20,301 | 28,005 |

¹For interest bearing borrowings carrying floating interest rate based on Euribor, the spot rate has been used.

²Financial liabilities due in current financial year.

³Overdraft facilities are shown under bank borrowings payable within 1-5 years in the amount of maximum exposure available for the Group.

⁴Other financial liabilities include accrued expenses in amount of 26 thousand euros (31 December 2010: 105 thousand euros) and dividends liabilities of preference shares in amount of 195 thousand euros at 31 December 2010.

Operational risk

The Group's operations are mostly affected by the cyclical nature of economies in target markets and changes in competitive positions, as well as risks related to specific markets (especially non-European Union markets – Russia and Ukraine).

To manage the risks, the Group attempts to increase the flexibility of its operations: the sales volumes and the activities of competitors are also being monitored and if necessary, the Group makes adjustments in price levels, marketing activities and collections offered. In addition to central gathering and assessment of information, an important role in analysing and planning actions is played by a market organisation in each target market enabling the Group to obtain fast and direct feedback on market developments on the one hand and adequately consider local conditions on the other.

As improvement of flexibility plays an important role in increasing the Group's competitiveness, continuous efforts are being made to shorten the cycles of business processes and minimise potential deviations. This also helps to improve the relative level and structure of inventories and the fashion collections' meeting consumer expectations.

The most important operating risk arises from the Group's inability to produce collections which would meet customer expectations and the goods that cannot be sold when expected and as budgeted. Another important risk is that the Group's information technology system is unable to ensure sufficiently fast and accurate transmission of information for decision-making purposes.

To ensure good collections, the Group employs a strong team of designers who monitor and are aware of fashion trends by using internationally acclaimed channels. Such a structure, procedures and information systems have

been set up at the Group which help daily monitoring of sales and balance of inventories and using the information in subsequent activities. In order to avoid supply problems, cooperation with the world's leading procurement intermediaries as well as fabric manufacturers has been expanded.

The unavoidable risk factor in selling clothes is the weather. Collections are created and sales volumes as well as timing of sales is planned under the assumption that regular weather conditions prevail in the target markets – in case weather conditions differ significantly from normal conditions, the actual sales results may significantly differ from the budget.

Capital risk management

The Group's objectives when managing capital are to safeguard the Group's ability to continue as a going concern in order to provide returns for shareholders and benefits for other stakeholders and to maintain an optimal capital structure to reduce the cost of capital. In order to maintain or adjust the capital structure, the Group may adjust the amount of dividends paid to shareholders, return capital to shareholders, issue new shares or sell assets to reduce debt.

Consistent with industry practice, the Group monitors capital on the basis of the gearing ratio. This ratio is calculated as net debt divided by total equity. Net debt is calculated as total borrowings (including current and non-current borrowings as shown in the consolidated balance sheet) less cash and cash equivalents. Total capital is calculated as the sum of equity as shown in the consolidated balance sheet and net debt. The Group's strategy is to achieve the gearing ratio within the range of 30% to 35% but due to the global economical crisis it was not achieved in 2011 and 2010. The gearing ratio was influenced by the earned comprehensive loss.

Gearing ratios of the Group

| | 30 Sep 2011 | 31 Dec 2010 |
|----------------------------|--------------------|--------------------|
| Total borrowings (Note 10) | 18,848 | 19,821 |
| Cash and bank (Note 3) | -434 | -823 |
| Net debt | 18,414 | 18,998 |
| Total equity | 11,250 | 12,356 |
| Total capital | 29,664 | 31,354 |
| Gearing ratio | 62% | 61% |

Fair value

The Group estimates that the fair values of the assets and liabilities denominated in the balance sheet at amortised cost do not differ significantly from their carrying amounts presented in the Group's consolidated balance sheet at 30 September 2011 and 31 December 2010. As the Group's long-term borrowings have a floating interest rate that changes along with the changes in market interest rates, the discount rates used in the discounted cash flow model are applied to calculate the fair value of borrowings. Therefore, management estimates that the fair value of long-term borrowings does not significantly differ from their carrying amounts. The carrying amount less an impairment provision of trade receivables and payables is assumed to approximate their fair values. The fair value of financial liabilities for disclosure purposes is estimated by discounting the future contractual cash flows at the current market interest rate that is available to the Group for similar financial instruments.

NOTE 3 Cash and bank

| | 30 Sep 2011 | 31 Dec 2010 |
|---------------------|--------------------|--------------------|
| Cash in hand | 218 | 301 |
| Cash at bank | 216 | 452 |
| Short-term deposits | 0 | 70 |
| Total | 434 | 823 |

Cash and bank by currency

| | 30 Sep 2011 | 31 Dec 2010 |
|-------------------------|--------------------|--------------------|
| RUB (Russian rouble) | 174 | 114 |
| EUR (euro) | 97 | 97 |
| UAH (Ukrainian hryvnia) | 75 | 164 |
| LTL (Lithuanian lit) | 67 | 94 |
| LVL (Latvian lat) | 16 | 53 |
| PLN (Polish zloty) | 5 | 146 |
| EEK (Estonian kroon) | 0 | 155 |
| Total | 434 | 823 |

NOTE 4 Trade and other receivables

| | 30 Sep 2011 | 31 Dec 2010 |
|---|--------------------|--------------------|
| Trade receivables, net | 1,226 | 1,253 |
| Other prepaid expenses | 979 | 888 |
| Tax prepayments and tax reclaims, thereof | 785 | 684 |
| Value added tax | 758 | 662 |
| Prepaid income tax | 4 | 0 |
| Other taxes | 23 | 22 |
| Other current receivables | 112 | 294 |
| Total | 3,102 | 3,119 |

Trade receivables

| | 30 Sep 2011 | 31 Dec 2010 |
|---|--------------------|--------------------|
| Trade receivables, gross | 1,248 | 1,287 |
| Allowance for impairment of trade receivables | -22 | -34 |
| Trade receivables, net | 1,226 | 1,253 |

Trade receivables (net) by due date

| | 30 Sep 2011 | 31 Dec 2010 |
|------------------------|--------------------|--------------------|
| Not due | 1,144 | 1,206 |
| Up to 1 month past due | 24 | 41 |
| 1-3 months past due | 29 | 2 |
| 3-6 months past due | 17 | 0 |
| Over 6 months past due | 12 | 4 |
| Total | 1,226 | 1,253 |

Trade receivables (net) by denominating currency

| | 30 Sep 2011 | 31 Dec 2010 |
|-------------------------|--------------------|--------------------|
| EUR (euro) | 1,126 | 901 |
| LVL (Latvian lat) | 44 | 57 |
| RUB (Russian rouble) | 29 | 28 |
| LTL (Lithuanian lit) | 27 | 36 |
| PLN (Polish zloty) | 0 | 6 |
| EEK (Estonian kroon) | 0 | 220 |
| UAH (Ukrainian hryvnia) | 0 | 5 |
| Total | 1,226 | 1,253 |

NOTE 5 Inventories

| | 30 Sep 2011 | 31 Dec 2010 |
|---|--------------------|--------------------|
| Fabrics and accessories | 1,517 | 1,344 |
| Allowance for impairment of fabrics and accessories | -13 | -13 |
| Work-in-progress | 66 | 72 |
| Finished goods and goods purchased for resale | 11,880 | 9,409 |
| Allowance for impairment of finished goods and goods purchased for resale | 0 | -320 |
| Prepayments to suppliers | 228 | 312 |
| Total | 13,678 | 10,804 |

NOTE 6 Other non-current assets

| | 30 Sep 2011 | 31 Dec 2010 |
|-------------------------------|--------------------|--------------------|
| Non-current lease prepayments | 388 | 390 |
| Other long-term receivables | 390 | 390 |
| Total | 778 | 780 |

NOTE 7 Investment property

| | 2011 | 2010 |
|--------------------------------|--------------|--------------|
| Balance at 1 January | 7,069 | 6,602 |
| Balance at 30 September | 7,069 | 6,602 |

Investment property consists of 4,500 square metres of land and former production building that was renovated and turned into office building and old office building, located at 24 Veerenni in Tallinn, Estonia. Real estate properties that are occupied by Group are recorded under fixed assets.

NOTE 8 Property, plant and equipment

| | Land and construc- tion rights | Buildings and structures | Machinery and equipment | Other fixtures | Construc- tion in progress | Pre- pay- ments | Total |
|---|---|---|--|---------------------------|---|--------------------------------|---------------|
| At 31 Dec 2009 | | | | | | | |
| Acquisition cost | 11 | 14,524 | 6,375 | 7,728 | 7 | 11 | 28,656 |
| Accumulated depreciation | 0 | -2,784 | -4,494 | -4,559 | 0 | 0 | -11,837 |
| Net book amount | 11 | 11,740 | 1,881 | 3,169 | 7 | 11 | 16,819 |
| Additions | 0 | 20 | 15 | 75 | 7 | 0 | 117 |
| Disposals | -11 | -1,485 | -64 | -70 | 0 | 0 | -1,630 |
| Depreciation | 0 | -788 | -379 | -881 | 0 | 0 | -2,048 |
| Currency translation differences ¹ | 0 | 52 | 25 | 77 | 1 | 0 | 155 |
| At 30 Sep 2010 | | | | | | | |
| Acquisition cost | 0 | 12,706 | 5,861 | 7,334 | 15 | 11 | 25,927 |
| Accumulated depreciation | 0 | -3,167 | -4,383 | -4,964 | 0 | 0 | -12,514 |
| Net book amount | 0 | 9,539 | 1,478 | 2,370 | 15 | 11 | 13,413 |

At 31 Dec 2010

| | | | | | | | |
|---|----------|---------------|--------------|--------------|-----------|-----------|---------------|
| Acquisition cost | 0 | 11,607 | 5,861 | 6,979 | 19 | 13 | 24,479 |
| Accumulated depreciation | 0 | -3,005 | -4,445 | -4,908 | 0 | 0 | -12,358 |
| Net book amount | 0 | 8,602 | 1,416 | 2,071 | 19 | 13 | 12,121 |
| Additions | 0 | 46 | 28 | 32 | 0 | 0 | 106 |
| Disposals | 0 | -1 | -15 | -29 | -5 | -11 | -61 |
| Reclassifications to inventories | 0 | 0 | -10 | -3 | 0 | 0 | -13 |
| Reclassification | 0 | 10 | 2 | -1 | -10 | -1 | 0 |
| Depreciation | 0 | -577 | -334 | -703 | 0 | 0 | -1,614 |
| Currency translation differences ¹ | 0 | -8 | -13 | -16 | 0 | -1 | -38 |

At 30 Sep 2011

| | | | | | | | |
|--------------------------|----------|---------------|--------------|--------------|----------|----------|---------------|
| Acquisition cost | 0 | 11,472 | 5,752 | 6,707 | 4 | 0 | 23,935 |
| Accumulated depreciation | 0 | -3,400 | -4,678 | -5,351 | 0 | 0 | -13,429 |
| Net book amount | 0 | 8,072 | 1,074 | 1,356 | 4 | 0 | 10,506 |

¹Amount of currency translation differences comes from conversion of acquisition cost of assets, accumulated depreciation and movements of assets during the reporting period.

NOTE 9 Intangible assets

| | Licenses, software and other | Trade- marks | Prepayments | Goodwill | Total |
|---|---|-------------------------|--------------------|-----------------|--------------|
| At 31 Dec 2009 | | | | | |
| Acquisition cost | 2,700 | 643 | 0 | 1,895 | 5,238 |
| Accumulated depreciation | -1,160 | -107 | 0 | 0 | -1,267 |
| Net book amount | 1,540 | 536 | 0 | 1,895 | 3,971 |
| Additions | 93 | 0 | 10 | 60 | 163 |
| Disposals | -21 | 0 | 0 | 0 | -21 |
| Amortisation | -220 | -24 | 0 | 0 | -244 |
| Currency translation differences ¹ | 10 | 0 | 0 | 61 | 71 |
| At 30 Sep 2010 | | | | | |
| Acquisition cost | 2,763 | 643 | 10 | 2,016 | 5,432 |
| Accumulated depreciation | -1,363 | -131 | 0 | 0 | -1,494 |
| Net book amount | 1,400 | 512 | 10 | 2,016 | 3,938 |

At 31 December 2010

| | | | | | |
|---|--------------|------------|-----------|--------------|--------------|
| Acquisition cost | 2,774 | 643 | 23 | 2,048 | 5,488 |
| Accumulated depreciation | -1,451 | -139 | 0 | 0 | -1,590 |
| Net book amount | 1,323 | 504 | 23 | 2,048 | 3,898 |
| Additions | 18 | 0 | 0 | 194 | 212 |
| Disposals | -1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | -1 |
| Reclassification | 3 | 0 | -3 | 0 | 0 |
| Depreciation | -243 | -24 | 0 | 0 | -267 |
| Currency translation differences ¹ | -6 | 0 | 0 | -89 | -95 |

At 30 September 2011

| | | | | | |
|--------------------------|--------------|------------|-----------|--------------|--------------|
| Acquisition cost | 2,821 | 643 | 20 | 2,153 | 5,637 |
| Accumulated depreciation | -1,727 | -163 | 0 | 0 | -1,890 |
| Net book amount | 1,094 | 480 | 20 | 2,153 | 3,747 |

¹Amount of currency translation differences comes from conversion of acquisition cost of assets, accumulated depreciation and movements of assets during the reporting period.

NOTE 10 Borrowings

| | 30 Sep 2011 | 31 Dec 2010 |
|---|--------------------|--------------------|
| Current borrowings | | |
| Current portion of non-current bank loans | 2,185 | 1,697 |
| Current bank loans | 0 | 0 |
| Current finance lease liabilities | 105 | 233 |
| Other current loans | 150 | 0 |
| Liability component of preference shares | 11 | 195 |
| Total | 2,451 | 2,125 |
| Non-current borrowings | | |
| Non-current bank loans | 16,319 | 17,747 |
| Non-current finance lease liabilities | 89 | 144 |
| Convertible bonds and other non-current liabilities | 89 | 62 |
| Total | 16,497 | 17,953 |
| Total borrowings | 18,948 | 20,078 |

During the reporting period, the Group made loan repayments in the amount of 2,044 thousand euros (2010: 2,518 thousand euros). Loan interest expense of the reporting period amounted to 935 thousand euros (2010: 881 thousand euros).

Loans and the liability component of the preference shares of the Group at 30 September 2011

| | Carrying amount | Average risk premium |
|---|------------------------|-----------------------------|
| Borrowings at floating interest rate (based on 6-month Euribor) | 18,504 | 4.60% |
| Borrowings at fixed interest rate | 150 | 10.00% |
| Total | 18,654 | |

Bank loans and the liability component of the preference shares of the Group at 31 December 2010

| | Carrying amount | Average risk premium |
|---|--------------------|-------------------------|
| Borrowings at floating interest rate (based on 6-month Euribor) | 19,444 | 4.57% |
| Liability component of preference shares | 195 | 10.00% |
| Total | 19,639 | |

NOTE 11 Trade and other payables

| | 30 Sep 2011 | 31 Dec 2010 |
|-------------------------------------|--------------|--------------|
| Current liabilities | | |
| Trade payables | 7,515 | 4,355 |
| Tax liabilities, thereof | 1,346 | 1,610 |
| Personal income tax | 185 | 158 |
| Social security taxes | 432 | 429 |
| Value added tax | 660 | 840 |
| Corporate income tax liability | 2 | 117 |
| Other taxes | 67 | 66 |
| Payables to employees ¹ | 988 | 767 |
| Other accrued expenses ² | 26 | 105 |
| Customer prepayments | 17 | 40 |
| Other current payables | 58 | 104 |
| Total | 9,950 | 6,981 |
| Non-current liabilities | | |
| Other liabilities ³ | 4 | 37 |

¹Payables to employees consist of accrued wages and salaries and vacation accrual.

²Accrued expenses consist of dividend payable in the amount of 1 thousand euros (31 December 2010: 1 thousand euros), interest payable in the amount of 21 thousand euros (31 December 2010: 28 thousand euros) and other accrued expenses in the amount of 4 thousand euros (31 December 2010: 76 thousand euros).

³Other non-current liabilities consist of deferred income.

Trade payables by denominating currency

| | 30 Sep 2011 | 31 Dec 2010 |
|----------------------|--------------|--------------|
| EUR (euro) | 4,583 | 933 |
| USD (US dollar) | 2,647 | 1,705 |
| RUB (Russian rouble) | 38 | 125 |
| PLN (Polish zloty) | 107 | 164 |
| LVL (Latvian lat) | 51 | 44 |
| LTL (Lithuanian lit) | 46 | 82 |
| EEK (Estonian kroon) | 0 | 1,280 |
| Other currencies | 43 | 22 |
| Total | 7,515 | 4,355 |

NOTE 12 Equity**Share capital**

| | 30 Sep 2011 | 31 Dec 2010 |
|------------------------------|-------------|-------------|
| Share capital | 25,056 | 20,129 |
| Number of shares | 35,794,850 | 31,494,850 |
| Nominal value of shares, EUR | 0.70 | 0.64 |
| Statutory reserve | 652 | 1,192 |
| Revaluation surplus | 1,592 | 1,592 |

Under the Articles of Association, the company's minimum share capital is 10,000 thousand euros and the maximum share capital is 40,000 thousand euros. All shares have been paid for.

The annual general meeting of the shareholders of AS Baltika that convened on 11 May 2011 decided to convert the share capital of the Company and the par value of the shares from kroons to euros as on 1 January 2011, the Republic of Estonia joined the Euro area. In order to undertake the conversion of the share capital to euros, the general meeting decided to increase the share capital without making any additional contributions (through a bonus issue) by 1,917 thousand euros. Concurrently with the conversion of the share capital of the Company into euros, the general meeting resolved to undertake the conversion of the present nominal value of 10 kroons into euros and the increase of the nominal value by 0.06 euros for each share. The new nominal value of the share shall be 0.70 euro.

The annual general meeting, resolved to cancel 4,000,000 preference shares and convert them into ordinary shares and decided to issue additional 4,300,000 ordinary shares, as well.

Change in the number of shares

| | Issue | Number of shares |
|---|---------------------------------|-------------------|
| Number of shares at 31 Dec 2009, thereof | | 22,644,850 |
| Ordinary shares | | 18,644,850 |
| Preference shares | | 4,000,000 |
| Issued at 21 June 2010 | Issue of ordinary shares | 8,850,000 |
| Number of shares at 31 Dec 2010, thereof | | 31,494,850 |
| Ordinary shares | | 27,494,850 |
| Preference shares | | 4,000,000 |
| Cancelled at 31 May 2011 | Cancelling of preference shares | -4,000,000 |
| Issued at 31 May 2011 | Issue of ordinary shares | 4,000,000 |
| Issued at 3 August 2011 | Issue of ordinary shares | 4,300,000 |
| Number of shares at 30 Sep 2011 | | 35,794,850 |

Shareholders at 30 September 2011

| | Number of shares | Holding |
|--|-------------------|----------------|
| ING Luxembourg S.A. | 7,590,914 | 21.21% |
| E. Miroglio S.A. | 4,968,330 | 13.88% |
| BMIG OÜ | 4,750,033 | 13.27% |
| Skandinaviska Enskilda Banken Ab clients | 3,591,060 | 10.03% |
| Svenska Handelsbanken clients | 1,900,000 | 5.31% |
| Clearstream Banking Luxembourg S.A. clients | 1,843,979 | 5.15% |
| Members of management and supervisory boards and persons related to them | | |
| Meelis Milder | 726,336 | 2.03% |
| Maire Milder | 316,083 | 0.88% |
| Boriss Loifenfeld | 200,366 | 0.56% |
| Andrew Paterson | 11,000 | 0.03% |
| Other shareholders | 9,896,749 | 27.65% |
| Total | 35,794,850 | 100.00% |

Shareholders at 31 December 2010 (ordinary shares)

| | Number of shares | Holding |
|--|-------------------------|----------------|
| BMIG OÜ | 4,624,860 | 16.82% |
| ING Luxembourg S.A. | 3,250,000 | 11.82% |
| E. Miroglio S.A. | 3,000,000 | 10.91% |
| Skandinaviska Enskilda Banken Ab clients | 2,967,347 | 10.79% |
| Svenska Handelsbanken clients | 1,965,000 | 7.15% |
| Members of management and supervisory boards and persons related to them | | |
| Meelis Milder | 726,336 | 2.64% |
| Maire Milder | 316,083 | 1.15% |
| Boriss Loifenfeld | 200,366 | 0.73% |
| Ülle Järv | 13,850 | 0.05% |
| Andrew Paterson | 11,000 | 0.04% |
| Other shareholders | 10,420,008 | 37.90% |
| Total | 27,494,850 | 100.00% |

The 35,794,850 ordinary shares of the Parent company are listed on the Tallinn Stock Exchange. The Parent company does not have a controlling shareholder or any shareholders jointly controlling the entity. The investment company OÜ BMIG is under the control of the management board members of the Parent company.

NOTE 13 Segments

The Group's chief operating decision maker is the management board of the Parent company AS Baltika. The Parent company's management board reviews the Group's internal reporting in order to assess performance and allocate resources. Management board has determined the operating segments based on these reports.

Parent company's management board assesses the performance from operations area perspective i.e. the performance of retail, wholesale and real estate management is assessed. Retail is further evaluated on a geographic basis. The retail segments are countries which have been aggregated to reportable segments by regions which share similar economic characteristics and meet other aggregation criteria provided in IFRS 8:

- Baltic region consists of operations in Estonia, Latvia and Lithuania;
- Eastern European region consists of operations in Russia and Ukraine;
- Central European region consists of operations in Poland.

The Parent company's management board assesses the performance of the operating segments based on a measure of external revenue and segment profit. External revenue amounts provided to management board are measured in a manner consistent with that of the financial statements. The segment profit is an internal measure used in the internally generated reports to assess the performance of the segments and comprises segment's gross profit less operating expenses directly attributable to the segment, except for other operating income and expenses. The amounts provided to management board with respect to inventories are measured in a manner consistent with that of the financial statements. The segment inventories include those operating inventories directly attributable to the segment or those that can be allocated to the particular segment based on the operations of the segment and the physical location of the inventories.

The segment information provided to the management board for the reportable segments for the period ended at 30 September 2011 and at 30 September 2010 is as follows

| | Retail Baltic region | Retail Eastern Europe | Retail Central Europe | Whole- sale¹ | Real estate manage- ment | Total |
|-------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|--------------------------------------|--------------------------------------|------------------------------------|---|--------------|
| 9M 2011 and at 30 Sep 2011 | | | | | | |
| Revenue (from external customers) | 22,233 | 12,320 | 738 | 2,283 | 350 | 37,924 |
| Segment profit (loss) ² | 3,208 | 64 | -327 | 684 | 323 | 3,952 |
| Incl. depreciation and amortisation | -766 | -519 | -31 | 0 | 0 | -1,316 |
| Inventories of segments | 4,012 | 2,506 | 10 | 0 | 0 | 6,528 |

9M 2010 and at 30 Sep 2010

| | | | | | | |
|-------------------------------------|--------|--------|-------|-------|-----|--------|
| Revenue (from external customers) | 20,510 | 12,741 | 1,065 | 2,537 | 271 | 37,124 |
| Segment profit (loss) ² | 1,747 | 194 | -400 | 549 | 204 | 2,294 |
| Incl. depreciation and amortisation | -942 | -651 | -108 | -18 | 0 | -1,719 |
| Inventories of segments | 3,340 | 2,007 | 189 | 0 | 0 | 5,536 |

¹The wholesale revenue includes the sale of goods, materials and sewing services.

²The segment profit is the segment operating profit, excluding other operating expenses and income.

Reconciliation of segment profit to consolidated operating profit

| | 9M 2011 | 9M 2010 |
|--|----------------|----------------|
| Total profit for reportable segments | 3,952 | 2,294 |
| Unallocated expenses ¹ : | | |
| Distribution costs | -4,352 | -4,592 |
| Administrative and general expenses | -2,122 | -2,099 |
| Other operating income (expenses), net | -404 | 140 |
| Operating profit (loss) | -2,926 | -4,258 |

¹Unallocated expenses include the expenses of the parent company and production companies which are not allocated to the reportable segments in internal reporting.

Reconciliation of segment inventories to consolidated inventories

| | 30 Sep 2011 | 31 Dec 2010 | 30 Sep 2011 |
|--|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|
| Total inventories of segments | 6,528 | 5,043 | 5,536 |
| Inventories in Parent company and production companies | 7,150 | 5,761 | 5,618 |
| Inventories on balance sheet | 13,678 | 10,804 | 11,154 |

NOTE 14 Revenue

| | 9M 2011 | 9M 2010 |
|-------------------------|----------------|----------------|
| Sale of goods | 37,489 | 36,748 |
| Lease revenue | 350 | 271 |
| Sale of sewing services | 61 | 72 |
| Other | 24 | 33 |
| Total | 37,924 | 37,124 |

NOTE 15 Cost of goods sold

| | 9M 2011 | 9M 2010 |
|--|----------------|----------------|
| Materials and supplies | 15,119 | 15,308 |
| Payroll costs in production | 2,262 | 2,331 |
| Operating lease expenses | 512 | 326 |
| Other production costs | 271 | 444 |
| Depreciation of assets used in production (Note 8,9) | 172 | 190 |
| Change in inventories | 25 | 122 |
| Change in allowance for inventories | -320 | -320 |
| Total | 18,041 | 18,401 |

NOTE 16 Distribution costs

| | 9M 2011 | 9M 2010 |
|--|----------------|----------------|
| Operating lease expenses | 7,737 | 8,185 |
| Payroll costs | 7,503 | 7,477 |
| Depreciation and amortisation (Note 8,9) | 1,425 | 1,813 |

| | | |
|--|---------------|---------------|
| Advertising expenses | 890 | 814 |
| Fuel, heating and electricity costs | 534 | 496 |
| Fees for card payments | 273 | 261 |
| Financial and management fees | 203 | 188 |
| Municipal services and security expenses | 202 | 197 |
| Freight costs | 181 | 171 |
| Information technology expenses | 152 | 151 |
| Travel expenses | 146 | 119 |
| Communication expenses | 124 | 132 |
| Bank fees | 71 | 95 |
| Renovation expenses of retail outlets | 68 | 55 |
| Packaging costs | 66 | 70 |
| Training expenses | 41 | 34 |
| Impairment of trade receivables | 28 | 0 |
| Expenses for uniforms | 12 | 32 |
| Other sales expenses ¹ | 627 | 731 |
| Total | 20,283 | 21,021 |

¹Other sales expenses consist of insurance and customs expenses, impairment of trade receivables and service fees connected to administration of market organisations.

NOTE 17 Administrative and general expenses

| | 9M 2011 | 9M 2010 |
|--|--------------|--------------|
| Payroll costs ¹ | 977 | 984 |
| Depreciation and amortisation (Note 8,9) | 281 | 278 |
| Information technology expenses | 202 | 196 |
| Bank fees | 199 | 148 |
| Fuel, heating and electricity expenses | 68 | 63 |
| Training expenses | 42 | 13 |
| Operating lease expenses | 34 | 47 |
| Communication expenses | 33 | 15 |
| Sponsorship | 31 | 34 |
| Municipal services and security expenses | 19 | 19 |
| Travel expenses | 8 | 2 |
| Other administrative expenses ² | 228 | 300 |
| Total | 2,122 | 2,099 |

¹Payroll costs include payroll expenses for employee services received under the share options programme in amount 101 thousand euros (2010: 67 thousand euros).

²Other administrative expenses consist of insurance and office expenses and fees connected to auditing, accounting, management, consulting and other services.

NOTE 18 Other operating income

| | 9M 2011 | 9M 2010 |
|--------------------------------------|-----------|------------|
| Foreign exchange income | 0 | 119 |
| Gain from sale of non-current assets | 2 | 18 |
| Other operating income ¹ | 21 | 261 |
| Total | 23 | 398 |

¹Other income includes the profit from the sale of trademarks MasCara and Herold in amount of 256 thousand euros in 2010.

NOTE 19 Other operating expenses

| | 9M 2011 | 9M 2010 |
|--|----------------|----------------|
| Foreign exchange losses | 320 | 0 |
| Loss from sale and writing off of non-current assets | 15 | 74 |
| Fines, penalties and tax interest | 25 | 74 |
| Representation costs | 6 | 3 |
| Other operating expenses | 61 | 107 |
| Total | 427 | 258 |

NOTE 20 Finance income and costs

| | 9M 2011 | 9M 2010 |
|----------------------------------|----------------|----------------|
| Interest income | 0 | 1 |
| Interest costs | -936 | -881 |
| Foreign exchange income (losses) | -92 | 160 |
| Other finance income | 1 | 0 |
| Other finance costs | -2 | 0 |
| Total | -1,029 | -720 |

NOTE 21 Earnings per share**Basic earnings per share**

| | | 9M 2011 | 9M 2010 |
|--|------------|----------------|----------------|
| Weighted average number of shares | pcs | 30,212,174 | 21,889,850 |
| Net profit (loss) attributable to equity holders of the parent | | -3,980 | -5,062 |
| Basic earnings per share | EUR | -0.13 | -0.23 |

Diluted earnings per share

| | | 9M 2011 | 9M 2010 |
|--|------------|----------------|----------------|
| Weighted average number of shares | pcs | 30,212,174 | 21,889,850 |
| Net profit (loss) attributable to equity holders of the parent | | -3,980 | -5,062 |
| Diluted earnings per share | EUR | -0.13 | -0.23 |

In view of the fact that the Group does not have dilutive potential ordinary shares or dilutive adjustments to earnings as at 30 September 2011 and 30 September 2010, diluted earnings per share equal basic earnings per share.

The average price (arithmetic average based on daily closing prices) of AS Baltika share on the Tallinn Stock Exchange in six months of 2011 was 0.95 euros (2010: 0.74 euros).

NOTE 22 Related parties

For the purpose of these financial statements, parties are considered to be related if one party has the ability to control the other party, is under common control, or can exercise significant influence over the financial and management decisions of the other one in accordance with IAS 24, Related Party Disclosures. Not only the legal form of the transactions and mutual relationships, but also their actual substance has been taken into consideration when defining related parties.

For the reporting purposes in consolidated annual statements of the Group, the following entities have been considered related parties:

- owners, that have either significant influence or control, generally implying an ownership interest of 20% or more;
- members of the management, the management board and the supervisory council;
- close family members of the persons stated above;
- entities under the control or significant influence of the members of the management board and supervisory council.

Transactions with related parties

| | 9M 2011 | 9M 2010 |
|-----------------------|------------------|------------------|
| | Purchases | Purchases |
| Purchases of goods | 322 | 231 |
| Purchases of services | 168 | 163 |
| Total | 490 | 394 |

AS Baltika has purchased materials for production and management services from the parties related with members of the management board and the supervisory council.

Balances with related parties

| | 30 Sep 2011 | 31 Dec 2010 |
|----------------|--------------------|--------------------|
| Trade payables | 99 | 86 |

Convertible bonds

The annual general meeting held on 18 June 2009 decided that 1,850,000 convertible bonds (G-bonds) with a par value of 0.0064 euros should be issued within the framework of the Group's management incentive program. Each bond entitles its holder to subscribe for one share of the company with a nominal value of 0.70 euros. The share subscription period for G-bonds shall be from 1 July 2012 until 31 December 2012. The share subscription price is 0.77 euros. Totally were subscribed 1,842 500 bonds.

| | Issue date | Bond conversion period | Number of convertible bonds 30 Sept 2011 | Number of convertible bonds 31 Dec 2010 |
|--------|-------------------|-------------------------------|---|--|
| G-Bond | 30.06.2009 | 01.07.2012-31.12.2012 | 1,842,500 | 1,842,500 |