

# Consolidated and Parent Company Financial Statements of AS Eesti Telekom Ltd 2001

# Consolidated and Parent Company Financial Statements

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# Income statements for the year ended 31 December 2001

Financial statements are prepared in thousands of kroons (EEK)

		CONSOLIDATED		PARENT COMPANY		
	Note	2001	2000	2001	2000	
			Restated		Restated	
Revenue						
Net sales	3 (a)	4,154,438	3,930,154	-	-	
Change in work-in-progress		529	(492)	-	-	
Capitalized self-constructed assets		87,112	-	-	-	
Other revenue	3 (b)	42,461	43,830	236	303	
Total revenue		4,284,540	3,973,492	236	303	
Operating expenses						
Materials, consumables, supplies and services		(1,290,730)	(931,909)	-	-	
Other operating expenses		(494,962)	(442,935)	(9,471)	(15,200)	
Personnel expenses	3 (c)	(534,754)	(484,444)	(8,731)	(13,067)	
Other expenses	3 (d)	(33,118)	(36,160)	(1,964)	(3,447)	
Total operating expenses	_	(2,353,564)	(1,895,448)	(20,166)	(31,714)	
Profit (loss) from operations before depreciation		1,930,976	2,078,044	(19,930)	(31,411)	
Depreciation and amortisation	3 (e), 5, 7	(1,135,661)	(969,305)	(1,266)	(1,003)	
Profit (loss) from operations	_	795,315	1,108,739	(21,196)	(32,414)	
Income (+) / expenses (-) from subsidiaries and associates $% \left( \frac{1}{2}\right) =\frac{1}{2}\left( \frac{1}{2$		26,828	(310)	806,409	1,097,517	
Other net financing items	3 (f)	(11,719)	(11,854)	24,654	25,773	
Profit before tax	_	810,424	1,096,575	809,867	1,090,876	
Income tax expense on dividends	4	(30,932)	(54,349)	(30,932)	(54,265)	
Profit after tax		779,492	1,042,226	778,935	1,036,611	
Minority interest	_	(557)	(5,615)		-	
Net profit from ordinary activities		778,935	1,036,611	778,935	1,036,611	
Extraordinary income	4	-	85,197	-	85,197	
Net profit for the period	2 (a)	778,935	1,121,808	778,935	1,121,808	
Earnings per share	15 (f)					
Basic earnings per share (in kroons)		5.67	8.17	5.67	8.17	
Diluted earnings per share (in kroons)		5.67	8.17	5.67	8.17	

## Balance sheets as at 31 December 2001

Financial statements are prepared in thousands of kroons (EEK)

		CONSO	LIDATED	PARENT	COMPANY
	Note	2001	2000	2001	2000
			Restated		Restated
ASSETS					
Non-current assets					
Property, plant and equipment	5	3,043,869	3,234,088	2,300	3,769
Goodwill	7	14,814	26,796	-	-
Licenses, patents and trademarks	7	41,325	40,807	997	1,381
Investments in subsidiaries and associates	8 - 9	17,940	17,849	2,920,218	2,883,393
Other investments	10	2,758	9,071	1,200	1,200
Other non-current assets	11 (a)	5,766	2,292	329,208	355,037
Total non-current assets	_	3,126,472	3,330,903	3,253,923	3,244,780
Current assets					
Inventories	12	104,013	149,223	1	14
Trade and other receivables	11 (b)	541,440	529,642	187,189	233,946
Cash and cash equivalents	13	464,217	609,743	178,149	214,245
Total current assets		1,109,670	1,288,608	365,339	448,205
Total assets	2 (b)	4,236,142	4,619,511	3,619,262	3,692,985
<b>EQUITY AND LIABILITIES</b>					
Capital and reserves	15				
Issued capital		1,373,833	1,373,833	1,373,833	1,373,833
Reserves		447,348	434,927	447,348	434,927
Accumulated profits	_	1,794,170	1,783,273	1,794,170	1,783,273
Total capital and reserves	_	3,615,351	3,592,033	3,615,351	3,592,033
Minority interest					
Subsidiary companies	_	-	8,193	-	-
Total minority interests	_	-	8,193	-	<u>-</u>
Non-current liabilities					
Interest-bearing loans and borrowings	16 (a), 17, 18	49,115	200,978	454	-
Total non-current liabilities	_	49,115	200,978	454	_
Current liabilities	_				
Trade and other payables	19	483,510	656,915	3,457	3,827
Interest-bearing loans and					
borrowings	16 (b), 17	88,166 <b>574</b> 676	161,392		97,125
Total current liabilities	2 (5)	571,676	818,307	3,457	100,952
Total equity and liabilities	2 (b)	4,236,142	4,619,511	3,619,262	3,692,985

# Statements of changes in equity as at 31 December 2001

Financial statements are prepared in thousands of kroons (EEK)

		capital	Rese	erves		Total
	Note		Share premium	Legal reserves	Accumulated profits	
31 December 1999		1,373,833	309,964	56,851	1,279,120	3,019,768
Amounts transferred to legal reserve		-	-	68,112	(68,112)	-
Dividends paid	15	-	-	-	(549,543)	(549,543)
Net profit for the period		-	-	-	1,121,808	1,121,808
31 December 2000		1,373,833	309,964	124,963	1,783,273	3,592,033
Amounts transferred to legal reserve	15	-	-	12,421	(12,421)	-
Dividends paid	15	-	-	-	(755,617)	(755,617)
Net profit for the period		-	-	-	778,935	778,935
31 December 2001		1,373,833	309,964	137,384	1,794,170	3,615,351

# Cash flow statements for the year ended 31 December 2001

Financial statements are prepared in thousands of kroons (EEK)

		CONS	SOLIDATED	PAREN	T COMPANY
	Note	2001	2000	2001	2000
			Restated		Restated
Cash flow from operating activities					
Profit before taxation and minority interest		810,424	1,096,575	809,867	1,090,876
Adjustments for:					
Depreciation and amortisation		1,135,661	969,305	1,266	1,003
Profit (-) / loss (+) from sales and write-off of fixed assets		1,473	(3,704)	240	88
Income (+) / expense (-) from subsidiaries and associated companies		(26,828)	310	(806,409)	(1,097,517)
Profit (-) / loss (+) from revaluation of investments	10	7,823	_	_	_
Interest income/expense net	3	(3,070)	280	(30,149)	(26,647)
Other non-cash adjustments	3	(309)	(685)	110	(20,047)
Operating profit before working capital changes		1,925,174	2,062,081	(25,075)	(32,197)
		(56,615)	1,140	(137)	(32,197)
Change in current receivables		45,210	(7,567)	13	(37)
Change in inventories		· ·	, ,		_
Change in current liabilities	_	(159,419) 1,754,350	188,677 2,244,331	1,636	(246)
Cash generated from operations			· ·	(23,563)	(32,474)
Interest paid		(15,179)	(22,219)	(1,080)	0.050
Income tax paid (-) / received (+)	_	4 700 474	(50,718)	(0.4.0.40)	3,956
Net cash from operating activities		1,739,171	2,171,394	(24,643)	(28,518)
Cash flow used in investing activities					
Purchase of property, plant and equipment		(914,606)	(1,206,949)	(419)	(1,679)
Purchase of licenses		(35,928)	(31,842)	(1,299)	(130)
Acquisition of subsidiaries, net of cash acquired	22	(14,486)	(12,000)	-	-
Acquisition of associated companies	9	(6,000)	(17,409)	-	-
Purchase of investments, shares and other Proceeds from sales of property, plant and	10	(1,510)	(8,183)	-	(360)
equipment		11,426	10,686	671	219
Proceeds from sales of investments	23	43,500	-	-	-
Loans granted		(4,770)	(91)	(318,911)	(360,534)
Cash receipts from repayment of loans		84	210	358,802	205,057
Dividends received		181	7	769,584	620,046
Interest received	_	19,487	22,198	35,311	29,833
Net cash used in investing activities		(902,622)	(1,243,373)	843,739	492,452
Cash flow used in financing activities					
Proceeds from long-term debt		440	-	440	-
Repayment of long-term debt		(15)	-	(15)	-
Issuance of unsecured short-term bonds		` ,	94,251	· ,	94,251
Repayment of unsecured short-term bonds		(100,000)	, <u>-</u>	(100,000)	· -
Proceeds form non-convertible long-term debt		7	-	-	_
Repayment of non-convertible long-term debt		(5,223)	(6,971)	_	_
Repayment of long-term borrowings	17	(105,038)	(334,989)	_	_
Settlement of finance lease liabilities	16	(16,629)	(6,024)	_	_
Proceeds from short-term borrowings	10	78,233	(0,021)	78,233	_
· ·		(78,233)	_	(78,233)	_
Repayment of short-term borrowings		(755,617)	(549,543)	(755,617)	(549,543)
Dividends paid to minority shareholders		(755,017)	(320)	(755,017)	(343,343)
Dividends paid to minority shareholders  Net cash used in financing activities	_	(982,075)	<del></del>	(855,192)	(455,292)
<u>-</u>	_	(902,073)	(803,596)	(000, 192)	(455,292)
Net increase/ decrease in cash and cash equivalents	_	(145,526)	124,425	(36,096)	8,642
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year	13	609,743	485,318	214,245	205,603
Cash and cash equivalents at end of	13	464,217	609,743	178,149	214,245

## 1. Significant accounting policies

The significant accounting policies adopted in the preparation of the financial statements of AS Eesti Telekom (the parent company) and its subsidiary companies (together referred as the Group) are set out below. The financial statements were authorised for issue by the Supervisory Council on the 24<sup>th</sup> of April 2002.

#### Statement of compliance

The consolidated financial statements of the Group and the financial statements of the parent company are prepared in accordance with the accounting standards issued by the International Accounting Standards Committee.

The financial statements present fairly the financial position, financial performance and cash flows of the enterprise.

#### Measurement basis

Historical cost has been used as the general measurement basis.

#### **Principles of consolidation**

The consolidated financial statements include all subsidiaries that are controlled by the parent company. When an entity began or ceased to be controlled during the year, the results are included only from the date control commenced or up to the date control ceased. Control is presumed to exist where more than one half of a subsidiary's voting power is controlled by the parent company, or the parent company is able to govern the financial and operation policies of a subsidiary, or control the removal or appointment of a majority of a subsidiary's board of directors.

All inter-company transactions and balances have been eliminated.

Minority interests in the equity and results of the entities that are controlled by the parent company are shown as a separate item in the consolidated financial statements.

## Foreign currency

Transactions in foreign currencies are translated at the rate of exchange ruling at the transaction date. At the balance sheet date, foreign currency monetary assets and liabilities are translated at the rate of exchange ruling at that date. Resulting exchange differences are recognised in the income statement for the year.

## Hedging

Foreign exchange contracts are accounted for as a hedge when the contracts are entered into with the intention to hedge other transactions with a high degree of correlation with the hedging instruments. The gain or loss arising from the settlement of the contracts will be recognise as income or expense at the same time as when the transaction being hedged is realised.

## **Shares and Other Securities**

Shares and other securities which are intended to be disposed during the following financial year and which maturity date is one year or less from the balance sheet date are recorded as short-term financial investments. Short-term financial investments are recorded on the Balance Sheet at lower of cost or net realizable value and the change in value is recorded as financial income and expense in the Income Statement.

#### Receivables

Receivables recorded on the Balance Sheet are valued based on the probability of receiving payment. Accounts receivable, which are not expected to be collected, are expensed during the financial year and reported on the Balance Sheet under the heading "Allowance for doubtful receivables". Receivables, the collection of which is not feasible or economically justified, are considered to be uncollectible and written-off from the Balance Sheet. Previously expensed receivables, which were collected during the financial year, are recorded on the same expense account as a reverse entry.

#### Property, plant and equipment

Items of property, plant and equipment are stated at the lower of historical cost and recoverable amount and are depreciated using the straight-line method over their estimated useful lives. When the recoverable amount of an asset has declined below its carrying amount, the carrying amount is reduced to reflect the decline in value. In determining the recoverable amount of assets, expected cash flows are discounted to their present values. Freehold land is not depreciated. Fixed assets are recorded at acquisition cost, which comprises of purchase price, non-refundable taxes and other expenditures directly related to taking the fixed asset object into use. The cost of property, plant and equipment constructed by the company includes the cost of materials and direct labour.

Expenditure on repairs or maintenance of property, plant and equipment made to restore or maintain future economic benefits expected from the assets is recognised as an expense when incurred.

The rates of depreciation used are as follows:

Buildings 3 - 8%
Plant and equipment 15 - 40%
Furniture, fixtures and fittings 10 - 50%

Assets are depreciated from the date of acquisition or, in respect of internally constructed assets, from the time an asset is completed and ready for use.

#### Leased assets

Leases of plant and equipment under which the Group assumes substantially all the risks and rewards incidental to ownership are classified as finance leases. Other leases are classified as operating leases.

Finance leases are recognised in the balance sheet by recording an assets and a liability equal to the present value of minimum lease payments at the inception of the lease. Capitalised leased assets are depreciated in accordance with the depreciation policy noted above, with the depreciation period being the estimated useful life of the asset. Lease liabilities are reduced by repayments of principal, whilst the finance charge component of the lease payment is charged directly to income.

Payments made under operating leases are charged to income in equal instalments over the accounting period covered by the lease term.

#### Goodwill

Goodwill represents the excess of the cost of acquisition over the fair value of the net identifiable assets acquired of a controlled entity. Goodwill is recognised as an asset in the Group's consolidated financial statements and is amortised on a straight-line basis. The period of amortisation is the period of time during which benefits are expected to arise and does not exceed 5 years.

#### Licenses, patents and trademarks

Licenses, patents and trademarks are stated at the lower of historical cost and recoverable amount and are amortised using the straight line method over their estimated useful lives (over five years, as a rule).

#### Research and development

Development costs are charged as an expense in the income statement in the period in which they are incurred. If, in exceptional cases, development costs are capitalized, they are amortized over five years.

#### Investments

Valuation

Investments classified as current assets are carried at the lower of cost or market value if the latter is determinable.

Investments classified as non-current assets are carried at cost, less amounts written off to recognise other than temporary declines in the value of the investment.

Disposals

On disposal of an in investment, the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount is charged or credited to income.

#### Associates

Investments in associates are accounted for under the equity method of accounting.

An associate is an enterprise in which the Group holds, directly or indirectly, more than 20% of the voting power of the enterprise, or where the Group exercises significant influence over the enterprise, but is not subject to control by the Group.

A listing of Group's significant associates and information about there are set out in note 9.

#### Subsidiaries

Investments in subsidiaries are presented in the parent company's financial statements and accounted for under the equity method of accounting.

A listing of the Group's subsidiaries is set out in note 8.

Other long-term financial Investments

Miscellaneous long-term receivables and loans are valued individually and recorded based on the probability of receiving payment according to the prudence principle.

#### Portfolio investments

Portfolio investments are valued at the lower of cost or net realisable value. Information about portfolio investments is set out in note 10.

#### **Inventories**

Inventories are carried at the lower of cost and net realisable value.

Cost is based on the weighted average cost principle in AS EMT and on the first-in, first-out principle in AS Eesti Telefon and includes expenditure incurred in acquiring the inventories and bringing them to their existing condition and location.

Net realisable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business, less the estimated costs of completion and the estimated costs necessary to make the sale.

#### **Taxation**

The Income Tax Act that became effective in Estonia on 1 January 2000 replaces the taxation of earnings with the taxation of dividend distributions and other payments that have the characteristics of a profit distribution. Because of fundamental changes in the principles of taxation, the term *tax base of assets and liabilities* will lose its substance and deferred income tax assets and liabilities defined in IAS 12 can no longer arise.

## Liabilities

Liabilities with payment terms over one year after the end of the balance sheet date are considered to be long-term liabilities. Other liabilities are reported as short-term liabilities.

Liabilities which have arisen during the financial year or prior periods, which have legal or contractual basis, which are expected to result in the outflow of resources and which can be reliably measured but for which the actual payment amount and payment date has not been definitely determined, are recorded as provisions on the Balance Sheet. Provisions are measured based on the management's estimates, experience and when necessary the assessments of independent experts.

Potential liabilities, guarantees and warranties are disclosed in the Notes to the Financial Statements as contingent liabilities.

Vacation payment expenses are recorded in the period the vacation has been earned which means when the right to claim the vacation by an employee occurs. Vacation payment earned or the change is recorded in the Income Statement as an expense and on the Balance Sheet as a short-term liability.

Borrowing costs are recognised as an expense in the period in which they are incurred.

The discounted pension liability has been calculated using actuarial assumptions.

Termination benefits are recognised as liabilities and as expenses when and only when the company is demonstrably committed to terminate employment contracts before the employees' normal retirement dates. An enterprise is demonstrably committed to a termination when, and only when, the enterprise has a detailed formal plan for the termination and is without realistic possibility of withdrawal.

#### Revenue recognition

In relation to the rendering of services, revenue is recognised when no significant uncertainties remain concerning the derivation of consideration or associated costs.

In relation to the sale of goods, revenue is recognised when the significant risks and rewards of ownership have been transferred to the buyer, and no significant uncertainties remain regarding the derivation of consideration, associated costs or the possible return of goods.

Interest, royalties and dividends arising from the use by others of the Group's resources are recognised when it is probable that the economic benefits associated with the transaction will flow to the Group and the revenue can be measured reliably. Interest income is recognised as it accrues (taking into account the effective yield on the asset) unless collectibility is in doubt. Royalty income is recognised on an accrual basis in accordance with the substance of the relevant agreement. Dividend income is recognised when the shareholder's right to receive payment is established.

#### **Segment information**

A business segment is a distinguishable component of the Group that is engaged in providing a group of related services or products and that is subject to risks and returns that are different from those of other business segments. Two major segments, fixed line and mobile telecommunication services are distinguished in the consolidated financial statement.

Segment expense is expense resulting from the operating activities of a segment that is directly attributable to the segment. Segment expense does not include extraordinary items, interest or income tax expense.

Segments result is segment revenue less segment expense. Segment result is determined before any adjustments for minority interest.

Segment assets are those operating assets that are employed by a segment in its operating activities and that are directly attributable to the segment.

Segment liabilities are those operating activities of a segment and that are directly attributable to the segment.

Capital expenditure represents the total cost incurred during the period to acquire segment assets that are expected to be used during more than one period (property, plant and equipment, and intangible assets).

## Reclassification

During 2001, the following comparative financial information has been reclassified:

	CONSOLIDATED	PARENT COMPANY
a) Income statement		
Operating expenses		
Materials, consumables, supplies and services		
Beginning balance	(925,884)	-
Reclassification	(6,025)	-
Reclassified balance	(931,909)	-
Other operating expenses		
Beginning balance	(427,007)	-
Reclassification	(15,928)	-
Reclassified balance	(442,935)	-
Personnel expenses		
Beginning balance	(484,494)	-
Reclassification	50	-
Reclassified balance	(484,444)	-
Other expenses		
Beginning balance	(58,062)	-
Reclassification	21,902	-
Reclassified balance	(36,160)	-
Income (+)/ expense (-) from subsidiaries and associates		
Beginning balance		1,097,574
Reclassification		(57)
Reclassified balance		1,097,517
Income tax expense on dividends		
Beginning balance	-	-
Reclassification	(54,349)	(54,265)
Reclassified balance	(54,349)	(54,265)
Minority interest		
Beginning balance	(5,642)	-
Reclassification	27	-
Reclassified balance	(5,615)	-
b) Balance sheet		
Assets		
Trade and other receivables		
Beginning balance	531,112	-
Reclassification	(1,470)	-
Reclassified balance	529,642	-
Liabilities Teachers that the constitution is a second transfer of the constitution of		
Trade and other payables	252.25	
Beginning balance	658,385	-
Reclassification	(1,470)	-
Reclassified balance	656,915	-

## 2. Segment information

A business segment is a distinguishable division of the Group that is engaged in providing a group of related services or products, and which is subject to risks and returns that are different from those of the other business segments.

Eesti Telekom Group activities have been divided into three segments: fixed network telecommunications, mobile telecommunications, and other activities.

<u>Fixed network telecommunications</u> – this segment deals with operating the national telecommunications network, with providing fixed telecommunication services and related value added services and to provide, produce, market and sell related services. The companies belonging to this segment group are AS Eesti Telefon, AS Telefonipood, and AS Connecto.

<u>Mobile telecommunications</u> – this segment deals with operating mobile networks and systems, and with producing, marketing and selling services related thereto. The companies belonging to this segment group are AS EMT, AS Esmofon, AS Esmofon Tartu, and AS Mobile Wholesale.

Other activities - this segment covers the activities of the parent company AS Eesti Telekom.

In 2001 report the structure of the segments information has been changed with the objective to provide data in more interest to investors. Year 2000 data were restated to make it comparable with 2001.

The segment turnovers presented in the report represent the inter-company income and expenses of the three segments. The inter-company turnovers of the companies belonging to the same segment have not been presented in this report.

Inter-company transactions were conducted under market terms.

## (a) Business segments

,,	Fixed notelecomm		Mot telecomm		Other activities		Elimina	ations	Consoli	dated
-	2001	2000	2001	2000	2001	2000	2001	2000	2001	2000
		Restated		Restated		Restated		Restated		Restated
Revenue										
Net sales	2,459,869	2,433,067	1,694,569	1,497,087	-	-	-	-	4,154,438	3,930,154
Other revenue	100,399	24,345	29,678	18,951	25	42	-	-	130,102	43,338
Inter-segment revenue	311,940	232,872	492,658	299,355	211	261	(804,809)	(532,488)	-	-
Total revenue	2,872,208	2,690,284	2,216,905	1,815,393	236	303	(804,809)	(532,488)	4,284,540	3,973,492
Operating expenses Materials, consumables, supplies and services Other operating	(695,131)	(474,414)	(595,599)	(457,495)	- (0.005)	- (44.000)	-	-	(1,290,730)	(931,909)
expenses	(371,843)	(330,760)	(114,154)	(97,507)	(8,965)	(14,668)	-	-	(494,962)	(442,935)
Personnel expenses	(420,713)	(398,165)	(105,310)	(73,212)	(8,731)	(13,067)	-	-	(534,754)	(484,444)
Other expenses	(15,489)	(24,121)	(15,665)	(8,592)	(1,964)	(3,447)	-	-	(33,118)	(36,160)
Inter-segment expenses  Total operating	(492,466)	(299,259)	(311,837)	(232,697)	(506)	(532)	804,809	532,488	-	-
, ,	(1,995,642)	(1,526,719)	(1,142,565)	(869,503)	(20,166)	(31,714)	804,809	532,488	(2,353,564)	(1,895,448)
Profit from operations before depreciation and amortisation	876,566	1,163,565	1,074,340	945,890	(19,930)	(31,411)	-	-	1,930,976	2,078,044
Depreciation and amortisation *)	(817,077)	(691,879)	(317,676)	(276,949)	(1,266)	(1,003)	358	526	(1,135,661)	(969,305)
Profit from operations	59,489	471,686	756,664	668,941	(21,196)	(32,414)	358	526	795,315	1,108,739
Income / (expenses) from subsidiaries and associated companies	28,664	(310)	(1,836)	-	806,409	1,097,517	(806,409)	(1,097,517)	26,828	(310)
Foreign exchange gain	113	630	-	(7)	107	(874)	-	-	220	(251)
Other financial income / (expenses)	(38,536)	(49,908)	2,050	11,658	24,547	26,647	-	-	(11,939)	(11,603)
Extraordinary income	-	-	-	-	-	85,197	-	-	-	85,197
Income tax on dividends	:		-	(84)	(30,932)	(54,265)	-	-	(30,932)	(54,349)
Minority interest	(557)	(4,632)		(983)	-			-	(557)	(5,615)
Net profit	49,173	417,466	756,878	679,525	778,935	1,121,808	(806,051) (	(1,096,991)	778,935	1,121,808

<sup>\*)</sup> Depreciation and amortisation includes value adjustments of reducing the carrying amount of property, plant and equipment to its recoverable amount. In 2001 a value adjustment of 94,000 thousand kroons was made.

## (b) Other information by segments

	Fixed ne telecomm						Eliminations		Consolidated	
	2001	2000	2001	2000	2001	2000	2001	2000	2001	2000
		Restated		Restated		Restated		Restated		Restated
Non-current assets	2,014,524	2,346,969	1,104,282	978,873	3,253,923	3,244,780	(3,246,257)	(3,239,719)	3,126,472	3,330,903
Current assets	444,914	469,043	551,359	615,217	365,339	448,205	(251,942)	(243,857)	1,109,670	1,288,608
Total assets	2,459,438	2,816,012	1,655,641	1,594,090	3,619,262	3,692,985	(3,498,199)	(3,483,576)	4,236,142	4,619,511
Capital and reserves	1,480,220	1,521,047	1,440,929	1,363,635	3,615,351	3,592,033	(2,921,149)	(2,884,682)	3,615,351	3,592,033
Minority interest	-	6,618	-	1,575	-	-	-	-	-	8,193
Non-current liabilities	365,439	547,041	8,330	8,974	454	-	(325,108)	(355,037)	49,115	200,978
Current liabilities	613,779	741,306	206,382	219,906	3,457	100,952	(251,942)	(243,857)	571,676	818,307
Total equity and liabilities	2,459,438	2,816,012	1,655,641	1,594,090	3,619,262	3,692,985	(3,498,199)	(3,483,576)	4,236,142	4,619,511
Capital expenditure	496,212	859,219	461,401	476,467	435	3,092	-	-	958,048	1,338,778

## 3. Additional information on the income statement

	CONSOLIDATED		PARENT	COMPANY
_	2001	2000	2001	2000
		Restated		Restated
Profit before tax was derived after				
including the following items:				
(a) Net sales				
Telecommunication services	3,824,462	3,633,174	-	-
Goods	245,607	228,583	-	-
Other services	53,045	21,079	-	-
Other net sales	31,324	47,318	-	-
Total _	4,154,438	3,930,154	-	-
(b) Other revenue				
Profit from sales of fixed assets	7,701	8,922	17	-
Foreign exchange gain	6,409	9,811	2	34
Prior period income	481	12,040	-	-
Interest on arrears and penalties	1,854	1,958	-	-
Other revenue	26,016	11,099	217	269
Total	42,461	43,830	236	303
(c) Personnel expenses				
Wages and salaries	(396,582)	(356,811)	(6,349)	(9,600)
Social charges	(133,547)	(121,637)	(2,255)	(3,358)
Pension expenses	-	-	-	-
Other personnel expenses	(4,625)	(5,996)	(127)	(109)
Total	(534,754)	(484,444)	(8,731)	(13,067)
(d) Other expenses	· ·	,	, , ,	, ,
Loss from sales of fixed assets	(427)	(159)	(247)	(30)
Write-off of fixed assets	(8,747)	(5,059)	(10)	(58)
Foreign exchange loss	(7,214)	(10,422)	(14)	(29)
Prior period expenses	-	(7,024)	-	-
Bad debts	-	(923)	-	-
Sponsorship	(9,082)	(10,167)	(1,312)	(3,164)
Local taxes	(318)	(263)	-	-
Other expenses	(7,330)	(2,143)	(381)	(166)
Total	(33,118)	(36,160)	(1,964)	(3,447)
(e) Depreciation and amortisation	(00,110)	(00,100)	(1,001)	(=, )
Depreciation and amortisation	(1,088,530)	(921,669)	(866)	(971)
Amortisation	(47,131)	(47,636)	(400)	(32)
Total	(1,135,661)	(969,305)	(1,266)	(1,003)
<del>-</del>	(1,100,001)	(000,000)	(1,200)	(1,000)
(f) Other net financing items Interest income	18,735	22,722	33,411	29,522
	(15,665)	•		
Interest expense	, ,	(23,002)	(3,262)	(2,875)
Net foreign exchange gain / loss	220	(251)	107	(874)
Other financial income	267	314	- (F. 000)	-
Other financial expenses  Total	(15,276)	(11,637)	(5,602)	-
1 Otal	(11,719)	(11,854)	24,654	25,773

## 4. Taxation

The Income Tax Act, which became effective in Estonia on 1 January 2000, replaced the taxation of earnings with the taxation of dividends distributed to individuals and non-residents, and other disbursements that have the characteristics of a profit distribution. Because of fundamental changes in the principles of taxation, the term "tax base of assets and liabilities" lost its substance and deferred tax assets and liabilities, as defined in IAS 12 Income Taxes can no longer arise.

At 31 December 1999 AS Eesti Telefon had an income tax receivable of 85,197 thousand kroons relating to the tax that was to be prepaid at prior dividend distributions. AS Eesti Telefon's sole shareholder is AS Eesti Telekom, a resident legal person. Therefore, a dividend distribution does not give rise to an income tax liability. At the preparation of the annual accounts for 1999 the Income Tax Act did not provide a mechanism for realising the asset and it was expensed as an extraordinary item.

The Amendment to the Income Tax Act, which became effective in summer 2000, allows AS Eesti Telekom to transfer its income tax receivable to the parent company who can offset it against the income tax payable on dividends.

The Amendment provided a mechanism for the realisation of an asset that had been expensed. In the annual financial statements for 2000, the amount has been recognised as extraordinary income.

AS Eesti Telekom used the transferred income tax receivable for the dividend tax settlement in amount of 54,265 thousand kroons in 2000 and in amount of 30,932 thousand kroons in 2001.

## Income tax expense on dividends

	CONS	OLIDATED	PARENT COMPANY		
	2001	2000	2001	2000	
Tax expense components:					
Current tax expense	-	(84)	-	-	
Usage of dividend tax receivables	(30,932)	(54,265)	(30,932)	(54,265)	
Income tax expense on dividends	(30,932)	(54,349)	(30,932)	(54,265)	

# 5. Property, plant and equipment

# (a) Consolidated

	Land and buildings	Plant and equipment	Other equipment and fixtures	Properties under construction	Advance payments for non-current assets	Total
At cost	_					
At 31 December 1999	743,050	4,684,684	257,389	22,485	33,814	5,741,422
Additions	39,997	1,142,842	135,963	940,907	15,936	2,275,645
Reconstruction	710	-	-	-	-	710
Disposals and written off (-)	(59,589)	(316,265)	(41,811)	-	-	(417,665)
Reclassification		-	-	(937,179)	(46,065)	(983,244)
At 31 December 2000	724,168	5,511,261	351,541	26,213	3,685	6,616,868
Additions	78,732	647,841	205,667	658,551	7,263	1,598,054
Reconstruction	315	-	-	-	-	315
Disposals and written off (-) Disposed of on disposal of a	(10,384)	(156,609)	(42,593)	-	-	(209,586)
subsidiary (-)	-	(2,788)	(9,490)	(539)	-	(12,817)
Reclassification		-	-	(668,054)	(9,536)	(677,590)
At 31 December 2001	792,831	5,999,705	505,125	16,171	1,412	7,315,244
Accumulated depreciation						
At 31 December 1999	(418,965)	(2,245,137)	(142,673)	-	-	(2,806,775)
Charge for the year Eliminated on disposals and	(38,530)	(812,367)	(70,772)	-	-	(921,669)
written off (-)	58,920	250,546	36,198	-	-	345,664
At 31 December 2000	(398,575)	(2,806,958)	(177,247)	-	-	(3,382,780)
Charge for the year Eliminated on disposals and	(54,927)	(935,015)	(98,588)	-	-	(1,088,530)
written off (-) Eliminated on disposal of a	9,457	146,910	36,638	-	-	193,005
subsidiary (-)		1,504	5,426	-	-	6,930
At 31 December 2001	(444,045)	(3,593,559)	(233,771)	-	-	(4,271,375)
Carrying amount						
At 31 December 2000	325,593	2,704,303	174,294	26,213	3,685	3,234,088
At 31 December 2001	348,786	2,406,146	271,354	16,171	1,412	3,043,869

<u>Note:</u> Depreciation and amortisation includes value adjustments of reducing the carrying amount of property, plant and equipment to its recoverable amount. In 2001 a value adjustment of 94,000 thousand kroons was made.

# (b) Parent company

	Plant and equipment	Other equipment and fixtures	Advance payments for non-current assets	Total
At cost				
At 31 December 1999	1,710	2,664	502	4,876
Additions	745	1,436	99	2,280
Disposals (-)	(580)	(124)	-	(704)
Written off (-)	-	(266)	-	(266)
Reclassification		-	(601)	(601)
At 31 December 2000	1,875	3,710	-	5,585
Additions	290	129	-	419
Disposals (-)	(1,031)	(530)	-	(1,561)
Written off (-)		(471)	-	(471)
At 31 December 2001	1,134	2,838	-	3,972
Accumulated depreciation				
At 31 December 1999	(612)	(896)	-	(1,508)
Charge for the year	(294)	(677)	-	(971)
Eliminated on disposals and written off (-)	425	238	-	663
At 31 December 2000	(481)	(1,335)	-	(1,816)
Charge for the year	(236)	(630)	-	(866)
Eliminated on disposals and written off (-)	353	657	-	1,010
At 31 December 2001	(364)	(1,308)	-	(1,672)
Carrying amount				
At 31 December 2000	1,394	2,375	-	3,769
At 31 December 2001	770	1,530	-	2,300

# 6. Leased plant and equipment (consolidated)

	Plant and
	equipment
At cost	
At 31 December 2000	21,258
Reclassification	(21,258)
At 31 December 2001	-
Accumulated depreciation	
At 31 December 2000	(1,452)
Reclassification	1,452
At 31 December 2001	-
Carrying amount	
At 31 December 2000	19,806
At 31 December 2001	

# 7. Intangible assets

	CO	NSOLIDATED		PARENT COM	1PANY
	Goodwill	Licenses,	Total	Licenses,	Tota
		patents and		patents and	
		trademarks		trademarks	
At cost					
At 31 December 1999	31,337	100,883	132,220	-	
Additions	12,535	33,132	45,667	1,413	1,413
Disposals (-)	-	(12,447)	(12,447)	-	
At 31 December 2000	43,872	121,568	165,440	1,413	1,413
Additions	2,625	34,644	37,269	16	16
Disposals (-)	-	(3,578)	(3,578)	-	-
At 31 December 2001	46,497	152,634	199,131	1,429	1,429
Accumulated depreciation					
At 31 December 1999	(7,166)	(55,166)	(62,332)	-	
Charge for the year	(9,910)	(37,726)	(47,636)	(32)	(32)
Eliminated on disposals and					
written off (-)	-	12,131	12,131		-
At 31 December 2000	(17,076)	(80,761)	(97,837)	(32)	(32)
Charge for the year	(14,606)	(32,525)	(47,131)	(400)	(400)
Eliminated on disposals and					
written off (-)	-	1,977	1,977	-	-
At 31 December 2001	(31,683)	(111,309)	(142,992)	(432)	(432)
Carrying amount					
At 31 December 2000	26,796	40,807	67,603	1,381	1,381
At 31 December 2001	14,814	41,325	56,139	997	997

## 8. Investments in subsidiaries

	Country of	Ownersh	ip interest	Principal activity	Owner
	incorporation	2001	2000	_	
AS Eesti Telefon	Estonia	100%	100%	Network services for operators, data communication and Internet products, voice communication solutions and Internet content services for business and residential customers	AS Eesti Telekom
AS Telefonipood	Estonia	100%	100%	Retail sales of telecommunication products and services	AS Eesti Telefon
AS Teabeliiin	Estonia	0%	60%	Information on phone numbers by phone	AS Eesti Telefon
AS Connecto	Estonia	100%	100%	Construction and maintenance of telecommunication networks	AS Eesti Telefon
AS EMT	Estonia	100%	100%	Construction and operating of mobile networks, providing mobile communication services	AS Eesti Telekom
AS Esmofon	Estonia	100%	100%	Retail sales of telecommunication products and services	AS EMT
AS Esmofon Tartu	Estonia	100%	68%	Retail sales of telecommunication products and services	AS EMT
AS Mobile Wholesale	Estonia	100%	100%	Wholesale of mobile phones	AS EMT

In February 2001, AS Esmofon acquired an additional 32% of AS Esmofon Tartu shares, thereby becoming 100% shareholder of AS Esmofon Tartu. (See also note 22)

On 11 April 2001, AS Eesti Telefon signed a contract with AS Eniro Eesti for the sale of shares, based on which, AS Eesti Telefon sold to AS Eniro Eesti 60% of the shares of AS Teabeliin for the price of 43.5 million kroons. (See also note 23)

On 19 July 2001, an entry was made into the Commercial Register replacing the business name of a subsidiary of EMT, AS Tarvin, with AS Mobile Wholesale. The new field of activity for the subsidiary is the wholesale of mobile phones.

## 9. Investments in associates

	2001	2000
Cost of investments	26,216	20,216
Share of post-acquisition profit, net of dividends		
received	(8,276)	(2,367)
	17,940	17,849

Details of the Group's associates at 31 December 2001 are as follows:

	Country of	Ownersh	ip interest	Principal activity
	incorporation	2001	2000	
AS Intergate	Estonia	50%	50%	Venture capital investments into companies with innovative technologies
AS Sertifitseerimiskeskus	Estonia	50%	0%	Providing certification and related services Internet and data communication
Esdata AS	Estonia	30%	30%	services, VoiP long distance calls and equipment hosting services
OÜ Voicecom	Estonia	26%	26%	Designing and providing software for mobile related services

On 16 February 2001, AS Eesti Telefon, AS EMT and the two largest commercial banks in Estonia, AS Hansapank and AS Eesti Ühispank, concluded a contract for jointly establishing AS Sertifitseerimiskeskus. The firm will provide certification services based upon the existing official standards. Each of the partner firms is a 25% shareholder of AS Sertifitseerimiskeskus.

## 10. Other investments

	CONSOLIDATED		PARENT COMPANY	
	2001	2000	2001	2000
Non-current investments in other enterprises:				
AS Rocca al Mare Suurhall	2,700	1,200	1,200	1,200
AS Hansapank	48	48	-	-
Foundation Vaata Maailma	10	-	-	-
OY Mgine Technologies	-	7,823	-	-
	2,758	9,071	1,200	1,200

As of 31 December 2001 the Group owned 1,369 shares of AS Hansapank with a market value of 221 thousand kroons. Remaining investments are not quoted on any stock exchange, which makes it difficult to determine their market value.

	CONSOLIDATED		PARENT COMPANY	
	2001	2000	2001	2000
Movement in other investments:				
Opening balance	9,071	888	1,200	840
Additions	1,510	8,183	-	360
Impairments (-)	(7,823)	-	=	-
Closing balance	2,758	9,071	1,200	1,200

OY Mine Technologies acquired in 2000 was renamed in 2001 to OY Reach-U Solutions. As a result of the bankruptcy of OY Reach-U Solutions, the change in the value of the long-term investment is recorded as financial expense.

## 11. Trade and other receivables and other non-current assets

	CONSOLIDATED		PARENT (	COMPANY
	2001	2000	2001	2000
(a) Other non-current assets				
Intra-group receivables	=	-	325,108	355,037
Long-term receivables from associates	4,100	-	4,100	-
Other receivables	1,589	2,292	-	-
Long-term accounts receivables	77	-	-	-
	5,766	2,292	329,208	355,037
(b) Trade and other receivables				
Accounts receivable-trade	403,324	401,839	3	18
Intra-group receivables	-	-	186,160	201,442
Receivables from associated companies	517	376	74	-
Accrued income	99,242	57,517	467	1,251
Tax receivables	5,706	46,563	55	30,946
Other receivables	32,651	23,347	430	289
	541,440	529,642	187,189	233,946

## 12. Inventories

	CONSC	CONSOLIDATED		PARENT COMPANY	
	2001	2000	2001	2000	
Raw, materials and consumables	59,238	117,949	1	6	
Merchandise purchased for resale	36,261	27,983	-	-	
Advance payments to suppliers	7,719	3,025	-	8	
Work in progress	795	266	-	-	
	104,013	149,223	1	14	

In 2001, the inventories were written down in the total amount 6,000 thousand kroons based on the estimated decline of the realisation value below their acquisition cost.

## 13. Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents consist of cash on hand, balances with banks and short-term investments.

## 14. Finance lease receivables

## a) Finance lease receivables

	CO	CONSOLIDATED		
	2001	2000		
Gross investments in leases				
Within 1 year	-	360		
1-5 years	2,379	509		
Over 5 years	-	-		
Total	2,379	869		
Lease payment receivables				
Within 1 year	835	268		
1-5 years	403	40		
Over 5 years	-	-		
Total	1,238	308		

The interest income from the lease payments for the financial year was 168 thousand kroons and is recorded in the income statement under the heading "Other net financing items".

The interest rate of the financial lease agreements is 8 -15 %.

## b) Operating lease receivables

The cost and accumulated depreciation of assets leased under operating lease agreements is as follows:

	CONSOLIDATED					
	2001 2000					
	Acquisition cost	Accumulated depreciation	Acquisition cost	Accumulated depreciation		
Fixtures and IT equipment	1,684	478	1,121	188		

Depreciation and rental income under operating leases recognised during the financial year in the income statement is as follows:

	CONSOLIDATE	D
	2001	2000
Depreciation		
Fixtures and IT equipment	290	188
Rental income		
Fixtures and IT equipment	255	151

The Parent Company does not have any finance or operating lease agreement.

## 15. Capital and reserves

a) Issued capital

	CONSOLIDATED		PARENT COMPANY	
	2001	2000	2001	2000
Issued capital				
Ordinary shares par value 10.00 kroons per share, fully paid	137,383,178	137,383,178	137,383,178	137,383,178
Preference share par value 1,000.00 kroons per share, fully paid	1	1	1	1
	137,383,179	137,383,179	137,383,179	137,383,179

Non-cash payments have been made for 63,883,178 shares in the total value 890,651 thousand kroons.

The holders of ordinary shares are entitled to receive dividends as declared by the general meeting and are entitled to one vote per share at the general meetings of the shareholders of the parent company.

The company has issued one preference share. The holder of the preference share is entitled to a preference dividend of 10,000 kroons, and one vote at the shareholders' general meeting.

#### b) Reserves

Reserves include the capital reserve required by the Commercial Code. Subject to the approval of the general meeting, the reserve may be used for covering a loss, if the latter cannot be covered with unrestricted equity, and for increasing share capital. 12,421 thousand kroons were transferred to the legal reserve in 2001.

#### c) Dividends

Dividends in total amount of 755,617 thousand kroons were paid out in 2001. At the balance sheet date the Management Board proposed a dividend of 5.50 kroons per ordinary share (2000 year: 5.50 kroons, i. e. 1.50 kroons "extraordinary dividend") and 10,000 kroons per preference share (2000 year: 10,000 kroons). As the dividends have not been approved by the annual general meeting, they are not recognised as a liability.

#### d) Re-acquiring of shares

The Annual General Meeting, on 23 May 2001, authorised AS Eesti Telekom to acquire, within one year from the adoption of the resolution (i.e. until 23 May 2002) AS Eesti Telekom ordinary shares, so that the total nominal value of own shares held by AS Eesti Telekom would not exceed 1/20 of the share capital of AS Eesti Telekom, and that the price payable per share would not exceed the highest price paid for the ordinary shares of AS Eesti Telekom on the Tallinn Stock Exchange on the day of acquiring the shares. AS Eesti Telekom has to pay for the shares from the company's assets in excess of its share capital, reserve capital, and share premium. The amount of shares to be acquired each time shall be determined on each occasion separately by a resolution of AS Eesti Telekom's Supervisory Council. As of 31 December 2001, no shares have been re-acquired by AS Eesti Telekom.

#### e) Employees' share option

Information is presented in the Note 18.

#### f) Earnings per share

Basic earnings per share (in kroons) have been calculated as follows:

EEK 5.67 = (778,935,000 - 10,000): 137,383,178

In view of the fact that in 2001 the average price of the shares of AS Eesti Telekom at the Estonian Central Depository for Securities was 69.01 kroons, the options relating to the bonds do not have a dilutive effect and diluted earnings per share equal basic earnings per share.

# 16. Interest-bearing loans and borrowings

		CONSOLIDATED		PARENT COMPANY	
	Note	2001	2000	2001	2000
(a) Non-current					
Bank loans (secured) Non-convertible long-term	17 (a, b)	23,273	167,060	-	-
debt	17 (c)	25,388	33,918	-	-
Convertible bonds	18	454	-	454	-
		49,115	200,978	454	-

In line with the changes in the management and funding of the Group's current assets and with a view to reducing financial expenses, the Group settled long-term debt of 64,550 thousand kroons in advance.

Non-convertible long-term debt includes pension liabilities of 8,330 thousand kroons.

		CONSOLIDATED		PARENT COMPANY	
	Note	2001	2000	2001	2000
(b) Current  Bank loans - current portion (secured)	17 (a, b)	79,238	40,489	-	-
Unsecured debt	17 (c, d)	8,928	104,274	-	97,125
Finance lease liability	20 (b)	-	16,629	-	
		88,166	161,392	-	97,125

## 17. Details of loans

The details of the Group's loans are as follows:

		Interest	Interest		LIDATED	PARENT COMPAN	
		Rate	Note	2001	2000	2001	2000
(a) Bank	loans with	fixed interest		55,965	64,575	-	
incl. EUR	loans	7.50%		55,965	64,575	-	-
(b) Bank loans with floating interest 6 months'			46,546	142,974	-	-	
incl. EUR	loans	EURIBOR+0.55% 6 months'		46,546	69,817	-	-
EUR	loans	EURIBOR+0.48%	_	-	73,157	-	
				102,511	207,549	-	-
Less:	Current porti	on of bank loans	16 (b)	(79,238)	(40,489)	-	-
Non-current portion of bank loans 1		16 (a)	23,273	167,060	-		

On 18 January 2001, AS Eesti Telekom entered into borrowing agreement with a syndicate of international banks for raising 40 million Euro debt. The maturity date of the loan is 5 years and the annual interest rate is Euribor+0,775%. The syndicate consists of Bankgeselleschaft Berlin AG, the Dailchi Kangyo Bank Ltd, Landesbank Schleswig Holstein Girozentrale, Leonia Bank plc, Swedbank and AS Hansapank. As of 30 December 2001 the loan has not been drawn down.

#### (c) Non-convertible long-term debt

		Interest		CONSO	IDATED PA	PARENT COMPANY	
		Rate	Note	2001	2000	2001	2000
SEK (v	with floating interest)	K1+margin. *)		25,330	31,485	-	
Pensio	n liability	-		8,960	9,582	-	-
Factori	ing			26	_	-	-
				34,316	41,067	-	-
Less:	ess: Current portion of nonconvertible long- term debt		16 (b)	(8,928)	(7,149)	-	-
Non-convertible long-term debt		16 (a)	25,388	33,918	-	-	

<sup>\*)</sup> K1 is the interest rate for the highest-grade clients on the Stockholm interbank market.

## (d) Non-convertible short-term debt

	Interest		CONSO	LIDATED P	ARENT CO	MPANY
	rate	Note	2001	2000	2001	2000
Bonds issued	6.10%	16 (b)	-	97,125	-	97,125

In July 2000 AS Eesti Telekom issued 100,000 bonds with a par value of 1,000 kroons and an interest rate of 6.1 percent per annum. The redemption date of the bonds was 20 July 2001.

#### (e) Repayment of bank loans and non-convertible long-term debt

	CON	SOLIDATED
	Bank loans	Non-convertible long term debt
2002	79,238	8,928
2003	23,273	7,818
2004	-	8,438
2005	-	2,692
2006	-	630
Thereafter	-	5,810
Total	102,511	34,316

#### 18. Convertible bonds

## Employees' share option

At the beginning of 2001, Eesti Telekom group launched a new motivation system for its employees. As a part of the system, AS Eesti Telekom issued bonds with the issue price of 10 kroons per bond. The bonds are accompanied by an option that allows the holder to exchange them for the parent company's ordinary shares either in spring 2003 (A series) or in spring 2004 (B series). The subscription price of the shares is 90.62 kroons.

From 18 December 2000 until 5 January 2001, 144 employees of the Group subscribed 20,750 A series bonds and 20,750 B series bonds during the primary subscription. The Management Board of AS Eesti Telekom approved all subscription applications. By 31 December 2001, bonds had been bought back from the employees who had left the Group and re-issued to newly hired managerial personnel. As of 31 December, 21,250 A series and 21,250 B series bonds had been issued, which can be exchanged for 212,500 AS Eesti Telekom ordinary share in 2003 and for 212,500 AS Eesti Telekom ordinary shares in 2004, respectively.

Each bond shall bear interest on its nominal amount at the rate of 7 % per annum.

	COI	NSOLIDATED	PARE	PARENT COMPANY		
	2001	2000	2001	2000		
Nominal value of convertible loan bonds						
issued	425	-	425	-		
Interest charged	29	-	29	<u>-</u>		
	454	-	454	_		

# 19. Trade and other payables

	CONSOLIDATED		PARENT	COMPANY
	2001	2000	2001	2000
Current liabilities				
Accounts payable-trade	260,932	362,146	874	398
Intra-group payables	-	-	763	1,498
Customer prepayments for				
goods and services	9,237	6,619	-	-
Taxes payable	32,697	24,746	354	565
Accrued expenses	152,644	204,673	1,466	1,366
Other payables	17,650	14,457	-	-
Other prepaid revenue	10,350	44,274	-	-
	483,510	656,915	3,457	3,827

# 20. Finance and operating lease

	CONSC	DLIDATED	PARENT	COMPANY
	2001	2000	2001	2000
(a) Operating lease payments				
Minimum lease payments under non- cancellable operating leases, not provided for:				
- not later than in one year	37,657	17,606	-	_
- between one and two years	32,355	11,755	-	-
- between two and three years	23,558	4,990	-	-
- between three and four years	10,184	99	-	-
- between four and five years	793	-	-	-
	104,547	34,450	-	-
	CONSO	LIDATED	PARENT C	OMPANY
	2001	2000	2001	2000
(b) Finance lease payments				
Finance lease payments, both principal and interest charge, are payable as follows:				
- not later than one year	-	17,185	-	-
	-	17,185	-	_
Less: Interest charge	-	(556)	-	_
Current portion of finance lease liability	-	16,629	-	<u>-</u>

#### 21. Financial instruments

Financial assets of the Group include cash, marketable securities and trade receivables. Financial liabilities include loans and borrowings and trade payables. Accounting policies for financial assets and liabilities are set out in note 1. One of the Group companies has entered into foreign exchange swap transactions to hedge exposures that arise with respect to loans.

At the beginning of 2000 the bank accounts of AS Eesti Telekom, AS Eesti Telefon and AS EMT were combined into a group account both at AS Hansapank and AS Eesti Ühispank. The purpose of the combination was to improve the management of current assets. The group account will also be used for funding the subsidiaries.

Group funding and current asset and financial risk management are the responsibilities of the Treasury Department who fulfils its obligations in accordance with the rules approved by the Supervisory Board of AS Eesti Telekom.

#### (a) Interest rate risk

The interest rates and repayment terms of the Group's loans are disclosed in note 17 in the financial statements.

## (b) Credit risk

Credit risk represents the accounting loss that would be recognised at the reporting date if counter parties failed to perform as contracted. The Group does not have significant exposure to any individual customer or counter party. To reduce exposure to credit risk, the Group performs ongoing customer performance evaluations. The Group invests available cash with reliable Estonian banks. The management does not expect the customers to fail to meet their obligations.

The Group keeps its free monetary assets and conducts currency swap and forward transactions with Estonian banks, which have at least a Baa 1 credit rating, and foreign banks, which have at least an A2 credit rating.

#### (c) Fair value

The fair values of cash, trade payables, loans and borrowings are not materially different from their carrying amounts.

## (d) Foreign exchange hedge instruments

To hedge the currency risk arising from liabilities denominated in foreign currencies, one of the group companies has concluded currency swap transactions and the Group's group account includes foreign currency assets.

The swap contracts valid at 31 December 2001 amounted to EUR 13,7 million.

	COI	NSOLIDATED	PARENT	PARENT COMPANY		
	2001	2000	2001	2000		
Foreign currency swap transactions	346,563	289,471	92,176			
Unrealised gains	2,263	2,620	(27)	-		

# 22. Acquisition of subsidiaries

In February 2001, AS Esmofon acquired additional 32% of AS Esmofon Tartu shares becoming 100% shareholder of AS Esmofon Tartu.

In 2001, AS Eesti Telefon repaid a debt related to acquisition of 30% ownership in AS Telefonipood in December 2000.

The effect of the acquisition on changes in goodwill and cash flow in 2001:

		2001		2000
		AS Esmofon	AS Telefoni-	AS Telefonipood
	Note	Tartu (32%)	pood	(30%)
Fixed assets		404	-	399
Inventories		380	-	2,788
Trade receivables		131	-	2,844
Other receivables		159	-	188
Cash and bank accounts		944	-	1,114
Short-time liabilities		(402)	-	(3,004)
Minority interest in current year				
before acquisition		(41)	-	
Net identifiable assets and liabilities		1,575	-	4,329
Adjustment for additional purchase				
price		2,625	-	10,705
Goodwill total	7	2,625	-	10,705
Total purchase price		4,200	-	15,034
Unpaid in the current year		-	-	(10,286)
Settlement of purchase liability		-	10,286	7,252
Net cash outflow		4,200	10,286	12,000

## 23. Disposal of subsidiary

On 11 April 2001, AS Eesti Telefon signed a contract with AS Eniro Eesti for the sale of shares, based on which, AS Eesti Telefon sold to AS Eniro Eesti 60% of the shares of AS Teabeliin for the price of 43.5 million kroons.

The main field of activities of AS Teabeliin was providing information on phone numbers by phone.

The disposal was completed on 30 April 2001, on which date control of AS Eesti Teabeliin passed to the acquirer.

The net assets of AS Teabeliin at the date of disposal and at 31 December 2000 were as follows:

	30 April 2001	31 December 2000
Property, plant and equipment	4,812	4,870
Trade receivables	1,775	1,796
Other receivables	1,693	1,555
Cash and bank balances	12,469	11,481
Short-term payables	(2,812)	(3,061)
Net identifiable assets and liabilities	17,937	16,641
AS Eesti Telefon 60% interest	10,762	
Gain on disposal	32,738	
Total consideration	43,500	
Satisfied in:		
Cash	43,500	
Net cash inflow arising on disposal:		
Cash consideration	43,500	

# 24. Related parties

	CONSOLIDATED		PARENT COMPANY	
	2001	2000	2001	2000
(a) Directors and executive officers				
The total remuneration of directors and officers is as follows:	6,661	8,054	3,262	4,680

	CONSOLIDATED		PARENT COMPANY	
	2001	2000	2001	2000
(b) Telecommunication services provided				
Sonera Ltd	66,215	77,532	-	-
Telia AB	31,273	25,576	-	-
Esdata AS	3,515	3,770	-	-
Intergate AS	77	-	-	-
Sertifitseerimiskeskuse AS	157	-	-	-
Voicecom OÜ	93	105	-	-
AdvokaadibürooTark & Co	355	379	-	-
(c) Other sales				
Telia AB	-	5	-	-
AS Eesti Telefon	-	-	71	167
AS EMT	-	-	140	94
Sertifitseerimiskeskuse AS	37	-	-	-
Voicecom OÜ	1	1	-	-
AdvokaadibürooTark & Co	16	22	-	-
(d) Telecommunication services purchased				
Sonera Ltd	37,965	32,614	-	-
Telia AB	31,880	27,604	-	-
AS Eesti Telefon	-	-	243	269
AS EMT	-	-	262	239
AS Esmofon	-	-	1	24
Esdata AS	274	269	120	125
Voicecom OÜ	2,642	667	-	-
(e) Other services purchased				
Sonera Ltd	5,180	4,308		19
Telia AB	1,756	3,744		-
Baltic Tele AB	1,579	1,037		-
Esdata AS	-	4		-
Voicecom OÜ	275	-	-	-
AdvokaadibürooTark & Co	1,382	2,128	127	228
(f) Financial income				
AS Eesti Telefon	-	-	26,145	19,647
AS EMT	-	-	576	-
AS Mobile Wholesale	-	-	46	-
Sertifitseerimiskeskuse AS	74	-	74	-

Transactions with related parties were conducted under market terms.

## 25. Contingencies

The Competition Board appealed to a higher court in respect of the judgment passed by the Tallinn Administrative Court on 17 of January 2002, by which the decision of the Competition Board was cancelled upon the petition of AS Eesti Telefon, subsidiary of AS Eesti Telekom.

On 24 April 2001, the Competition Board issued a decision, based on the Competition Act, prohibiting AS Eesti Telefon to implement a per-minute price of 34 cents at peak time, 28 cents at off-peak time and at 14 cents at night for voice calls in its network. The Competition Board obliged AS Eesti Telefon to implement a price lower than the tariffs established since April 2001. Pursuant to the Competition Act, a fine in the amount of up to 5% of the net sales for the year preceding the decision to impose a fine can be imposed for the abuse of a dominant position.

AS Eesti Telefon is of the opinion that the basic price between 14 and 34 cents for calls within the network is cost-based. Therefore, AS Eesti Telefon disagreed with the decision of the Competition Board and contested the decision at the Tallinn Administrative Court on 23 May 2001. The Tallinn Administrative Court satisfied the complaint of AS Eesti Telefon and cancelled the decision of the Competition Board of 17 of January 2002.

#### Guarantees

-				
	CONSOLIDATED		PARENT COMPANY	
	2001	2000	2001	2000
Guarantees granted to				
employees	300	807	200	200
Guarantees granted to AS				
Hansapank for JSC Lithuanian				
Railways*)	1,565	=	-	-

Note: \*) Guarantees agreement will be expire on 17 February 2002.

#### Contingent income tax liability

Under the Income Tax Act, which became effective on 1 January 2000, dividends distributed to individuals and non-residents are subject to income tax at the rate of 26/74. The income tax payable on dividends may be reduced by the income tax paid on the undistributed profits of 1994-1999 and the income tax paid on the undistributed profits of 1994-1999 that has been transferred by the subsidiaries.

Dividends can be distributed from undistributed profits. If AS Eesti Telekom distributed all of its unrestricted equity at the shareholder structure, formed during years, there would arise an income tax liability of 293 million kroons. The Management Board has proposed that 755,617 thousand kroons be distributed as dividends. The proposal has to be approved by the general meeting of shareholders. At the shareholder structure, formed during years, and taking into consideration the requirements of the Income Tax Act, the distribution would cause income tax liability 93,325 thousand kroons.

#### 26. Events after the balance sheet date

AS Eesti Telefon, a 100%-owned subsidiary of AS Eesti Telekom, has decided to sell a minority interest in 100% owned AS Connecto. The purpose of the sale is to find a strategic partner for the subsidiary who would accelerate expansion of AS Connecto into other Baltic states. AS Eesti Telefon will maintain its control over operations of the company. Management of AS Eesti Telefon has chosen AS LHV to act as financial advisor of the sale. AS Connecto, which is fully owned by AS Eesti Telekom's 100%-owned subsidiary AS Eesti Telefon, acquired on 11 February 2002 all of the shares of network construction company SIA Link, which operates in Latvia.

In accordance with the purchase and sale agreement, AS Connecto purchased 100 % of the shares of SIA Link from SIA Fortech, which belongs to the MicroLink Group. With the purchase of SIA Link, AS Connecto intends to expand its strategic activities, i.e. the construction line networks, radio networks and internal networks, to the other Baltic States. SIA Link was founded on 28 September 2000, and is involved mainly with the construction of indoor and wireless exterior connections. SIA Link has 20 employees and the company's annual turnover total roughly 10 million kroons (639,000 euros).

# 27. Employees

The average number of employees during 2001 was 2,673 and during 2000 the number of employees was 3,029.

# 28. Ultimate parent of the Group

The ultimate parent of the Group is AS Eesti Telekom, situated at Roosikrantsi str 2, 10119 Tallinn, Estonia.

## INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Management Board and Shareholders of AS Eesti Telekom:

We have audited the accompanying consolidated balance sheet of AS Eesti Telekom and subsidiaries ("the Group") as of 31 December 2001, and the related consolidated statements of income, cash flows and changes in equity of the Group for the year then ended. These financial statements are the responsibility of AS Eesti Telekom's management. The consolidated financial statements of the Group as of 31 December 2000, were audited by another auditor whose report dated 28 February 2001, expressed an unqualified opinion on those statements.

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion the consolidated financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Group as of 31 December 2001, and the results of their operations, cash flows and changes in equity for the year then ended, in accordance with International Accounting Standards.

Deloitte & Touche Tallinn, Estonia 24 April 2002 Villu Vaino Certified auditor